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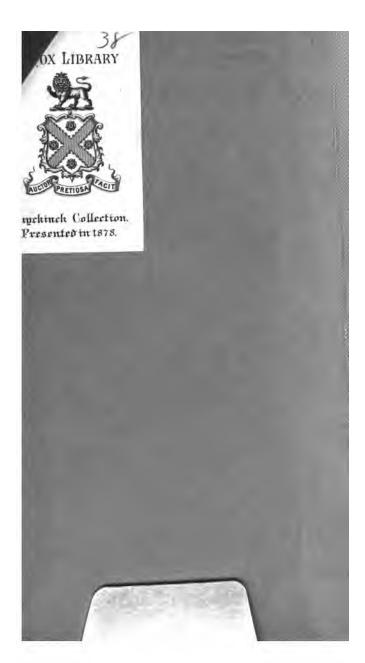
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THE

PROCESS AND EMPIRE

OF

CHRIST;

FROM HIS BIRTH

TO THE END OF

THE MEDIATORIAL KINGDOM;

. A POEM,

IN TWELVE BOOKS.

By ELHANAN WINCHESTER.

BRATTLEBORO

PRINTED BY WILLIAM FESSENDEN.

1805.





TO THE READER.

THROUGH the good hand of God upon me I have at length completed this poem, which I beg leave to present to you. I first began to plan it out and write it on the 26th of February 1787, the day after I had preached a sermon from Zech. xiv. 9. I found my heart so warmed with the glorious subject, the kingdom of Christ, on which I had been preaching, that I found an inclination to write upon it; and I immediately took up my pen, and wrote the plan of this poem as it now stands. I had finished three books, and written a considerable part of the fourth, when we came to England, September 21, 1787.

About the beginning of the year 1788, I read the four first books to a few friends in the Chapel, Chapel-court, Borough, and I return my sincere and hearty thanks to those who attended the reading, for the support and encouragement which they gave me on that occasion. About this time I planned out my Lectures on the Prophecies, which I began to deliver the beginning of February 1783 in the same place. Since which they have been delivered a second time, and

published in four volumes oftavo.

When I first began this poem, I was ready to imagine it to be the labor of some years; but experience corrects our mistakes. I am now convinced that the whole of it might have been easily written in much less than a quarter of one year; and as a proof of what I say, I can affare the Reader, that the whole of the ninth book was written in the leisure hours of fix days, between Monday morning and Saturday evening, in one week last winter. I have however great reason to bless God, that in the middle of many labors and instructions, and after many delays, he has enabled me to finish it; and hath preserved my life to see it published. I return my thanks to the subscribers who have encour-

aged this publication, and by whose favor it now sees the light. I trust in their friendship and candor to excuse any defects they may see in the execution, as I have never copied it off from the first draught, and have made but a very few alterations fince it was first written. Nouher has it had the friendly affiftance of any other hand; fo that I only am answerable for all its faults. The subject is indeed the grandest and most extensive that can be imagined; and the delight I have had in the labor has been great; but I must confess the execution is far beneath the defign. But such as it is, with all its defects, I venture it into the world, and commit it to the bleffing and protection of Providence, the candor of my friends, and the generofity of the Public, and subscribe myself, a well wisher to all the human race.

ELHANAN WINCHESTER.

London, January 12, 1793.

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THE PROCESS

AND

EMPIRE OF CHRIST,

AN

HEROIC POEM.

BOOK I.

Containing the Plan of the whole, and the History of his Birth, Baptism, Fasting, and Temptations; with some account of his Detrine and Miracles. Comprehending the time from his birth till the clipe of his ministry.

WHILE others fing the monarchs of the globe,
Their feats in war, their courage, strength, and skill,
I fing the rising Empire of my Lord,
The Kingdom of the Babe in Bethlehem born:
Whose birth was sung by angels, and foretold
By prophets, who partook of heavinly fire.
Tremendous theme indeed! august! immense!
But God can teach the humblest minds to soan;
Can send prosperity to one like me,
Unskill'd in epic muse, and teach my pen

OI

To paint Mesliah's triumphs o'er his foes; The glories of his peaceful reign describe. Can lead my thoughts his Process to pursue, From heav'n's bright court down to this lower world, And through the various labors of his life, · And the dire scene of suff'rings which he bore, The scriptures to fulfil, and men to save : Then to thy gloomy regions, tyrant death, And through the gates and bars of hell's domain, To preach the gospel to the pris'ners there, Taking the mighty's captives for his spoil: Thus spoiling principalities and pow'rs. Then crown'd with wreaths of vict'ry fairly won, Immortal garland; laurels richly earn'd! He rose triumphant over death and hell, 25 And lives for ever, holds the keys of both: And was declared the Son of God with pow'r. From earth he did ascend to highest heaven's, Having descended first to worlds beneath. Enthron'd above he fits at God's right hand, 30 And makes perpetual intercession there, Till that great day, long waited for, shall come, When he with glory crown'd, and cloath'd with zeal, Shall to the earth defcend, destroy his foes. Then Jacob's tribes returned to their land, 35. Shall own him Lord, and King on David's throne. Then Satan bound in the abyss confin'd, Shall vex the faints no more, no more deceive The nations of the earth, until fulfill'd

Shall be the period of a thousand years.

40



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There the feventh angel shall his trumpet found, And ev'ry kingdom shall become the Lord's: The nations that refuse shall be destroy'd. Tefus shall judge all people, and shall rule All nations by the laws of righteoufness; Shall take the curse from earth, and bless mankind With greater blessings than their Father lost. That age (surpassing far the golden age Which ancient poets feign'd in days of yore) Approaches fast, and shall ere long arrive, 50 When the Messiah for a thousand years, Shall wield in peace the sceptre of the world; And his beloved faints with him shall reign, Upon his throne, as royal priests and kings. Throughout those halcyon days no wars shall rise, 55 No earthquakes roar, nor famine, plague, or storm, Shall desolate the earth; no child shall die In the first stage of life. All deadly hate Shall cease among the globe's inhabitants: Man shall not vex his neighbor, nor the beasts 60 Make war upon each other, less on man: All shall be love, and peace, and harmony; Man to longevity again restor'd, Shall fee his feed for ages unimpair'd; And shall enjoy the labor of his hands: 65 And all shall know and worship God the LORD. But farther: God can fo direct my mind, That I shall fing, what never poet fang; The prince of darkness loos'd once more set free A little season to deceive mankind. 70

Shall I, who never gain'd Parnassian heights, Nor bath'd in Helicon's harmonious fpring, On whom the stars propitious never fmil'd, And whom the muses never deign'd to bless With their poetic fire-shall I attempt 135 A theme so losty, and a song so grand? But help me God of nature, God of grace, Or here I stop; and can no farther go. The pow'r is thine, and if thou wilt employ My weak unletter'd pen, and grant success 140 To my endeavors, and enable me To write in fuch a manner as may please Not men alone; but thee, the judge of all; Then this production, howfoever weak, Shall stand a witness of thy love to man, 145 And of my love to thee, my Savior dear. Be this my happiness, inspir'd by thee, Thy Process, and thy glorious Reign to sing. My trust is in thy name, thy Spirit's aid Is all I ask, these wonders to unfold. 150. First we begin with our Immanuel's birth; He, by whose pow'rful hands all worlds were made,

The Son of God comes down to dwell with men; And all supported by his mighty word; He laid his glory and his riches by, 155 And left the lofty heav'ns of his abode: And taking flesh, became a tenant here. This mystery so great demands our song. Ye angels, principalities and pow'rs,

27, how ye wonder'd w hen ye faw him born, 160



A helpless babe! fruit of the virgin's womb! And fruit of ancient promife, long foretold ! Seed of the woman! born to bruise the head Of him, who ruin'd all the human race. The virgin's child, Immanuel, God with us, 165 Born in a stable, in a manger laid, Our flesh affuming in its meanest state Of fcorn'd poverty, and fervitude.

1

But oh! the tidings to the shepherds told, Who watch'd their flock's by night on Bethlehem's Is worthy of remembrance evermore! [plains, 170 Fear not, O shepherds, joyful news I bring; Glad tidings of great joy, to all mankind; To you is born, this day, in David's town. A Savior, Christ, both David's Son and Lord! 175 Go to the stable, there this infant view; Adore your God, though in a manger laid, And meanly wrapp'd in coarfest swaddling clothes. Scarce had the angel told the joyful news, (Surrounded with the glory of the Lord) 180 Than fuddenly appeared a radiant band, Compos'd of Heav'ns Celeftial chorifters, Who praise the great JEH JVAH night and day. And loud responsive sound his awful name. These, all inslam'd with pure seraphic fire, Broke for h in raptures, thus expressing praise: Glory to God, in highest strains be paid, Peace be on earth, good will from II av n to men.

The thepherds heard, and wond ring came, to pry Their homage at the Poyal Stranger's feet.

They faw the Mother, with the heav'nly Babe,	
The Lord of Angel's, in a woman's arms.	
Hail, highly favor'd Virgin-mother, hail!	
O happy thou, to bear the promis'd feed!	
Thy name, O Woman, through long ages curs'd	195
And oft derided as the fource of ill,	
Shall now be bless'd a thousand ages hence,	
Since Prince IMMANUEL was of woman made.	
Oh, how is human nature magnify'd	
By this supendous act of boundless love!	200
This theme might long employ the noblest muse	,
But I must hasten; much remains to sing.	
When eight days were accomplish'd, Jesus felt	
The circumcifing knife, and shed his blood.	
Soon he began to suffer in the flesh!	205
How dear it cost him to redeem mankind!	•
His name was called JESUS; glorious name!	
Above all names shall this distinguish'd stand;	
And ev'ry knee shall bow therein at last.	
The word a Mighty Savior fignifies:	210
And he shall fave his people from their fins;	
So Gabriel spake; and Jesus shall fulfil,	
By price and pow'r; he's mighty to perform.	
When forty days had pass'd, a moving scene	
Took place within the Temple's facred walls;	215
Which, ere I farther pass, I must relate.	
Jesus was carry'd in his mother's arms,	
To be presented to the Lord of Hosts,	
According to the Law by Moses giv'n,	
hat every first-horn male should be devote	22



1.3

As holy to the Lord; to offer there Two turtle doves, or harmless pigeons young; For she was poor and could not bring a lamb. Long had Old Simeon, just, devout, and good, Been waiting for this day, with longing heart: For by the Holy Ghost it was reveal'd, That Death should never close his longing eyes. Until he should behold the Christ of God. Methinks I fee the aged, pious man, Take in his wither d arms the heav nly Babe, Whi e tears of joy run donn his furrow'd cheeks. Come, hear his dying fong, and learn to feel The rapt'rous language of his heart and lips. Lord, now thy word's fulfill d, let me depart; I go in peace; my foul is fatisfy d; 235 Because mine eyes have thy salvation seen, Which thou before all people hast prepar'd; To be a light to Gentiles blinded long, And glory to thy fervant Ifrael's race. Ogrant dear Savior, that our longing eyes 240 May see thee come to reign, before we sleep: But if our flesh must drop into the dust, Before our Jesus shall return to reign; One favor, Lord, we most earnestly beg: In this, we must not-cannot be deny'd; 245 O never let our eyes be clos'd in death, 'Till we are made acquainted with our God, And have, by faith, beheld the bleeding Lamb, And are, by grace, deliver'd from our firs. Like Simeon, may our fouls depart in peace ! -

14 The Process and Empire of Christ. [Book I.

Just as the good old man had clos'd his fong, An aged widow came that instant in; Full fourscore years and four she had remain'd Within the facred place; had ferv'd the Lord With fastings, and with pray'rs, both night and day-; And waited long the Savior to behold, Whom now she saw and greatly did rejoice: Gave public thanks, and spake of him to all Who look'd and waited for redemption there. 'Ye holy widows, who are waiting now 260 For Jesus' second coming, view him near! Behold, the figns and tokens plainly shew The great expected day is at the door. Prepare to meet your God; prepare, prepare. This generation shall not pais, perhaps, 265 Until that grand event shall be fulfill'd, Of which I have propos'd, ere long, to fing, Unless the icy hand of Death prevent. Fain would I live to see my Savior come; But, not my will be done, but thine, O Lord. The infancy of Him now let us trace, The Sinner's Friend, and Savior of mankind! When one full year was past, from Jesus' birth, Before the fecond had fulfill'd its round, The eastern fages, by a wond'rous star, 275 Were mov'd, and led to feek the new-born King; And coming to Jerusalem, enquir'd Where they might find the heir of David's throne? In that fam'd city regn'd a man of blood, 230 ifty, fevere, proud, cruel, jealous, fierce,



15

Full of refentment; swoln with envious spite. Hater of Judah's race of kings and priests. Born of Idumean blood. He gain'd the throne (Supported by the pow'r of hostile Rome) By feats of arms, too cruel to rehearse; 285 (His cruel nature foon must be expos'd) He heard, with inward rage, and troubled mind, The strict enquiries for the new-born Prince; ·But his malicious purpose so disguis'd, As might deceive the wifest of mankind. 290 He gath ring all the scribes, and priests, demands Where Christ, the great Messiah, should be born? In Bethlehem's city, all at once agreed; As Micah long before had prophely'd. O famous city! now we clearly fee 295 What God hath spoken-cannot, will not, fail; No, not the smallest tittle shall be lost. When Mary first conceiv'd this holy child, She dwelt in Naz'reth's city, far remote; But as he must be born in Bethlehem's town, The great Augustus must his subjects count, And put the tribes in motion to repair Each to their native place, to be enroll'd: That so, the Virgin, mother of our Lord, Attending Joseph in his journeying home, 305 Might thither come before the time arriv'd, When Christ, the King of Glory, should be born. But, to return. When crafty Herod gain'd The knowledge of the facred prophecy, Which inly he presum'd to overthrow; 310 .16

He fent the eastern Magi on the way,
To find the object of their grand pursuit,
Desiring them, to bring him word again.
That he might follow, and obedience pay;
Though nothing less was in his cruel thoughts. 315
The Prince he wish'd to see; but 'twas to kill.

But God, who saw the malice of his heart,
Sent home the wise men safe another way.
When they had seen, ador'd, and honor'd him,
Whom long they sought, and much rejoic'd to see. 32.
While Joseph, warn'd by friendly angel, sled,
With his lov'd charge, to Egypt's land, in peace.
So Heav'nly Wisdom bassled the designs
Of him who sought the Savior to destroy.

But now I fing the babes of Bethlehem,

By Herod's curse decree condemn'd to die;

And lest the dreaded infant should escape,

(The facred object of his jealous rage)

The cruel-hearted tyrant spared none.

What shrieks, and dying groans torment the ear! 333

While mothers mourn their sons untimely slain!

Ye weeping mothers, hear the voice of God;

Refrain your voice from crying, dry your eyes,

Your work shall be rewarded, saith the Lord;

Your children from the land of death shall come, 335

Shall rise to glorious immortality,

And reign with him for whom they suffer'd here!

I haste from fields of blood, and slaughter'd heaps
Of mangled infants, slain by cruel hands;
And now return to Jesus, precious babe!



17

To Egypt he descends, that God might call

His Son from thence, as Jacob's tribes, of old,

Were call'd and led by his Almighty hand.

What happen'd there, while Christ in Mizraim dwelt,

Who can pretend to say? Some tell indeed, 345

That Egypt's idols at his presence fell,

And all their lying oracles were dumb.

His small expences were provided for

By those enlighten'd Magi's gifts, of gold,

Frankincence, myrth, which they bestow'd on him.

But when the bloody tyrant had receiv'd The awful fummons to refign his breath, The angel of the Lord convey'd the news To Joseph, and invited his return To Ifrael's land; to which he bent his course. But, hearing of the reign of Archelaus, He feared to return to Judah's land: But being warn'd of God, he turn'd aside, And dwelt in Nazareth of Galilee. But there, how private! how remote from view 36. Dwelt God's belov'd Son, in human form! No more we read of him, till he arriv'd At near twelve years of age; a lovely youth! Then he, with Joseph, and with Mary, went To Zion's temple, at the pafchal feaft, 365 According to the law by God ordain'd, That all the males should worship thrice a year. And pay their homage at his facred dome.

When once the feast was over, they return'd;

But Jesus stay'd behind. I hey knew it not. 250

But when they stopp'd at night, and mis'd the child. Who can describe their grief and deep concern? Let mothers guess, whose children, sent abroad, Return not home at the appointed time; Dark night comes on, and still notidings heard Of their fond darlings: How a thousand fears Rush through their tender hearts! they find no rest. So far'd the bleffed Virgin, when she found That she had lost her Son! Oh, how she wept! No farther did she journey! but, with haste, 380 Returning back with J Leph, fought him there, For whom they griev'd; and fought him not in vain-They found him in the Temple, well employ'd, Surrounded by the doctors of the law. His weighty questions puzzled all their skill: 385 And all that heard his answers were amaz'd At fuch unbounded wisdom in a youth. Children, remember, Jefus once was young; But oh, how wife, how perfect was his heart! Remember now your Savior, him obey; 39 And he will make you wife, and fill your minds With heavinly treasures, everlasting good ! Joseph and Mary were surpriz'd. Why hast thou ferv'd us thus: didst thou not think • That I, thy mother, with thy father dear, Would feek the forrowing, and never scale, Until we found thee? Wherefore didft thou thus Absent thyself from us, thy only friends? To which he answer'd; Why, did you not know,

That I my Father's business must perform? \ 400



19

But they this faying could not comprehend.
Then he with them return'd to Nazareth,
And yielded strict obedience to their will.
O, what a bright example Christ did set!
How happy they who follow him in this!—
Honor thy father, and thy mother love,
Obey their precepts, and thy days prolong.
He saith, who can his promises perform.

We hear no more of Christ for eighteen years.

Here stop, and make a solemn, awful pause—410
Oh, what humility! that he, the Lord,
Who had created heav'n, and form'd the earth,
And with his glory fill'd them; Bould reside.

Near thirty years on earth, almost unknown!
Nay, with his blessed hands should labor hard, 415
To gain a scanty livelihood; who might
Have summon'd all the treasures of the globe
To minister to his necessities!

But now events of greatest magnitude
Claim our attention, and exalt my theme.

And first I speak of that important day,
When Jesus on the bank of Jordan stood;
Was there beheld by his forerunner John;
Who seem'd unwilling to baptise his Lord,
Because he held himself inferior, far,
To him who honor'd baptism's mystic rite.
When by the hands of John, our Lord and King
Was plung'd beneath the wave; forthwith he rose!
When lo, surprising prodigy! the heav'ns
Vere open'd, and the Father's voice was heard; 430

Thou art my Son, my well-beloved Son; In thee I'm pleas'd, in thee I am well pleas'd. Descending from the heav'ns, the Holy Ghost, Dove-like, alights upon his facred head. He, doubly thus baptiz'd, is drawn away 435 Into the lonely, howling wilderness; Where forty days of fore temptation, proves - Him more than conquer'r: Thus exceeding, far, The most renown'd of all the human race. He under ev'ry disadvantage stood, 440-And fairly drove the Tempter from the field. Tho' hungry, thirsty, weary, and alone, Temptations preffing him on ev'ry fide, And tho' the mighty Prince of darkness came, Arm'd with his utmost subtlety and rage, And try'd the greatest feats that hell could boast; The Savior foil'd him, to his deep difgrace.

Oh, what a scene was here! Come, tempted soul, Come, view thy Savior, in this conslict dire:

He is thy pattern, shield, and great reward.— 450

If thou'rt the Son of God, the Tempter said.

(O, what an impious IF was there propos'd!)

Command these stones to change, and bread become.

To which the Savior instantly reply'd—

'Tis wrote, Man shall not live by bread alone; 455

But by the pow'rful words Jehovah speaks.

Then Satan, soil'd, another method tries.

He brings the Savior to Jerusalem;

(The lamb was carry'd in the lion's paws!

Amazing thought! was Jesus thus convey'd?) 460



21

Upon the Temple's walls, their highest spire, He places him; and thus the arch fiend spake -' If thou'rt the Son of God-now try the point-Cast down thyself, and trust angelic aid: · 'lis written, They shall bear thee in their hands, 465 Lest thou should dash thy foot against a stone. Thus Satan uses Scripturc-and by halves, Because the whole subserves not his designs. .But now the Master of Assemblies speaks; (His words shall make thy daring courage cool:) 470 'Iis wrote, Thou shalt not tempt the Lord thy God. Why then expose ourselves to needless ills? Can we expect to be preserv'd, unhurt, Who madly rush, uncall'd to danger's brink?-The Devil, baffled, and confounded, tries 475 His last device to shake Salvation's Rock; But finds the stone of Israel fix'd too firm, To be uprooted by his flatt'ring breath. Oh, that our fouls fo firm could always stand! Then fiends might tempt, and hell affault in vain. 480

He takes the Savior to a mountain's top,
From whence he shew'd him all this lower world,
And all the glorious things below the moon;
Then, with an impudence as black as hell,
He proudly said—All this is giv'n to me:
'Tis mine: I can bestow it where I please.
If thou wilt own me as thy lord and king,
And worship at my feet, all shall be thine.

O impious; O profoundly base, and bold:

How durst thou thus attack the Son of God?

A98

What! tempt the Lord of Life, to worship thee! O rebel! traitor! foul apostate! fay-What could induce thee thus to mack the Lamb? Could'st thou expect that he whom angels sear'd, To whom they rev'rence and obedience ow'd; 495 Nay, thy Creator, and Preserver toe; And whom thou wast commanded to adore : Who claims thy worship as his native right; Should, all at once forget his high descent, And meanly fawn upon and worship thee? 500 Or wast thou ignorant? Didst thou not know The Lord of Glory, in his deep difguise? Or was thy mind in doubt? and for this cause, Wast thou resolv'd the secret to unfold? I dare engage thou had'st no cause to boast 505 To thy companions of thy great success. Methinks, I see a holy, just disdain, Glow in the count'nance of my dearest Lord, When thus he turn'd, and glanc'd fevere rebuke To the great Adversary of mankind: Get thee behind me, Satan; hence, depart : Remember, God hath giv'n his high command, To all his creatures, and declar'd his right To be ador'd; and only he alone. Thus speaks his awful mandate, Thou shalt serve 515 The Lord thy God, and worship none but him.

This fore repulse, made Satan leave the ground;
Determin'd still to muster all his hosts,

And watch a fitter opportunity,

To vex, if not o'ercome the Prince of Heav'n. 520



23

For 'tis his nature, if he's foil'd to day, To-morrow to return, and charge again. If timely you resist him, he will slee-But, Watch; for he intends to try afresh. Tho' Christ hath always vanquish'd him in sight, 525 Still he's unconquer'd, and maintains the war: And though fome fay, he's flain, and has no pow'r; And others fay, he's bound, and quite confin'd; Christ's soldiers find him pow'rful, roving, fierce, And, like a roaring lion, feeking prey. Not flesh and blood alone, must they withstand; But, thrones, high principalities, and pow'rs, And rulers of the darkness of this age; And wicked spirits, domineering, proud, And ever on the watch :- Such foes we have. 535 Satan is crafty, full of vengeance, spite: His time on earth is short: and this he knows; And therefore rages, with redoubled force: Great need have we of prov'd, victorious arms, To aid us in the more than mortal fight: Arm us with all the panoply of God; That we may stand, and conquer all our foes! O, dear Redeemer, through thy pow'rful name, And through thy precious blood, so freely shed, And by the testimony which we hold. What wonders have the heav'nly arms atchiev'd! Salvation's helmet, and the shield of faith; 'The Spirit's fword, the pow'rful word of God; The mighty engine of prevailing pray'r; Have gain'd the greatest victories on earth. 550

24 The Process and Empire of Christ. [Book I

Heav'n shut and open'd, rain withheld and giv'n; Fierce, pow'rful armies, scon compell'd to slee, And glorious promifes, divine, obtain'd; The raging element of fire fubdu'd, And hungry lions gentle made as lambs, 55. And mightiest kings and kingdoms overcome, And righteousness by feeble sinners wought, Made out of weakness, strong, firm, valiant, bold; And fouls departed, back to life recall'd; The moving orbs arrested in their course, 56 The pow'rful laws of nature quite revers'd; All these proclaim the victories of faith. Nor were they less triumphant, who endur'd The tortures of the tympanum, or rack; That would not deign deliverance to accept: 56 The glorious prospect of eternal life, And better refurrection, (though remote) - Made them, with fortitude, their pangs sustain. Those who can cruel mockings well endure, And all the envenom'd shafts of slander bear, Need never fear the pain of flames and death. The foul that dares to fuffer, fears to fin, And bears the cross, shall win the crown of life. Scourgings, imprisonments, and bonds and chains, Hunger and thirst, and cold and nakedness, Perils, and perfecutions; death, by fword, By fawing, stoning, strangling, and by fire; By crucifixion, famine, tec. h of beafts, .Drowning, decapitation, thousand forms

Most painful, ling ring, shameful, terrible;

5



25

Fearful to fee; how dreadful then to bear! Temptations, tribulations, racking pains; Have all, through faith, been borne with fortitude. The foul, array'd in righteousness divine, Girded with truth, and fill'd with heav'nly love, 585 Shielded by faith, supported well by hope, With purest gospel-preparation shod, Wielding the Holy Spirit's two-edg'd fword, Praying with perseverance, cover'd o'er With meek humility, refign'd to God, 599 And firmly trufting in his promis'd aid; Shall conquer all his foes, however strong, And need not fear the rage of earth or kell. May find support in scorned poverty: And bear reproach, contempt and foul difgrace; 595 May wander in the defart's howling wilds, And be with roughest goat-skins meanly glad: May dwell in rocks and mountains, dens and caves, Tormented, destitute, afflicted fore; May be in want of ev'ry earthly joy, ပ်ဝခ And fuffer more distress than tongue can tell; And yet be more than conquer'r over all! Our Lord's Temptations, trials, griefs, and woes; His fore afflictions, and his deep distress; The forrows, pains, and mis'ries, he fustain'd, 625 Through ev'ry scene of life; and in his death; Are fruitful springs of comfort, to the souls Of the afflicted, who believe in him. He learn'd obedience by the things he bore; And, by experience taught, can fympathize 6

With us, and all our inmost troubles fee!. Compassion dwells within his tender heart; He knows our frame, and pities our complaints. Draw near, ye poor, despised, tempted souls; Look up to Jesus-tell him all your woes. 614 Ye poor-What! have ye neither house nor home! Depriv'd by storms, or poverty, or fire, Hard-hearted landlords, or whatever means: To Jesus, thus, you may your pray'rs address-Lord, Thou wast poor, poorer than beasts or birds; For those have holes, and these have little nests: But thou hadft not a place to lay thy head: O, look on me with kind compassion, Lord; My wants thou knowest, and canst well supply: For man no pity has, nor heart to feel .--Say-are you hungry? have you nought to eat? And disappointed, where you hop'd relief? This was your Savior's case! he hunger'd oft: He knows the pain it brings; and how it feels To have the expectation highly rais'd, C30 And then, by disappointment, laid quite low. How keen the sense of Hunger's cruel gripe! Who can describe, but such whose bowels feel? To see, to smell, without a right to taste; Too modest still to beg, too poor to buy! 635 Tempted perhaps to steal, by hunger press'd! Foor widows, with their tribes of little ones, How oft they fuffer !-- Hear a feeling tale. In Boston liv'd a widow, honest, poor;

While dreary winter reign'd, the fuffer'd much; 6



27

Nor food had she, nor fire to keep her warm : Her tender infants languishing in light, So mov'd her sympathy, that she resolv'd Somewhere to find, and bring fome fuel home. Thus, roving up and down, at last, she lights Upon a pile, where plenty seem'd to tempt . Her yet unwilling hand : The owner near, O'erheard her tongue thus utter her fad plaint. I'm poor, and destitute; my fuel's gone; Yet cannot steal: O Lord, what shall I do? I have no money; yet, I cannot steal. Thus went away: But foon came back again, (By hunger, cold, and pity overcome) Repeating the same tale; and, as before, Departing home as empty as she came. At length, the third time, doubly prefs'd with need, She came; and thus she spake-What shall I do? My children, perifhing with want, demand Something to keep them warm; I think I must, Though fore against my will, some fuel steal. So faying, she begins to take -but sudden, down The trembling faggot darts-Lord, can I take What is another's right !-- Oh guilt and shame ! Yea, let us perish; for I cannot steal. No more she came; determin'd now to die, 665 If no relief appear'd. But, mark the end; The owner, who beheld her deep distress; Who faw her virtue at this per'lous push, And faw it triumph! he compassion selt, Her wants reliev'd, and fosten'd all her pain \ 67

God hath prepar'd his goodness for the Poor: And, to encourage us to pity them, Hath promis'd to repay, an hundred fold, That which we give, ev'n in this prefent life, And life eternal in the world to come. 675 For, not the fmallest kindness is forgot : A cup of quater, meets its bleft reward. Who pities and relieves the poor diffrest. Lends to the Lord, and shall be well repaid. JEHOVAH binds himself by promise firm, 680 That none by trusting him shall losers be. Yet, O how many trust in banks and funds, Who would esteem all lost, if lent to him !-Something I fain would fay, to comfort those Whose lot is plac'd among the humble Poor. Your Lord was poor: In poverty he pass'd. His virtuous life; and thus hath made that state, Which is despis'd, most hon'rable of all. And whosoever doth the Poor despise, Reproacheth God, his Maker, by that act, 60g And Christ the Savior, who hath chose that life, With its affociates, Want, Contempt, Difgrace: That so the Poor in him might find a friend : And that the Rich might learn to disesteem Those things in which they differ from the low; 695: And fix their thoughts above, where Jesus sits; And spend their time and wealth in doing good; And wait the second coming of their Lord. When their reward, in full, they shall receive.

Those who are rich on earth, should hear this charge:

(Which may be thrown into these many parts)

- 1. Be not high-minded, lifted up through pride.
- 2. Trust not in riches, false, uncertain, vain.
- 3. But trust in God, the living God; who gives Us richly, freely, all things to enjoy.
- 4. Do good to all, according to your pow'r.
- 5. Be rich in works of justice, mercy, love.
- 6. Be ready to distribute of your wealth.
- 7. Be willing to communicate to all.
- 8. Lay up your stores in Heav'n, and not on earth Two charges more from other texts, I'll bring, And thus complete the Rich Man's Decalogue.
- 9. Love not the world; fet not your hearts on gain.
- 10. And be content with what the Lord bestows.

 O, would the rich these precepts keep with care, 715

How happy, happy, happy, would they be!

Ye trav'llers o'er the burning defart fands,
And Ye who plough the briny, foaming main,
How often do ye fusser raging thirst?
For water ye would freely part with gold:
But none can ye obtain. How sad your state!
Yet even here, your Lord can sympathize:
For he was thirsty too; full well he knows
It's most intolerable, parching pain:
And when he begg'd relief, he found it not.
Once, faint and thirsty weary, seeble, spent,
At noon, he sat himself near Jacob's well,
And drink of woman ask'd; but was deny'd:
Yet, ere she left him, he such blessings gave,
As prov'd his mission, and his pow'r divine,

But who can tell the thirst which he endured, When on the painful, shameful, cross he hung? But gall and vinegar was giv'n for drink, To him who calls us to Salvation's well. To drink the waters of eternal life. 73\$ Poor Sailors, would they hearken to my fong, And leave their finful ways, and trust in Him-Who rules the raging of the boist'rous sea; Would find in him a sympathising friend, In more respects than one: for he has known Woil, hunger, thirst, care, weariness, and storms, Watchings by night, and heavy drowfiness y The portion these of those who plough the main. Once in a storm, when hope was almost lost, He, through fatigue, was fallen fast asleep: When his disciples call'd, and rouz'd him up ; Crying-awake, and fave us, or we die. He, rifing, bids the winds and waves, be still. They ceas'd at once, and straight a calm succeeds. O, might the Savior be the confidence 750 Of all that ply the labiring oar, or fail, With canvals wings, across the wat'ry main; What fatisfaction would their fouls enjoy! In storms and tempests, dangers, perils, deaths, Their fympathifing friend would lend his aid: 75\$ For now he never fleeps: his ear attends The foftest call that risks from the hearts Of those who love him; for he's always near. The weary lab'rer shall not be forgot; Lough poor, despis'd opprest with want and care.



31:

The Son of God once labor'd hard for bread,
And was a poor mechanic; teaching thus
Mis follow'rs, not to eat the bread of floth.
Labor should be encourag'd, idleness
Be disesteem'd, and every where suppress'd.
Children be not asham'd to labor hard,
To keep your parents dear from want and woe;
For Christ, in this, a bright example set;
Providing for his mother while he liv'd,
And on his cross commending her to John,
Who from that season, took her to his home.
The Sick and Maim'd may to him apply,

Who fickness and infirmities hath borne. He knows our frame, remembers we are dust. The Mourners, and the forrowing fouls, may find: In Christ a friend, indeed; for he pronounc'd This bleffing: comfort be to all that mourn. Bleffed are ye that weep; for ye shall laugh, Put woe to you that laugh;, for ye shall weep. Me was a man of forrows, fill'd with grief: Was often feen to weep, but ne'er to laugh. He wept a little stream o'er Laz'rus dead; And shed his tears for proud Jerusalem : He saw her day of forrow coming fast. But in the garden, and upon the cross, 785 His tears, fast flowing, ran for all mankind. Strong crying, supplications, tears, and pray'rs, He offer'd up, while dwelling here, to Him Phose pow r was able to redeem from death, thim slone, but all the human race!

Thus, by his forrows, fuff rings, griefs, and pair Th' obedient Son of God was perfect made; And so became falvation to all those Who follow him, and his commands obey. Are youdespis'd bely'd, and set at nought, And counted fools for Christ, deluded, mad, And ev'ry evil falfly spoke of you? Be glad, rejoice, exceedingly rejoice. Your Lord hath borne the fame, and honors you By giving you a share in his disgrace; That he may make you partners in his throne. For if we fuffer, we shall reign with him. Bleffed are they whom men shall persecute, And hate them for their dear Redeemer's fake: For he will glorify their fouls in heav'n. 8 Our Master, Christ, was called Beelzebub; His fervants, therefore, can expect no less. He hath a devil, and is mad, (fay they): Why, therefore, do you hear, or him regard? This fellow but deceives, is not of GoD; 8: He breaks the fabbath, bates the holy law: He is a glutton and a drunkard too; A friend of finners, harlots, publicans : A liar, blasphemer, a sinner bold. Thus was his name and character afpers'd. 81 By false malicious tongues of evil men.

And when he was reproach'd, reviled not; [rail' Nor threaten'd those who sneer'd and scossid, a Then let us take his pattern for our guide;

But he with utmost meekness, bore it all;



Sook I.] HIS BIRTH AND LIFE

33

And dwell in meekness, innocence, and love.

This is our consolation: Christ hath selt His tender heart by lies and flander broke; And therefore feels a sympathy for us. He can support us in affliction's night, 825 And make reproach and malice work for good : And teach us to esteem those suff'rings more Than all the riches of this lower world ; When for his fake, we fuffer, bleed, or die. The reign of falshood shall not long endure; 830. There is an after-day; let fland'rere fear: God will support the fouls who trust in him, And bring their righteous actions to the light : Then shall their foes behold their sad mistake, The righteous souls are in the hand of GoD; From torment, fin, and forrow, quite fet free. In the ungodly's fight, they feem'd to die; And their departure mis'ry was esteem'd: Destruction seem'd their passage to attend But they in peace and honor now abide, 849-Waiting till their reward they shall receive. Though in the fight of men they punish'd are, Their hope is full of immortality. Having, in time, a little been chastis'd, They shall obtain rewards in life to come. 845 God prov'd, and found them worthy for himself; Try'd them as gold, and found they would endure ;-And as an off ring pure hath them receiv'd. They rest in hope till that victorious day, When Christ shall come with all his royal train ;.

When they shall shine like suns, and stars of light, And with their Savior, Judge the world, and rule According to the purpose of their Lord. This is the lot of fuch who are approv'd, As called, chosen, faithful to the end. 855 But Oh, how, will th' ungodly stand aghast, When they shall see the righteous man advanc'd, Whom with their falshoods oft they wounded fore, And by their persecutions did afflict; And of his righteous deeds made no account ! What strange surprise shall fill their guilty souls, To see the man they so despis'd before, High-feated on a glorious throne of bliss, A partner in the kingdom, with his Lord! Their groaning spirits will, through anguish, cry 86 Alas, this was the man we fometimes fcorn'd, Derided, mock d, reproach'd, and ridicul'd ! His name a proverb of contempt we made; His life the worst of madness we esteem'd; His end was shameful, in our vain account : 870 But he was wife, and we the worst of fools. His lot is cast among the faints in light; How is he number'd with the honor'd ones! Counted among the children of the LORD! O, fools and madmen! we have liv'd in vain! 87 Let those who suffer shame for doing well, And are reproach'd for the Redeemer's fake, Commit their faithful fouls to Christ the Lord,

Commit their faithful fouls to Christ the Lord;
Who will preserve them to this awful day, 87!
When truth shall triumph, falshood be o'erthrown

Book I.] HIS BIRTH AND LIFE. right has a long that there

35

And innocence be clear'd from foul difgrace , and And ev'ry hidden thing shall be reveal'd : When all afpertions thall be wip'd away; And flanderers put to open fhame. 884

Let none avenge themselves when they're defam'd. Nor spend their precious time to fend and prove. Nor feek their characters to vindicate: But trust the Lord to undertake the cause: it Who will not fail to make his justice known.

The tempted fouls are His peculiar care. 890 Who felt temptation's pow'r in all its force: He fuffer'd being tempted; therefore knows To fuccor and support, in trying hours, The faithful ones, who put their trust in him, And patiently endure affliction's night. To be feverely tempted is no crime; Since Christ, like us, endur'd the same; yet stood, Nor ever yielded in a fingle point, Though he was try'd in all; and thus became Our pattern, friend, and brother, and defence. 900

895

Doth Satan feek to shake our hope in God, And make us doubt our heav'nly Father's love, And question whether we his children are, And put us to the proof? So tempted he The Son of God himself; and 'tis not strange 905 That we should suffer what our Lord hath done.

Are we in straits, and sore distrest with want? Are we push'd on to use unlawful means To get supplies? or, tempted to distrust The loving-kindness of our gracious Lord?

Bool

Is Suicide presented to our view,
And we urg'd on to tempt the sov'reign King,
In ways unlawful, big with dreadful fate;
Certain to lose our lives, unless preserv d
By miracle; which still we have no right
To look for, when we stray from duty's path?
Or, are we tempted to the worst of sins;
To leave the service of the God of Heav'n,
And turn aside to gross idolatry.
And worship men or devils, for the sake
Of wealth, or pow'r in prospect or possession?
In all these ways the cunning Temper try'd

To foil our Saviour: but he fail'd in all.

O let us come with boldness to his throne;

That grace and mercy we may find, to help

Our fouls in ev'ry time of trying need!

O what a comfort 'tis to have a friend

Who sees our griefs, and pities us, and saves!

Let us pursue the paths of utmost woe;
And we shall find the Savior gone before.—
Should we be slander'd by the best of men,
(Or those which mortals call the very best;
Such as the Scribes and Pharisecs of old)
Our Lord hath borne his part in this disgrace.
Are we forsaken by the giddy throng?
(Who hail to day, to-morrow crucify)
Yea, by our friends despis'd, deny'd, betray'd?
Deliver'd to the will and pow'r of socs?
Condemn'd unjustly, to a shameful death,
On slight suspicion, or the perjur d oaths

I.7 MIS BIRTH AND LIFE.

37

irs, hir'd on purpose to destroy ives and fortunes of the innocent? se, which, doubtless, happens frequently) ve infulted in our agonies? 944 h'd at, and ridicul'd, fcorn'd, mock'd revil'd? arb'rous cruelties on us practis'd, igh hatred of the cruel multitude, ake our death more bitter and severe? things have often been the martyr's lot, 1 fuff'ring, nobly, for the Christian cause: 950 [efus fuffer'd all these things himself; hus hath fanctify'd the thorny road, eads to blifs and honor, peace and joy. out the case, that all these dreadful scenes heighten'd by the absence of our God; 955 ving-kindness seemingly withdrawn; aftre of his shining presence hid; ount'nance veil'd in darkest shades of night; we expos'd, at once, to rage of men, levil's malice, and the wrath of Heav'n: 960 s just refentment due to each offence) sitter cup, with gall and wormwood fill'd, lrank, in forrow, by our kindest friend. hus his tender heart was pierc'd with grief; with reproach, and melted by the fire. rength was dry'd, his foul was rack'd with pain; leffed tongue which never spake amis, ·cold; and, cleaving to his trembling jaws, 'd his woes too great to be axpress'd: ound him stood the murd'rous fons of mer

Thus did they jeer the meek, the dying Lam Who felt the cruel wounds their fury gave : And fuffer'd all this complicated scene Of woe, diffress, pain, misery, and death; All compais'd round by foes, by friends forfook While none were found to pour the balm of per Propitious, on his foul. All this he bore; And therefore feels for all his fuff'ring friends. In death the struggle may be hard, indeed; But Christ ne'er stands an idle looker on ; Which all must do, but he. 'Tis he alone, That can conduct us through the gloomy vale; Which he hath trod before, and therefore know The terrors which attend the dreary passage. 'Tis he can make us triumph over all; Nor in the grave forfake us. He was there; And rose triumphant: having thus perfum'd Our dusty bed; where bodies rest in hope, And wait the glorious refurrection morn, To firing to life, and day, and endless joys, And who can dare to fay, that fouls in pain Are never pivy'd by our gracious Lord?

Fer who can tell how great his mercy is?



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32

And though his loving face is hid from them, And they are doom'd to woo, and deepest grief; Yet, who dare fay-He loves them not at all? Did not the wrath of God o'erwhelm his head? Did he not feel the pains of death and hell? 1005 Did he not taste the horrors of despair? Was not his foul forfaken of his God? Nay, did he not descend to hell itself? Did he not fee the mis'ries there endur'd? Yet, was he not the Father's dear delight? Who then can fay, from Nature's deepest ground, That fouls once lost can never be redeem'd? Did not Christ die for all, both quick and dead? Is not his pow'r sufficient to restore? And who can doubt his wildom or his love? 1015 Or, who can fay-His will defigns it not ? But I anticipate. And now return. To trace the Savior's works of mighty love; Which shone conspicuous, and made known to men, His glorious character, and grand defign, IC29. As the Redeemer of the human race. When Peter fought to give a short, but full Description of that Jesus whom he preach'd; Thus he describ'd his person, and his life :--Jesus of Nazareth, by God approv'd, 1025 · Anointed with the Holy Ghost, and pow'r; Who ceafeless journey'd, always doing good : And healing all by Satan's pow'r opprest: For God was in and with him, of a truth. - To tell his wonders is a talk, indeed, 1039 Of which St. John himself despair'd; and said—
If all the things were written, every one, Lfound
Which Jesus wrought; where would the place be
Sufficient to contain the num'rous books?

For, I suppose, the world could not receive 1055
The many volumes, with their strange contents.

O mighty Pow'r, and Will; that heal'd the fick,
And made the deaf to hear, the blind to fee,
The lame to walk, the dumb to fpeak his praise:
That cast out dæmons of the steroest kind, 1040
The foulest lepers cleans'd, and rais'd the dead;
Cur'd all diseases, with a word, or touch;
That turn'd the water into richest wine:
That calm'd, at once, the winds and raging waves:
That fed fuch numbers with so little food, 1045
Brought shoals of fish to Peter's empty net,
And made a fish it's Maker's tribute pay,
And walk'd upon the foaming brine, with ease!
These were his labors, proofs of pow'r divine,
And fruits of boundless love to sinful man! 1050

How pure, how spotless, was his holy life!

How perfect his obedience! how exact

His conformation to the law divine!

Nor thought, nor principle, nor word, nor deed,

Was found amiss, through all his humble course!

How strong, how ardent, was his love to God! 1056

How great was his benevolence to man!

It was his meat to do his Father's will,

And to peform salvation's noble work.

His holy doctrine, clean, from error free, 1060

Tending to glorify his Father's name,
And to reveal the God of heav'n in truth;
Spoke him the facred messenger of peace.
God's messengers have always borne this mark,
(And by the same they ever shall be known) 1055.
They never glorify themselves; but seek
To honor Him who sends them in his name.
Thus, Jesus gloristed not himself,
Sought not that honor which he might have claim'd;
But glorify'd and honor'd Him, who said, 1070.
Thou art my Son; I have begotten thee:
And I will place thee on a glorious throne.

When Jesus promis'd soon, from Heav'n to send The Comforter, the Holy Ghost, divine; 1070 The same descriptions, constant marks, he gave, Liest, by salse spirits, they should be deceiv'd! The Comforter my name shall glorify, By taking mine, and shewing it to you: But of himself he will not speak at all; But what he hears of me, shall he declare. 1080 The bless'd apostles, by the Spirit sent, Sought not themselves to magnify; but Him Who call'd, commission'd, qualify'd, and taught Them to proclaim the gospel to the world.

Christ's doctrine, manners, miracles, combin'd To prove, beyond execution, him to be The great Messah, Savior of the world; Of whom both Modes and the Property words.

Nor, in one instance, all the every full Tracemptate were promitted as the start of the start.

Of his humility, and bitter grief, Thro' which he pais'd, on earth, to fave mankind.

Here, then, we pause a while; and Him adore. Who left the regions of eternal blifs, And tabernacled in our world of woe, And bore our ills, to bring our fouls relief. Oh! could we praise him as his love demands! And render homage, and obedience due, To that great name, which merits all renown



Book, II.]

THE PASSION.

43

BOOK II.

THE PASSION.

O WHAT a theme employs my humble muse!
Already have I sketch'd the virtuous life
Of my Redeemer o'er; and now attempt
To paint the wounds—the forrows—he hath felt.
Be tun'd my soul to grief, while I relate
The meritorious suff'rings of the man,
The dear God-man, who groan'd and bled for me:
Nor me alone, but all the human race!

Can heart conceive, words speak, or pen describe, This most amazing, heart-affecting scene?

Be other woes forgot. This is enough

To thaw the adamant, and melt the flint.

O sin, what hast thou done?—not only fill'd

God's world with woe, but his own Son with pain!

Where shall I now begin? where make an end? The tale I tell contains such weighty things,
That I'm unable to express aright.
But what I can, I will perform: the rest
Must be reserved for nobler thoughts and pens:
And I shall be content, if what I write

2>
Give no offence to any—joy to some.

Begin we, then, in fad Gethfemane:—
O doleful garden! where our Saviour felt
That most heart-rending agony: that fore'd 2A
The sweet, like drops of blood, through every pore.

44 The Process and Empire of Christ. [Book II:

This was the hour of darkness, and distress : The bitter cup was brought within his view : His tender heart, now fmitten, groaning, cry'd-My foul is forrowful; I'm prest to death: Abba, my Father; if it be thy will, 30, I pray thee fave me from this dreadful cup : But if it may not pass; thy will be done. Thrice, on his knees, he pray'd and us'd this form. (Forms are accepted, where the heart is found.) Who ever pray'd more earnestly than he? 35. Or who more certainly was heard? and yet A form he us'd; and the fame words again, And yet again, repeated, presently. As thus furrounded with the deepest woes, The Prince of Glory stood, (O mournful fight!) 40.

The pow'rs of darkness hover'd round, to try What might be done, to make his courage fail. In this extremety, they hop'd to find An opportunity; for often had they wish'd. To bring him to abandon his intent 45: Of faving man, by fuff'ring death for him.. To compass this, they watch'd the very hour, When fin, with all its horror's and deferts; And Death, with all its terrors, woes, and pains; 49, [God's wrath, with all the vengeance due to crimes a. Were plac'd before his eyes, in dread array: Then they appeared in hideous forms, no doubt; And work'd upon his fancy, with their arts, fAs black as hell itself); and sought to fill His mind with gloomy, strange, foreboding fear.



Book II.

THE PASSI M.

45

Despair, with all its horrid, dismal train,
Was ready at their heels. Th' ingratitude
Of man they painted, with the darkest tints
That hell could furnish for this black design.
By this they sought to turn his love to wrath,
And make his soul reject the human race.
They threw these hellish darts, like showers of hail,
To discompose and terrify his mind.

This was an agonizing scene, indeed!

More grievous, far, than in the wilderness.

This was the time of Satan's greatest pow'r,

When most he prov'd the Stone, the tried Stone:

But Jesus stood, nor gave the tempter room.

To boast, that over him he had prevail'd.

But fore the conflict was:—an angel came

70 Strengthen him, while fainting in the field.

O. what a fight was here!—Could mortals know.

O, what a fight was here!—Could mortals know
The pain and forrow which our Savior felt;
Methinks, they could not chuse but mourn for him.
His heart became, through grief, like yielding wax;
While ours, O strange! are hard as adamant. 76

Behold, the dear Redeemer comes, to meet
The armed band, with Judas at their head;
Judas, the traitor, who betray'd his Lord:
Betray'd him with a kifs. O treason foul!

For love of money! Cursed lust, indeed!
O cruel baseness! ne'er to be forgiv'n.
How could'st thou sell him? sell thy kindest friend?
Bell him to qual monsters, tygers, wolves?
To men unworthy to behold his face!

90

105

The vilest miscreants in the universe!

O Judas, thou hadft kindest warning giv'n;
Didst thou not hear his blessed mouth declare—
The Son of man must go, as 'tis decreed;
But woe to him by whom he is betray'd:

Good for that man if he had ne'er been born?

Forth went the Son of God to meet his foes:

And fearless thus demanded—Whom seek ge?

Jesus of Nazareth, IAM; said he. [went, 95]

He spake with pow'r; they heard, and backwards.

And stagg'ring fell, extended on the ground.

A ray of his divinity shone forth;

Which shew'd how easily he could destroy. But still he spar'd them; yea, and gave them leave To take and bind him with their barb'rous hands.

He gave them pow'r to rife, or they had fall'n 101
As victims to the justice of their God,

And martyrs to the cause they undertook.

But see they drag him, as the basest thief, And in tumultuous manner him surround; Till to the palace of the priest they came. They enter there. Poor Peter follows on: But 'twas a melancholy night to him. How shamefully he fell!—A warning this, To those who trust their native pow'r to stand: Let such take heed, lest they should also fall.

How bold was he before the trial came?
Though all men should deny thee, I will not:

Though death should be my lot owning thee. But when in luckless hour, the maid beheld



Book II.]

THE PASSION.

47

The poor man quaking through excessive fear,
Fixing her eyes on him with leering looks,
She foon began, with tauntings, thus to speak—
Thou, also wast with Jesus.—Nay, (said he)
I do not understand what 'tis thou say'st.

Poor man where is the course and all the

Poor man, where is thy courage now? ah! where Thy boasted zeal, to suffer with thy Lord; What, disregard an host of armed men! Yet searone little maid! I pity thee. This very strange, but no more strange than true, 125 That men are more assaid of tongues than swords. The rage of tongues, and pow'r of evil men, Are deprecated in the Scriptures, more Than all the evils of our lives beside.

The foe of man, thus finding Peter weak. 130 Defiring still to fift him to the foul; Soon prompts another maid to make remarks: This fellow was with him of Nazareth. Which Peter, with an oath, again denies; And thus declares-I do not know the man. What now deny thy Lord a second time? And lie, and swear, to make thy lies believed? If thou could'st not thyself believe without, Who will believe thee, with thine oaths? Not they To whom thou speakest: for they soon agreed, 140 That thou wast one of his disciples: known By one who faw thee in the garden; who Declar'd the same before the gather'd throng: They knew thy Galilcan dialect, and were in their opinions more confirm'd.

This master'd all thy courage, love, and zeal.

O Peter, now, I feel for thee, indeed!

O could'st thou humbly, then, have own'd thy fault But thou didst venture on to greater ills.

And added imprecations to thine oaths,

To make them think thou could'st no servant be

To fuch a master; being so unlike

To him, who never spoke a froward word.

(Sad case, when Christians sin, lest men should think

Them servants of the great sin hating God)

But, at the second crowing of the cock,
Our Savior look'd on Peter—now he thought
Upon those warnings giv'n to him before!
Which then he heeded not; but now had learnt
To trust himself no more, since he had fail'd.
Then out he went, and bitterly did weep.—
'Tis said, that ever after, when he heard
The crowing of the cock, his tears ran down,
(At the remembrance of so sad a crime)
Till surrows might be seen upon his cheeks.

Now to the Son of God we will return; Whose cruel suffrings more demand our song.

The proud high priest intertogated him—
Who are thy followers? and thy doctrine what?
Christ answer'd—in the synagogue I spake, 178
And in the Temple; where the Jews resort.
In secret, nothing different have I said.
Go ask my hearers; they can testify
What I've declar'd to them; for well they know?
Why then ask me, when others may be found; I



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THE PASSION.

45

Who (being unconcern'd) may tell the truth? Or doit thou ask me with a mean design,
To make my words alone myself condemn?
I'll answer nothing; seek your proofs elsewhere.

At this enrag'd, an under officer,

Of spirit mean, struck Jesus with his hand,
And gave the Lord a most indignant blow;
(Perhaps the first of all that he receiv'd)
And thus address'd him, in a surly tone—
Ah, dost thou answer thus to the high priest?

To which insult, the lovely Lamb reply'd:

If I have spoken evil, shew me where;
But if I've answer'd well, why smite me thus?

Ah cruel man! a pris'ner thus to treat,
For speaking mildly in his own defence!

Suppose him guilty, is it not enough,
That he must be adjudg'd to suffer death?

Must brutal cruelties, and rude insults,
Be added, to compleat the sum of woe?

How eagerly the cruel brutes desir'd

To find some witnesses true or false,

By which they might condemn the Son of God:

But none could find. At last, two prejur'd lears

Bore witness, that they heard this fellow say—

God's temple I am able to desiroy;

And in three days to raise it up again.

(But in their evidence they disagreed)

To which the Lord vouchsafed no reply.

Then the high priest arose, and thus he spake:
Why dost thou not some answer make to this? 20

Now, by the living God, I thee adjure,
Declare the truth—nor longer us deceive—
Art thou the Christ, the Son of God the Blest?
Adjur'd by this great name, he quick reply'd,
I am; and ye shall all hereafter see
210
The Son of man, enthron'd at God's right hand,
And coming in the clouds of heav'n with pow'r.

This answer, which they wish'd, enrag'd them all; And, Blasphemy! they instantly exclaim'd; What further need of witnesses have we? 215 He's fully guilty, and deserves to die.

Then did they spit in the Redeemer's face, And smote him with their fifts, and open hands. Some fay, their hands were cloath'd with iron gloves; And that they plucked off his hair and beard. Thus to the fmiters he did give his back, His cheeks to those that plucked off his hair : From shame and spitting did not hide his face. "They mock'd, derided, and blindfolded him; And like ungodly children playing rudely, 225 Etruck on his cover'd face, and mecking faid-Thou Christ, come prophely who smote thee now? And many things, blasphemoully, they spake Against the loveliest of the human race. That one, exceeding all the fons of men. 230 Had his fweet form and vilage forely marr'd But Jesus meekly bore their taunting scoffs; Nor threaten'd once through all the fuff'ring fcene.

Thus they abus'd him till the early dawn, when the Canbedrin met a fecond time, 235



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THE PASSION.

51

Him to condemn in form, and yield him up, For execution, to the Roman pow'r; Hoping that Pilate, cruel and unjust, Would never fland to ask the reason why; But sentence him to death without delay. 240 Thus confident, they bound his facred hands, And led him forth to Pilate's judgment-hall. But they, poor fouls, were now fo righteous grown, They durst not enter in, lest they should be Defil'd, unfit to eat the paffover! 245 The murder of the Just they did not fear; All night they plotted how to shed his blood; But this defiled not their consciences; Pollution of the flesh they dreaded more, Than all the stains of guilt produced by fin. 250 A camel fwallow'd, at a gnat they ftrain'd; As happens frequently to those who place More stress on forms, and rites and outward things, Than on the great effentials of the law: Who tythes of cummin, mint, and annife pay; 255. But justice, mercy, faith, and love of God, They lightly pass, or wholly difregard.

When Judas saw that Jesus was condemn'd,
Despairing, he return'd the price of blood
To those who hir'd him to betray his Lord; 260
Crying, I've sinned, the innocent betray'd.
What's that to us? (say they) look thou to that.
Despair and horror seiz'd his soul at once;
The consequences of his crime appear'd
Too dreadful for his tortur'd mind to bear:

265

52

He cast the money down, and hang'd himself. (An awful warning this to treach'rous men.) 'The thirty pieces bought the potter's field; (As Zechariah long before declar'd) The field of blood, to bury strangers in. Christ brought to Pilate, is by Jews accus'd; Not of blasphemy, but sedition now, And fetting up himfelf to be a king; The better to expose him to the rage And fierceness of the Roman governor. 275 Much they accus'd him: but he filent stood, And like a harmless lamb, to flaughter led, Or sheep before her shearers brought, is dumb; Ev'n fo was Christ; he open'd not his mouth. Which fill'd the Judge with wonder and concern. 280 Then Pilate thus demanded-Say, art thou The Jewish King? Jesus reply'd, I am ! But to inform thee rightly of this thing, My kingdom is not of this present world: For if it were, my fervants fure would fight, 28 ç That I might be deliver'd from the Jews; But now 'tis plain, my kingdom's not from hence 2 My reign with Cæfar's doth not interfere;

When Pilate heard these words he was convinc'd, That Jesus Christ did not deserve to die; And faid-In him I find no fault at all.

I rule in hearts, by love, and not by force. I'm come a witness for the truth of God;

This was the purpose of my birth and life, And this shall be accomplish'd by my death. 290



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THE PASSION.

53

The priests, scribes, rulers, Pharisees, chagrin'd At Pilate's slow deliberation, said—
He stirreth up the people, (mighty crime!)
And teacheth all from hence to Gallilee:
(And need enough they had of being taught)
But what he taught they did not chuse to tell.

When Pilate heard that he of right belong'd To Herod's jurisdiction, him he sent To Herod, who was at Jerusalem : Hoping to shift the burden, crime, and blame, 305 To other hands; But here, alas, he fail'd. Herod was glad to see the prisoner; For he had often heard his wond'rous fame, And hop'd to see some mighty miracle By Jesus wrought; But disappointed, soon 310 Instead of worshipping, he ridicules, And treats the Savior as an Ideot; And fends him back to Filate, all array'd With robes and enfigns of mock majefty. But this complaifance heal'd an open breach; Herod and Pilate from that day were friends.

When Christ return'd, the judge resum'd his seat:
But soon a message from his wise was brought—
With that just man have nothing more to do:
For much I've suffer'd in a dream this day; 320
And much I sear lest you should give consent
To put that righteous holy One to death;
Which thing avoid, or we shall meet a sate
Most terrible; destruction swiftly sies.
O had he hearken'd to his wife's advice!

355.

It would have been by far the fafest course. But peradventure he might think her weak, Or superstitious, fearful, credulous. But I am apt to think he fear'd the more, And wish'd to pacify, the angry Jews, 33●' Without condemning Jesus Christ to die; For of his innocence he was convinc'd. But Pilate now a proposition made, Which he imagin'd would fucceed at once; 'Iwas Customary, at the paichal feast, 335 To fet some prisoner at liberty; And let the people have their choice in this, Now, thought the governor, I'm fure to fave The life of Jesus; for I will propose Him, and the noted robber, Barabbas; 34€ And one of them I will this day release: And, fure the people cannot be fo mad-As to prefer a murderer to him, Who is fo meek, fo kind, fo innocent! But how was he furpriz'd to fee their rage! They chose the murd'ring robber, clamour'd loud-Away with Jesus-crucify him now. He spake again-In him no fauit I find;

Him will I scourge, if that will satisfy-('Pis more than he deserves) then set him free. 250. But still they yell'd and rear'd and cry'd aloud-

Arway with such a man, and let him die! Why? (said the judge) What evil hath he done?

I will chastise him now, and let him go. But with loud voices, instant they requir'd



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ie should be deliver'd to their will. en Pilate saw that nothing could prevail, at the more he urg'd, the worse they grew; ll'd for water, wash'd his hands, and saidbe clear from this just person's blood; ent blood! look to it, then, yourselves. ich the multitude profanely faid-'ood be on us, and our children too. ious speech! how dreadful was this guilt! was the bleft Redeemer forely fcourg'd, 365 ate's order; for he hop'd to move uel-hearted Jews to let him live. oman band on this occasion call'd, ily whipp'd him till his bones were bare, ac'd a crown of thorns upon his head, 370 at a reed, for sceptre, in his hand, oth'd him in a royal purple robe; ook the reed, and fmote him on the head; ow'd the knee in fcorn, and mocking faid-1, O King of Jews! we worship thee! 375 pitting in his face, they breath'd contempt, note him with their hands and bruis'd him fore. nis fad plight our Savior forth was led. arden'd Jews to pity might incline; Pilate cry'd aloud-Behold the man! him forth to you, that ye may know thim I can find no fault at all. at he hath endur'd! Sure 'tis enough. all the priests, and scribes, and rabble rout, before-Let kim be crucify'd.

Take him and crucify him, then, yourselves: For he is faultless in my sight: said he. We have a law by which he ought to die; Because he made himself the Son of God. This Pilate heard; but was the more afraid; And went again into the judgment-hall, And faith to Jesus-Tell me, Whence art thou? But Christ no answer to his question gave. At which the judge amaz'd, address'd him thus: Wilt thou not speak to me? Dost thou not know 305; My pow'r extends both to thy death and life? Thee I can crucify, or can releafe. But Jefus faid -No power could'ft thou have To question or condemn, unless 'twere giv'n. This God permits; and therefore do not boaft. But as thou hast not thirsted for my blood, So my betrayer hath the greater fin.

These words made Pilate tremble; and resolve
To set him free in spite of Jewish rage.
Which when the Jews perceiv'd, they cry'd at once,
If thou dost let him go, we will complain
406.
To Cæsar; for he makes himself a king.
And if thou dost release him, we shall know
Thou'rt Cæsar's enemy, and not his friend.
And soon thy conduct shall be known at Rome; 410.
And thou shalt lose thy post, and surely feel
The hot displeasure of the emperor

This stagger'd Pilate's courage; for he knew

The jealous temper of the Roman lord.

Nor was he unacquainted with the Jews;



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57

nin'd, furious, insolent, and fierce; hatred cruel, their revenge fevere. s he was obnoxious unto them; nuch he fear'd from their accusing tongues. ew that he had rul'd with iron hand, 420 ften, by oppression, had provok'd on, whose known character had been , unforgiving, obstinate, and bold : nerefore, to ingratiate himself that perfidious people, and avoid 425 erce resentment of Tiberius. It his better knowledge, mov'd by fear, ear of man, which always brings a fnare) elded that the Just One should be slain. in! what cowards dost thou make of men! 430 Pilate always mov'd by virtue's rules, ie been faithful, just, impartial, good, , benevolent, humane, and kind, vorth and dignity ennobled him, id not fear'd the threat'nings of the Jews; 435 we them up the Savior of mankind; ver fentenc'd innocence to die: readed jealous Cæsar's fiercest rage. aving by his crimes expos'd himself, ught by other crimes, to gain applause; so, against his light condemn'd the Lord. his, so far from making him secure, tht on destruction, swift and terrible. otwithstanding this his wicked act, ch he gave up conscience, soul, and God, 445 To gain the favor of this wicked race, And to preserve his int'rest still at court; Yet foon the Jews accus'd him to his lord: On which Tiberius call'd him to return, And answer for himself. But when he came, 450 His acts unjust, oppressive, fully prov'd, Procur'd his downfall, ruin, and difgrace: For being banish'd into Gaul, 'tis said. He suffer'd greatest shame and misery; Until, at last, by his own hands he dy'd. 455 A dreadful warning this to men in pow'r! Who trust in princes favor, trust the wind: The higher rais'd, more dreadful is their fall. Court-fav'rites stand upon a precipice; An icy steep, from whence but few escape! Most fall a prey-their sunshine ends in blood-Their glory fets in clouds, no more to shine-They fall unpity'd, ne'er to rise again.

When Pilate thus by threats was terrify'd,

He chang'd his mind, and brought the Savior forth,

And down upon his judgment feat he fets,

Almost persuaded Jesus to condemn.

His hopes of gaining on the Jews were gone;

But with contempt he spake—Behold your king!

Away, away, (they cry'd) him crucify

Pilate, determin'd to confirm at once.

Th' authority of Cæsar over them,

Which they so long had dared to dispute,

Rejoin'd—What, shall I crucify your king?

They answer'd—We've no king but Cæsar now.



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By this he gain'd the point at which he aim'd; And which he might have fought, and fought in vain, Had not the Tews been fill'd with cruel hate To Jefus Christ, their rightful Lord and King: Which made them now acknowledge Cæsar's right, And therefore justify'd the Roman war; Which quell'd their bold rebellion, and destroy'd Their temple as the Savior had foretold: And fcatter'd all their nation through the earth, He compass'd thus his ends; they compass'd theirs: Czefar, as fov'reign lord, was recogniz'd Murd'rous, seditious Barabbas releas'd, And Jefus to the cross was now condemn'd. The purple robes exchanged for his own, To crucification instant he was led. 490 The Transverse beam he carry'd on his back, Till, weak and finking underneath his load, A stranger was compell'd the same to bear. The holy JESUS still had female friends. Bleft women had attended him through life- 495 Had feen his miracles, his doctrine heard-Had fed him with their substance, and supply'd, From out their little fulness, all his wants-Had pour'd that ointment on his feet and head, Which was most costly: Though by some esteem'd A vain expence, 'twas by the Lord approv'd. Nor did they leave him in his hours of pain; But wept, bemoan'd, and wail'd him to the last. While men blasphem'd, more tender women cry'd. bey hew'd their love and sympathizing hearts, 505 By standing near the cross till he expir'd;
Then waiting to attend him to the grave.
When they had seen his body safely lodg'd,
Thence they departed, ointments to prepare,
And costly spices, to embalm his sless,;
Prompted by love, were early at the tomb.
To woman first the risen Lord appear'd:
And woman first proclaim'd the joyful news,
By the authority of Christ our King.

51

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O Woman, thy memorial shall be sweet? 51 The bleft remembrance of the kindness shewn By female fouls to JESUS while on earth, Shall draw a veil of charity to hide Those faults and weaknesses to which they lean. CHRIST was of woman born, by worsan nurs'd, 52 By woman fuckled, dandled, and ador'd; By woman bleft, lov'd, prais'd, and entertain'd; Believ'd own'd, follow'd, hearken'd to, obey'd, Fed, cloth'd, reliev'd, anointed, comforted, Supply'd in life, bemoaned in his death; Constant they stood, while men like cowards sled. (Such hardness in females we admire) They lov'd their Savior to the end, with warmth; Dead or alive they still attended him, Waiting and minist'ring to all his wants. 53 First seen by woman-kind was Jesus ris'n, First touch'd, first worshipp'd, and proclaim'd by then

We never read of any females found Among the perfecutors of our Lord. Did any woman ever mock or rail,



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THE PASSION.

Ć į

Revile, blaspheme, oppose, despise, or hate The son of God, thro' all his pilgrimage?

Another thing I mention to their praise,
Is their attention and known readiness
To hear, learn, and obey the word of God.
And through all ages it hath been observed,
That women more than men have sought the Lord,
Remain'd more true and saithful in his cause.
They follow'd him when he the cross did bear.

As they bewail'd him Jesus turn'd and faid, 545

Daughters of Salem, week no more for me;

But for yourselves, and children, wail and mourn.

Behold, the dreadful days are at the door

When bleffed shall the barren womb be call'd,

And breasts that never gave their children suck. 550

Then shall they say to mountains, Fall on us,

And call on rooks and hills to cover them.

For if the sire consumes the growing tree,

How will it prey upon and burn the dry!

If I, who ne'er offended, suffer thus, 555

What fearful woes Jerusalem must know!

O how exactly were these words sulfill'd, When the destruction of that city came! When by the famine, pestilence, and sword, In one short siege, more than a million fell. 560 Where mothers, starv'd for food, their infants slew, And fed upon their mangled carcases.

When thousands crucify'd around the walls, Might put the Jews in mind of what, this day, Was done to Jesus, by their own desire.

56

But now to ghastly Golgotha we come;

A place without the gates, and deem'd accurst.

'Twas call'd The place of sculls, for reasons plain;

For criminals were executed there,

And also bury'd. Our Redeemer's grave

75.

Was there appointed by his murderers;

But was by God ordain'd with the rich man.

But O what words can speak the doleful grief

But O what words can speak the doleful grief
That Jesus felt in that tremendous hour!
Assist me, Savior, to describe thy pain.

575
Thou bearest still in mind thy Bloody sweat;
Thy shameful cross; the suffrings thou didst feel.
O break my heart, while I relate thy woes!
When he arriv'd at the appointed place,
They stript him naked, bor'd his hands and feet, 580
With cruel irons nail'd him to the cross:
Then rear'd him up between the earth and heavins,
As tho' of neither worthy; when of both
He was the maker, and the rightful heir.
Betweentwo thieves they hung him, to disgrace, 585
As much as possible, his memory.

Now we behold him on the cursed tree.

Ah who can bear the sight! his soul is sill'd

With deepest forrow, and his sless with pain. 589

See how it quakes and trembles! View this scene,

O sinner, till thy heart dissolves in tears.

'Tis said, our dreams are pictures of our thoughts

When we're awake, continu'd in our sleep.

But such a vision once in sleep I had

If Jesus crucify'd, as far outwest



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...

All the conceptions I had ever form'd, In all my meditations on this theme.-Methought I saw the Savior crucify'd: Naked upon the fatal wood he hung; The crown of thorns remain'd upon his head, And drops of blood ran trickling down his flesh, Which trembled with the agony he felt. His skin appear'd to me like hily fair, Save that it was disfigur'd o'er with wounds, And blush'd, as if the blood would issue forth. 605 Silent he hung; grief, pity, innocence, Were pictur'd on his Face. Around there stood The greatest multitude I e'er beheld. Most seem'd to mock, reproach, and ridicule The fuff'rer; who with patience bore at all. Such courage, love, and zeal, inspir'd my breast, As in degree I never felt till then. (O might I always feel the same through life!) Upon my knees i bow'd, and thus I pray'd-Lord, thee I own my Savior, in thee trust; Though now I fee thee hang in deep difgrace: I cast my soul into thy arms of pow'r. So confident am I that thou can't fave, That I depend on thee, and thee alone: Nay, I risk all on this foundation firm; 620 And never wish to be redeem'd it all, If thou art not the Savior of mankind, And art not able to redeem my foul.

Thus thrice I pray'd upon my bended knees,

And at the third time thus my Lond address'd: 62:

Be comforted, dear Lord, for thou shalt see
The travail of thy soul, and be content.
Thy pains, though grievous, shall not long endure.
For soon shalt thou be honor'd with a crown;
And thou shalt rule according to thy wish.
Not long shalt thou continue in the grave,
But soon to glorious immortality
Shalt rise—no more to suffer, but to reign—
And shalt be satisfy'd for all thy woc.

The Savior heard me, but no answer gave; 635. But cast a look of love, that satisfy'd And sill'd my heart with bliss unspeakable. Then I awoke, and lo it was a DREAM; Yet still it lives, and speaks, and warms my soul!

How oft did Jasus speak upon the cross? 640
What were his dying words? Come, let us hear.—
When first they pierc'd his hands and seet, and nail'd.
Him to the cursed tree, and rear'd him up,
And made him hang in agonizing tortures,
By those extremities, so full of nerves,
645
So sensible of pain the most acute;
His blessed mouth first open'd in a pray'r:—
Forgive them; for they know not what they do;

O Father: faid the dying Son of God.

Among the many wonders of that day,

The thief's conversion cannot be the least,

While one revil'd, the other him reprov'd,

Consess'd his crimes, and justify'd the law

By which he suffer'd, and proclaim'd aloud

The innocence of Christ—then turn'd to him. 655



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65

By living faith, divine, unparallel'd, And faid -O Lord, I pray remember me, When thou shalt to thy bear'nly kingdom come. What lively faith was this! to trust a man Expiring on a cross, hated, accurs'd! 660 To calt his foul into the arms of one That feem'd unable to redeem himfelf! To call him Lord, and pray to him as such! How faith had open'd and improv'd his fight ! He feem'd to view that age as yet to come 665 When CHRIST in glory shall to earth descend, Here to be honor'd, where he fuffer'd shame. Our dear REDEEMER cast the kindest look On him; and thus, in sweetest accents, spake-Thou shalt not wait fo long for happiness: 67● For verily before this day shall end, Thy foul shall enter to the bleft abodes Of paradife: where thou shall fee my face, And be admitted as a tenant there.

So spake our Lord; then looking down he saw 675 His mother, and the lov'd disciple, stand.

To her he said—Woman, behold thy Son.
(Meaning that John should be a son to her.)

To him—Behold thy mother; take her home:
What thou shalt do for her is done to me.

680
The well-beloved heard, and soon obey'd.

But now, what folemn darkness veils the skies!
The sun withdrew his rays, as though it shunn'd
That sight so terrible, and would not shine
On men who dar'd to crucify their Lord.— 685

As David had in spirit long foretold. 746 The first part of this pray'r was utter'd loud; Those that stood by (not understanding well The Hebrew language, which was almost lost Among the common people) thought he call'd Elias to deliver him; or else, They meant to mock him in his greatest pangs. Let's see if he will come to take him down, Or let him now descend, and save himself; And we will then believe, and in him truft. 755 Thus spake they tauntingly. But Jesus still Continu'd fighing out his humble pray'r: But spake the rest in secret. And was heard By God the Father for his piety.

Now he perceiv'd his fuff'rings near their close ; And that the scriptures might be all fulfill'd. He cry'd aloud upon the cross—I thirft.— For what did Jusus thirst? for water? Yes; But more he thirsted for the souls of men : And to complete the work he undertook; To finish all his forrows, and obtain The great reward of all his pain and woe. When thus he cry'd—in vinegar they dipp'd: A fpunge and put it on a reed, and held. It to his bleffed mouth, that he might drink. Then might he fay-They gave me gall for meat; And with four vinegar my thirst they mock'd .-When Jesus had receiv'd this loathsome drau ght, Aloud he cry'd—'I is finished Then faid-Futher, into thy hands I now commend



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99

My spirit; for thou hast redeemed it.

Then bow'd his head, and yielded up the ghost.

All nature felt the vast tremendous shock; The temple's facred vail was rent in twain-The fecrets of the holy place reveal'd, 780 Shew'd him the great fulfiller of the law: A new and living way was then made known, And confecrated through the vail, his flesh. Farth quak'd, men trembled, mountains shook, rocks Graves open'd; and the Roman Captain cry'd, 785 This just man truly was the Son of God. The people smote their breasts, and, fill'd with awe, Returned home, amaz'd at what was done! There fled the greatest soul that ever warm'd A human breast! the greatest pris'ner bound 790 Was then that ever flept in death's cold arms! Before we quit this most affecting fight, Let us furvey once more the folemn scene, Of infinite importance to mankind.— The Savior's dead !-What? that dear Jesus dead? That lovely man, of form divinely fair ! 796 Lament, my foul, the death of thy best friend; That dy'd for thee, and all the fallen race. Why did he die?—Because he lov'd us all. Who kill'd the Prince of Life ?-Sin, curfed fin! 800. 0 wretched me, that I should ever love So vile a murd'rer! Lord, I hate myself. How can I ever love fo base a fiend ? Vile name! the only thing JEHOVAH hates. I wonder not, fince thou hast slain his Son, 805

That he should hate thee! May I hate thee too. O that my head were waters, and mine eyes Fountains of tears, whence streams incessantly Might flow, at the remembrance of my guilt. God may forgive me; for his mercy's great; He is a great forgiver, well I know; But never can I once myself forgive! Assist me, all ye pow'rs above, to weep! To weep the Friend of guilty finners flain! The death of JESUS is a glass, wherein Sin shews its ugly face. Come, view it here! How dreadful fin appears, in pestilence, In war and famine, earthquakes, tempests, storms, Whirlwinds, volcanoes, hurricanes, and plagues, And thousand ills that desolate the globe! And could we view the difmal dark abodes Of Death and Hell, the mansions of the pit, The portrait might be drawn more direful fill? But in the fuff'rings of the Son of God, The darling of his heart, the heir of heav'n, Transgression's evil nature more appears. Than in the ruin of a thousand worlds.-But, Oh how wond'rous was the Father's love To mortal men, that he fo freely gave His well beloved Son for them to die ?-How shall I vent my grief? my Lord is dead? The white and ruddy Innocent is murder'd? That Chief among ten thousand chosen ones. That head more precious than the finest gold, fore Was crown'd with thorns, was bruis'd and wound

THE PASSION.

1

reauteous locks of black, or chesnut brown, them clotted, fill'd with dust and blood? love like eyes, so innocent and grave, them cold, and pale, and clos'd in death? eks, like spicy beds of sweetest flow'rs, 840 ther'd, cover'd o'er with mortal pale? 3, like lilies, dropping sweet perfumes, words more fweet than honey, milk, or wine) their purple color? see, they're dead? ands more beauteous far than diamonds \$45 them bloody, wounded, pierc'd, and nail'd? y, like the beauteous ivory, it mangled o'er with stripes and wounds? fed feet that travell'd for our good, them torn, by cruel irons bor'd? 85● s, like marble pillars fet in gold, them cold as marble, dy'd in blood? nt'nance, lovely, beautiful, and fair, banon itself, majestic, grand, its lofty codars excellent; 855 it pale, disfigur'd, bruis'd, and marr'd ! bouth fo charming, fo divinely fweet, t was open'd comfort to impart, ? See how his bleffed jaws are fall'n? his head is bow'd upon his breast: methinks I fee a fweetness there, the wounds and blood that mar his face. those locks fo placid and ferene, e of the temper of his mind? ghters of Jerufalem, that view'd 865

72 The Process and Empire of Christ. [Book IL

Your dying Lord through ev'ry scene of grief, Tell me, how did my dearest friend depart? What were his dying words? How did he feem? Pray, did his pain abate before he went ! Did he forgive his foes? Pray, did he get A drop of water for his parched tongue? And did his foes relent, and drop a tear? I ask: but O, your grief forbids your speech: I fee you drown'd in woes; I'll ask no more.-My grief increases! Can I view this fight, 875. The Savior dead, and not dissolve in tears? What heart of flint or steel, but must relent. At this fad tragedy? this depth of woe !-Let ev'ry leffer forrow be forgot ; This claims our whole attention: no excefs. Can be committed here. The death of Christ Is fuch a theme, that wakes both grief and love, And gives occasion for the softest passions To rife, and flow in never ceasing streams? What can be worthy of a thought, compar'd With this amazing love of him who shed His blood, his life, to fave our guilty fouls? 'Tis faid, when Cyrus was engag'd in war, Armenia's land he conquer'd, captive took

Armenia's land he conquer'd, captive took
The Prince and Princes; (kind and lovely pair)?
The Prince whose heart was set upon his Queen, 891
Propos'd to Cyrus, if he would restore
The Princess to her liberty, and grant
To make provision for her needs, as might
Besit her royal dignity, that he



Book. II.]

THE PASSION.

73

Would, as a ransom, freely give his life.—
Cyrus was charm'd, and being gen'rous, gave
To both their freedom, and reftor'd to them
Their first possessions, and became their friend.
The conqu'ror was applauded, shouts resound, 900
O Cyrus! gen'rous! brave! magnanimous!
The Prince, transported, to his consort turn'd,
In raptures cry'd, What do you think of Cyrus!
She answer'd, Truly, I did not observe him.
Her coldness much surprized the Prince, who said,
On what then, pray, was your attention fix'd? 906
Upon the man, the lovely man, (said she)
Who offer'd his dear life me to redeem.

If the was loft in thought, and swallow'd up
In admiration at her husband's love,
Who only offer'd to resign his life
For one who lov'd him with the purest flame:
What shall we think or say of God's dear Son,
The Prince of Heav'n, Beauty's perfection bright:
Who did not only offer, but who gave
915
His precious life for us while enemies?

Break, O my rocky heart, at thought of this!
Thy bleffed Savior gave his life away
For me before I knew or lov'd his name:
I was a stranger and an enemy.

Q20
But O, he lov'd me! I can ne'er repay
So wast a debt as to my lord I owe,

He dies! weep mortals, weep! your friend is dead!
Fain would I weep! but Oh, the fountain's dry!
My forrow still ferbids my tears! O help! 925

The Son of God in love with human kind, Took flesh and blood, and, cloth'd in that disguise, Went through fuch hardflips, and fuch deep diftrefs, As ne'er were fabled of the foudest lovers!



Book II.]

THE PASSION.

73

That he might gain our love, and shew his own. Or are you charm'd with patriots, who espouse Their country's cause, and perish in th' attempt To free their nation from some tyrant's pow'r? Behold in Christ the truest patriotism! **660** He brav'd all dangers undertook the cause Not of one country, but of all mankind: Nor yet of those who lov'd him, who would flicut His praises loud, and trumpet forth his fame; But those very wretches who despis'd 965 His person, fet at nought his works of love, Nor ever felt the fmallest gratitude To him who lov'd them, labor'd for their good, Sought to deliver them from flavery, And struggling hard with hosts of cruel foes. Although he gain'd his point, it cost his life.

The greatest heroes never equali'd this!
In Christ the lover, hero, patriot meet,
Their virtues all in him conspicuous shine;
He merits our applause far more than all
975
That ever have those characters sustain'd:
Yet we forget him; O ingratitude!
But he remember'd us upon the cross,
And hath not yet forgot us, though we treat
His dying love with such unkindness cold!
980
Here, melt my heart at thought of what I've been,

And what the Savior hath perform'd for me.

I've been a rebel, he my dying friend!

Me he remember'd, him I've oft forgot,

Though he was worthy the regard of all,

And I unworthy of the smallest notice

E'en of mankind, and how much more of his!

But this my friend is dead! Shall I not mourn?

How can my heart be ever pacify'd?

Methinks my forrows now begin to flow:

O might they ever bleed, since Jesus dy'd!

Yea dy'd for such a treacherous soul as mine,

Why did he suffer death for such a worm?

O never, never, can I mourn enough!

The lovely One is gone, hath lest our world;

The Prince of perfect beauty now hath fall'n;

And the most valuable of all lives

Is taken, (rather say is giv'n) for men.

Q could my fingers touch the mournful keys, How fad, how folemn, should the tones be play'd ! Or could my tongue, like Jeremy's, lament, The plantive strain should swell! My Savior's dead! But pity me we foft and tender hearts, Whose tears, fast trickling, can assuage your grief; Mine struggles hard for vent! no common woe 1005 Works in my breast, which heaves the pensive figh, Almost to big for birth. The theme I fing Should ne'er be mention'd by a careless tongue. And can a heart of stone forbear to melt When such a tale as this presents to view? No fiction's here, but all is naked fact, In which our dearest interests are involv'd. (O that we felt and realiz'd it more!) Christ dy'd for you, upon the cross expir'd; Selieve and sympathize, adore and love.



Book II.]

THE PASSION.

77

My foul, no more forget thy Savior's love, His life and death remember: O the fweat In the fad garden! and the agony Upon the fatal tree! the melting words! The piercing groans! the deep heart-breaking fighs! The stripes, the thorny crown, the wounds, the blood! The mockings! infults! thirst! and dying pangs! Let these be all remember'd; nor forget The part thy fins have had in wounding him. But oh how feeble are my best efforts! 1025 I want an angel's, talents to display This awful theme, the dying of the Lord. I need the learned's tongue to speak of this; I find myself unequal to the task. But I'm no feigned mourner, hir'd to cry. 1030 My grief is real: I fincerely weep, Though my tongue fails my forrows to exprese. The deepest woe is sad and silentost, Not finding language suited to its grief. Here then I'll stand in silence, and survey 4035 The corpse of Jesus-most affecting fight But see the friends of the deceased come To take the body from the bloody cross;

For they have begg'd it as their dearest boon.

Pray, who is there?—Good Joseph, rich and just,

A member of the great Sanhedrim; who

Had waited for the kingdom of his God:

Had not consented to the bloody deed,

The murder of the Savior; but withdrew,

When all his int'rest could not save that life 104;

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Which was to him to dear. For, you must know. That he was Christ's disciple in his heart, But had not overcome the fear of man, And therefore secretly to him adher'd. But in the time of need he shews himself: 1050 In greatest danger he is bolder grown. When boldest foldiers slee, the tim'rous stand. Now he could boldly go to Pilate's face. And ask him for the body of the Lord; The wrath of Jews and Gentiles fears no more. 1055 But who is that with him? Know you that man ? 'Tis Nicodemus; 'tis the very fame Who came to Jefus at the first by night. How is he alter'd for the better much! How ignorant was he! wife is he now! 1660 How fearful then was he! but now how bold! And yet this change came on by flow degrees. How many speak against these secret friends! These night-disciples, ignorant and weak; These timid ones, afraid to own their thoughts; 1065. Asham'd to own their sentiments, or love, Through fear of losing friends, and gaining foes; Who seem to want stability of mind; Appear to act an inconsistent part. Such I may pity, but shall ne'er despile Too well their fears and feelings I have known. Let those who, through an overheated zeal, Despise such characters (for such there are) Remember Nicodemus, and his like

Encourage; for they may be bold at last.

1075



I.] THE PASSION.

ecret friends may fometimes fervice do, open ones may have no chance at all. David sent his faithful Hushai back ow with the faithless Absalom: re his turn the better, and defeat 1084 ing'rous counfels of Ahitophel. and Nicodemus, hid fo long, th weakness, ignorance, or doubt, or fear, orth the boldest soldiers at the last, llow'd TESUS openly when dead, 1085 morably they did bury him, h he was flain most ignominiously) while, alive, they never dar'd to own. Roman guards attend. They break the legs the thieves who fuffer'd with the Lord, 1000 te them die the sooner, through the pain s of blood: (O punishment severe!) ius' legs they break not; for they found ad already; and the Scripture faid. of all his bones shall broken be. 1095 is foreshewed by the paschal lamb, of which they were forbid to bteak.)h! there follows here a moving fcene! r with a spear did pierce his side, through the pericardium and the heart, 1100 not and water flowing out at once! :ous action! ne'er to be forgot: i it not enough that he was dead? Centurion had affur'd the judge. vere fatisfy'd and order'd thee 7105

The Process and Empire of Christ. [Book IE.

To help to take his facred body down;
Who gave thee leave his bleffed fide to pierce?
What could poffes thee thus to use his corpse,
Now fince the governor had giv'n him up
To the disposal of his dearest friends?
How must they feel to see thee stab him thus!

But was this accident, or chance, that so
Directed him the Savior thus to stab?
'Twas the suffilment of a prophecy,
Foretold in ancient times, and must be done.

1115.
On me, whom they have pierced, they shall look,
And mourn for him, as tend'rest sire bere av'd,
Lamenteth for his son, his darling child,
And is in bitterness for his sirst born;
So shall they be in bitterness for me.

My Savior's fide a double flood pour'd out:
That stream which prov'd him dead, makes us to live Both blood and water ran to save our souls:
The blood aton'd, the water purifies.
Thus Jesus came by both, not one alone;
The Spirit, Water, Blood, in one agree:
And thus bear witness to God's truth on earth.

But now his body, taken from the crofs,
With myrrh, and aloes, spices, linen clean,
Was dress'd; and being thus prepar'd, was laid 1139.
In Joseph's tomb, hewn from the folid rock;
Where never man was laid before, nor since.
One stone so large as clos'd the sepulchre
Was brought and laid, that all might be secure.

Here lay the Prince of Peace; and thus hath bleft

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Book II.]

THE PASSION.

31

And made the grave a quiet resting-place. 1136 Death and the grave have lost their horrid gloom, Since Jesus pass'd their empire in his way To bliss unfading, and a glorious crown.

Here then we leave him in the tomb awhile, 1140 And take a little time to meditate
Upon the great defigns he had in view,
When on the crofs he fuffer'd pain and death,
And thus fulfill'd the purposes divine.
So while we mourn our Lord, untimely slain 1145
By cruel hands, we'll praise him for his love,
That made him willingly to death submit,
To raise our souls to everlasting life!

END OF THE SECOND BOOK.

BOOK III.

THE INTERMEDIATE STATE.

COME mortals, view your Savior here entomb'd;
O fight enough to break an heart of stone!

Jesus, the Lord of glory, sleeps in dust!

But wherefore must it be, that he should taste
The cup of death? Was there no other way
In which he could perform the Father's will,
Fulfil the law, and fave a guilty race;
Accomplish all the written prophecies,
And overcome the pow'rs of death and hell;
Destroy the devil's works, and purge our stains,
And reconcile the ruin'd world to God?

No other means were found, and none could be Sufficient to atchieve these mighty things, Except his death, or Jesus had escap'd; For thus he pray'd:—Father, if possible,

Let this cup pass from me, this bitter draught:
But if it is thy will that I must drink,
(Ev'n to the very dregs) my soul submits.
'Twas long foretold that Jesus should be slain;
Not for himself, but for the people's crimes.

Thus in his suff'ring scene, 'tis often said,
All this was done the Scriptures to sulfil,
The prophecies by ancient prophets wrote.

The following things of him were prophefy'd, Which to the nicest point have been fulfil'd,

Book III.] THE INTERMEDIATE STATE.

83

And therefore well deferve our ferious thoughts . i hat the Messiah, who should reconcile Both God and man together, should be nam'd IMMANUEL, GOD WITH US, The FATHER'S SON. Only-begotten Son of God most bigh, 3● Wonderful, Counsellor, the mighty God, The everlafting Father, Prince of Peace. That in the time appointed, he should take Our flesh, and be the woman's promis'd Seed : Yet she a virgin pure should still remain. 35 'Twas faid that he from Abr'ham's loins should spring, From Isaac's, Jacob's, Judah's, David's stock. That he in dethl'em's city should be born, Was plainly by the prophet Micah told. The sceptre was departing at his birth From Judah's tribe, as Jacob had declar'd. 'Twas said Messiah should be born and slain Within the term of seventy weeks of years. From the decree by Artaxerxes giv'n Jerusalem's fam'd city to rebuild. 45 Aud while the fecond temple still should stand, Whose greatest glory should in this consist,

That in it the Messiah should appear,
And with his real presence bless the place.

That Rachel's land should for its children mourn,
While he for safety, should to Egypt sly.
His name was called Netzer, or The Branch;
He dwelt at Nazareth, a Nazarene
Was call'd, and thus suffished the prophet's words.

Twas farther prophely'd, that he should have

A great forerunner to prepare his way; Who in the wilderness should cry aloud, And, like Elias, pow'rful be, and bold. That he in Galilee should first begin To preach the Gospel, and enlighten those

Who fat in darkness, and death's gloomy vale. That he should many wond'rous works perform;

(The blind eyes open, and deaf ears unftop; Make lame ones leap as hearts, the dumb to fing ;) By which his doctrine pure should be confirm'd. 65.

He shall not strive nor cry, (the prophet said) His voice shall not disturb the crowded streets; The bruised reed he shall not break, nor quench The fmoking flax, till vict'ry he obtains.

70

75

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' Mildness, humanity, and gentleness, Are traces of his character renown'd:

But persevering, he shall gain his ends,

And judgment shall establish in the land. And make the islands for his law to wait.

Another prophecy foretold, that he Should ride into Jerusalem upon An ass's colt: meek, lowly, just, and good; Having falvation, bringing peace to men : Should be proclaim'd as king, as David's fon, And loud hosannas chaunted to his praise, By babes and fucklings, as the Lord ordain'd.

He was the stone by builders set at nought, Yet by JEHOVAH made the corner's head; The stone in Zion laid, the tried stone, The precious corner-stone, foundation sure.

Book III. THE INTERMEDIATE STATE.

85

And whoso trusteth in his name, shall find He hath no cause of him to be asham'd. As this great work is by JEHOVAH done! 'Tis in our eyes both marvellous and grand.

Q٠

The prophet testify'd, that he should be Despised and rejected by mankind; A man of woe, acquainted well with grief; As one that hides his face because he weeps. Despis'd, unpity'd, disesteem'd by most,

95

Twas plainly told that he should be cut off For other men's transgressions, not his own; He for our crimes was wounded, for our fins Was bruis'd, and our chastisements on him laid; His righteous foul for us was put to pain. Tis by his stripes our fin-fick souls are heal'd. 100 All we like wand'ring sheep, have gone astray; To our own ways we have perverfely turn'd. I EHOVAH laid on him the fins of all, Of him they were exacted; them he bare. He was oppressed and afflicted fore; Yet never utter'd murm'ring, or complaint. By wicked men unjustly was condemn'd. Who would declare the manner of his life? No friend appear'd to plead his righteous cause. For our transgressions smitten unto death. His grave appointed with the wicked was: But with the rich man was his fepulchre. Though he no violence had ever done, Nor in his mouth deceit or guile were found;

105

Yet 'twas JEHOVAH's pleasure him to bruile,

And put his foul to grief because of sin.

The prophet farther faith, If he shall make
His soul an off'ring for the sins of men,
That he shall see his seed, prolong his days;
JEHOVAH'S pleasure prosp'ring in his hand,
Shall satisfy his soul for all its toil.
The many he shall justify, because
He bare the punishment of all their sins.
'Twas hinted by the Psalmist, that he should

By one of his disciples be betray'd. -- 125 Mine own familiar friend, who walk'd with me, Who ate my bread, in whom I did confide, Did lift the heel, and prov'd a traitor vile. Twas not an open fee that fought my harm; That I could well endure: but Oh, the wounds 130 Of falshood and deceit, where malice lurks Under the guise of friendship, who can bear? How often had we walk'd, and mutually Held conversation sweet! Thou wast a man, Mine equal, guide, and mine acquaintance dear ! 135 But Oh, he hath rebell'd against his Lord! His word feem'd smoother than the softest oil; Yet were they sharpest swords for war prepar'd. This David of Ahitophel declar'd,

And might, with truth, be spoke of Judas too. 140
Alike their treason, and alike their end;
Themselves they hang'd! Dire fruits of persidy!
Of Judas thus the Holy Spirit spake,
By David's mouth—His Dwelling shall be void,
His office to another shall be giv'a



Book III.] THE INTERMEDIATE STATE.

87

And he himself shall die abhor'd, accurst.

That Christ for thirty pieces should be sold—
The money to the potter should be cast—
Were circumstances by the Lord reveal'd,
And written long before the things were done. 150

Awake, O fword, (Jehovah faith) and finite
The man, my shepherd, fellow, and my friend.
The shepherd finite, the sheep shall be dispersed.
This was accomplished when he was betrayed,
And his disciples saved themselves by slight;
Leaving their master in his great distress.

That he should be mock'd, scourg'd, and spit upon, And fusfer agonies of soul extreme; And as a malefactor die the death, The most accurred death that man could taste; 150 Should hang upon a tree, be lifted up, As Moles rais'd the brazen forpent high; In hands, and feet, and fide, should pierced be; Be number'd with transgressors; bear the sins Of many, or the multitude of men, 165 And intercession make for creatures vile; That lots upon his vesture should becast, And men among themselves his cloaths divide; His thirst be mock'd with vinegar and gall; That all his bones should be preserv'd unbroke, 170 And th at with honor he should be entomb'd, Maugre the rage and malice of his foes-These things were all foretold, and came to pass, With great exactness, as the prophets wrote. Thus then, one reason's plain why Jesus dy'

Because the Scriptures cannot be annull'd. The law of Moses, in its num'rous rites, To Jesus pointed, was in him fulfill'd; He was both altar, facrifice, and priest; In him the legal fervice had it's end; 18. He was the great fin-offering, typify'd By all the facrifices of the law His death hath answer'd all the purposes, And more than all, for which they were defign'd. Far greater is our pricft than Aaron was; For he had fins and failings; Christ, had none. The facrifices offer'd by the priefts Were offer'd frequently; Christ, once for all. They offer'd blood of others; he, his own. They made atonement for themselves, as well As for the congregation; he, for us, Not for himself at all, he needed not; For he was holy, harmless, undefil'd, And separate from finners, free from fin, 194 Made higher than the heav'ns, and hath his throne Above all principalities and pow'rs, And ev'ry name that can be nam'd, in this Or in the age to come : to him all things Shall be subjected in their proper sime.

Those priests were many, and successors had; 204
For death prevented their continuance long.
But Christ abides for ever; therefore hath
A glorious priesthood, sure, unchangable.
And having once a full atonement made,
And purg'd our sins by his own precious blood, 201



Book II _] THE INTERMEDIATE STATE.

89

And reconciliation made for all, Is able, to the uttermost to save, The foul s that come to God through him; because, Though once he dy'd to fin, he lives to God, And ever lives to intercede for them. 210 The law made nothing perfect; all alike Were still in weakness found, people and priests, And facrifices, covenant, and rites. The load of fin could never be remov'd By all the blood of lambs, or bullocks flain, 215 Nor conscience of the worshippers be purg'd: For in those oft-repeated offerings, Each year there was a fresh remembrance made Of fin; thus shewing that it still remain'd. 219 CHRIST was the Lamb of God, who takes away, By his great facrifice, the fin of men. Those off'rings were appointed for a time; (Though everlasting was to them apply'd) As shadows of the substance then to come. CHRIST is the cabernacle, altar, prieft, 225 Ark, mercy feat, bread, light and facrifice. His spirit is the oil, his grace the spice, The incense is his mediation fweet, The candlestick his church, the facred cloaths Point out the robe of righteoufness divine; 230 Salvation's holy garments white and clean ! The place most holy, quite of the true, The palace of JEHOVAH represents; The cherubim, or ferophim, intend His ministers redeem'd from earth by blood's IL 2.

o The Process and Empire of Christ. [Book HR.

The leaders of the Church of the first-born,
First fruits of men to God, and to the Lamb.
The cleansing blood and water, shadows were
Of that mysterious double-slood, which ran
from our dear Savior's wounded, pierced side.

244.
By which our stains are cleans'd, our sins forgiv'n.

Thus is our Lord the substance of the law: And as blood-shedding was by that requir'd, Without which no remission is obtain'd, By blood almost all things are purg'd and cleans'd > And as the patterns of the heav'nly things Were purify'd with blood, the blood of beafts, Twas needful that the heav'nly things themselves, Should all be purg'd, restored and reconcil'd, By facrifices better far than thefe: 250. And hence 'twas necessary Christ should die. For blood of finful men could ne'er atone, Where purest blood of harmless lambs had fail'd. Wo blood so pure was ever found on earth As that of besits, except the blood of CHRIST. 255 Man's blood defiles; the blood of beafts did ferve, To cleanfe the flesh: the blood of Jesus makes The conscience pure, and takes all guilt away. Thus 'twas appointed that he should appear, Finish transgression, make an end of fin, And for iniquities of of ev'ry kind A perfect reconciliation make, And bring in everlafting righteoufness : And thus fulfil both prophecies and types. Another grand defign our Savior had-



Book III] THE INTERMEDIATE STATE.

7

In fuff'ring death, was to confirm, and feal, To dedicate his glorious testament, To ratify the covenant of grace, And give his will validity and force: For though a will and testament be made, 27 It hath no strength while the testator lives: And confequently he must furely die, Or else his written testament is void. The former testament was ratify'd. Was dedicated, and confirm'd by blood. ²⁷⁵ When faithful Moses ev'ry thing had wrote, And ev'ry precept to the people spake; Which God had giv'n him to communicate, He took the blood of calves and goats, which he With water mix'd; then dipp'd into the same Some hystop, and a lock of scarlet wool. The people, tabernacle, book, and all The holy vessels, sprinkled he therewith, Declaring that the testamental blood, Or covenant, which God had them enjoin'd. Thus when the Savior broke the bread, he faid, Take eat; this is my body broke for you: And when he took the wine, he faid, Drink this; For 'tis my blood of the new Testament, .Shed for your fins, and for the multitude. 290 Thus, with propriety, his blood is call'd Blood of the everlasting covenant; By which, with many, it was then confirm'd, When Jesus taited death for ev'ry man. Christ dy'd to reconcile us all to God; 29<u>5</u>. And this he did while we were enemies:

Much more when reconcil'd, we shall be fav'd,
Since Jesus lives to intercede for us.

For if his death hath done such mighty things,
Not less may be expected from his life.

300

If objects of eternal love we were
Before Christ dy'd, we cannot now be less;
Since he hath bought us with his precious blood.

Gentiles and Jews to reconcile together,
And break the wall of separation down;
Making of twain one new man by himself,
And thus proclaiming peace to all as one;
Bringing both nigh to God; taking away
The enmity which the distinction made:

To compass this, Christ suffered on the cross. 310-Hence difference now there's none, before the Lord, Between the Gentile nations and the Jews:

No nation now is common or unclean,

Since Jesus shed his blood to c'eanse them all.

All are his children, over all he's Lord,

And rich to all that call upon his name.

As all partakers were of flesh and blood,
He stoop'd to be our partner; took the same,
That he might suffer death, and thus destroy
The devil's kingdom, and the pow'r of death:
320
And ransom those who are enslav'd by sear;
Through fear of death in cruel bondage held
O blest deliv'rance! this we may obtain,

Since Jesus gave his life for that intent.

And sure 'twas kind the tyrant to disarm,



Book III.] THE INTERMEDIATE STATE.

93

Since to escape him, who can dare to hope?

What comfort hence results to dying men?

And what a glorious reason may be giv'n

Why Jesus tasted death for ev'ry one?

Let praise and graticude for ever flow

330

From all our hearts, to him who death destroy'd,

And robb'd the mortal tyrant of his sting.

'Twas needful Christ should pass thro' ev'ry state Thro' which the wand'ring fons of men had gone, And overcome the evil in them all. Thus he was born, liv'd, dy'd, reviv'd, and rose; That over all he might dominion gain, Be stil'd Lord of the living and the dead. He gave his flesh for meat, his blood for drink; And dy'd to give to us eternal life. His precious blood is now an open fount, Wherein our foulest stains may all be cleans'de: Our fins, like scarlet, may be white as snow; Though red like crimfon, may become as wool; And we from all iniquity be purg'd. 345 And from this present evil world redeem'd, May glorify our God by works of love. Many and glorious were our Lord's defigns

In suff'ring death: one more I'll mention here:—
He dy'd for us, as our example bright,
That we his steps should follow to the last.
Thus, when we're call'd to suffer in his cause,
We may commit our souls to God the Just;
And bear with meekness, what our Lord permits.
And forasmuch as Christ for us endur'd

355

That many prophets, kings, and righteous men, Desir'd to see and hear the things they did, But yet had never seen nor heard the same:
But mark, he did not say they never should;
For their desires were all fulfill'd at length.

For their defires were all fulfill'd at length. How did the company in paradife Increas'd fince righteous Abel thither went! Long did he wait ere by another join'd: Think how he welcom'd in the foul of Eve, They, that of Adam; all that after came. 425 Were welcom'd by the spirits gone before. But when the foul of Jesus left the world, And came to vifit those who waited long To see their Lord, who can describe the scene? O the surprize and joy that fill'd the place! Who can express their raptures, or declare The kind expressions slowing from his tongue? Methinks when first he enter'd, one proclaim'd Here comes your Savior's foul to visit you! Let all adore their Lord, who dy'd for them. Then down in filence proftrate all they fell.

For whom they waited, wish'd, and look'd so long,
Soon, as Redeemer, he address'd the throng,
With, Peace be unto you, behold your king!
This day I dy'd upon the cross, and made
A full propitiation for mankind;
For all your fins my blood hath now aton'd,
And I am come to comfort all your hearts;
Good will, peace, parden, wisdem, love, and pow'

With joy and wonder fill'd, to fee him there,



Book III.] , THE INTERMEDIATE STATE.

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Redemption and falvation I proclaim,
Since to my Father all I've reconcil'd.

Soon from the dead my body shall be rais'd:
Some of your graves I've open'd, you shall rise
As trophies of my vict'ry o'er the grave;
450
The rest, when I descend, on earth to reign,
Shall the same blessings share, shall be redeem'd
From soul corruption's pow'r—in glory rais'd;
Shall shine like suns and stars, dominion have
O'er all the people; and like me appear,
In brightness like the firmament of heav'n.
A crown of righteousness, and glorious throne
Shall be your portion; for with me you're heirs.

This faid, the blifsful place did loud refound,
And Worthy, worthy, worthy is the Lamb
460
Glory and pow'r and honor to receive,
For he was flain, and ranfom'd us to God;
And we shall live and reign with him on earth!

But now the thief expir'd, his foul convey'd

By guardian angels, foon arriv'd in peace,

As Jefus promis'd. O what triumph then

Was heard in paradife, when this first-born

Of Jefus' labor, was receiv'd to dwell

In Abrah'm's bosom, with his faithful sons!

Our Savior's fust' rings were both cause and means

Of his repentance and conversion true.

471

This triumph, gain'd by grace in such an hour,

The dear Redeemer greatly magnify'd.

But now excusemy bold attempt to shew The Savier's process through Gehenne's shades. 475

For as he shed his blood for all the dead,
'Twas necessary he should visit them.

For if he dy'd for all, as we believe,
And shed his blood for the transgressions done,
From Adam's first offence through every age; 4

For those who held the former testament,
And for past sins, as well as those to come;
He had a pow'r to set his pris'ners free,
And claim the captives as his lawful right:
And therefore he must pass through ev'ry state, 4

And visit ev'ry place where men were sound,
Whether alive or dead, that he might be
Acknowledg'd as the rightful Lord of all;
And gain a full dominion ev'ry where

And make opposing pow'rs submit to him.

Far in the deep, the centre of the earth, The gloomy mansions of despair are plac'd; (Unless the scripture's written to deceive) To this fad place the Savior must descend, As he himself did frequently declare; That as the prophet Jonah, swallow'd up, Three days and nights entombld in darkness lay; Contain'd within the belly of the whale; Thus must the Son of man as long remain, Not in earth's furface only, but its heart For he that was defign'd all things to fill, 'To re ascend into the highest heav'ns, Must first descend into earth's lower parts, The depth of Hades but not there remain Why should we gloss the facted pages to 5

530

As to explain their meaning quite away? For foul put body, surface for the centre? By this fame rule, we might destroy all sense, And make the facred books mean what we pleafe. But as they have declar'd, that wicked men 510 Into the lower parts of earth shall go, And that our Savior also thither went, T' accomplish most important purposes, Of hell's locality we need not doubt; But may believe 'tis in earth's centre found. 5:5 This is no pious fraud of gloomy priests, Howe'er it may be ridicul'd by men: JEHOVAH hath thought fit to represent The matter thus, and who can him gainfuy? Rather would I believe him than dispute, 522 Or once suppose that his description's false. But who can paint the place where darknefed wells? Or who can count the many millions there, Shut up, on whom the light had never shone Since first they enter'd, till that blessed day 525 When Jesus went, deliv'rance to proclaim To captives bound in adamantine chains, Which he alone could break, and fet those free Who were in prison, in the pit confin'd,

Th' amazing gulf impassable, which parts
Gehenna from the land of Paradise,
Which none had cross'd 'till then, nor hop'd to pass,
The breaker up attempted, not in vain,

535

Where not a drop of water could be found,

Or comfort to assuage their bitter grief.

For he fucceeded, maugre all the pow'r Of hell's grim menarch, who oppos'd his march With most infernal fury; for he fear'd The confequences of his entrance there. But Jesus broke the gates of brass, and cut 540. The iron bars in sunder, and obtain'd The keys of hell and death, which now he holds. He shuts, and none can open, but himself; He opens, none can shut; all pow'r is giv'n, All judgment is committed to the Son. 545. All hell was mov'd, on that occasion strange,

When Babylon's proud Monarch came to dwelf In those dark regions, hell was mov'd to meet So great a tyrant, and stirr'd up the dead, 550. The mighty ones; the princess of the earth, Who, rising from their thrones, address'd him thus:

Art thou become like us? As weak as we?
Thy pomp and noise is to the grave brought down: The worms are spread beneath, and cover thee. 555 How art thou sallen from the height of heav'n, O Luciser, son of the morning bright!
How to the ground like other worms thou'rt cast.
Who weaken'd nations, and destroy'd mankind!
Thou said'st, I will ascend to heaw'n above, 560 And six my throne above the stars of God;
I'll sit upon the congregation's mount,
Where God hath plac'd his name, I'll make my seat,
Above the highest clouds myself I'll raise;
Like the Most High in glory I will be: 565

Book III.] THE INTERMEDIATE STATE.

These were thy boasts, but now, brought down to hell, Within the prison of the pit confin'd, Thy pow'r is gone, thy slaves no longer fear, But look to fee thy vifage alter'd fo, And thus contemn thee with their taunting words; Is this the man that made the earth to shake ? 571 Made Kingdoms totter on their bases deep ! That turn'd the world into a wilderness! Destroy'd towns, cities, countries, nations, lands; That never open'd prison doors, nor set 575 His captives free, once taken by his hand? Thus hell's inhabitants insulted him. And O what num'rous nations there were found! When Egypt was destroy'd by Chaldea's king, And Pharaoh proud descended to the pit, All nature feem'd to mourn his dreadful fall. The deeps were cover'd and the floods restrain'd, Great waters stay'd, and high Libanus mourn'd, The fruitful trees feem'd fainting at his fall. How shook the nations when God hurl'd him down To hell! the nether parts of earth, the pit, 535. With many nations join'd with him in death. The heav'ns were mantled, and the stars were dark, The fun was cover'd with a fable cloud, And God forbade the filver moon to shine. All the bright lights of heav'n were darken'd then; Darkness and clouds were set upon the land. Such numbers then descended all at once. Slain by the fword; if that would comfort them, None furely confolation need to want. 595

TO2 The Process and Empire of Christ. [Book IIF.

But O, the lamentable wailing hear, Which God commanded for the multitude Of Fgypt siain, and all their company. Wail Son of man, for proud Egyptians flain, And cast them down, nor them alone, but all 600 The daughters of the nations greatly fam'd To earths most nether parts, its centre deep, With them that to the gloomy pit go down: Whom doit thou pass in beauty, Egypt fair ? Go down, with the uncircumcis'd be laid. 605 They by the fword shall fall among the dead. bhe is deliver'd to the dreadful stroke : Draw her, and all her multitudes together. The strong among the mighty out of hell, Shall speak to him, and to his helpers flain; They are gone down, they lie uncircumcis'd, Slain by the fword, and many nations more. Ashur is there, and all her company: His graves are round about him, all destroy'd By cruel war; dire fruits of mortal sin! See there her graves around her, in the fides. Of the deep dreaty pit; O awful thought! Her company is round about her grave; All flain, and by the fword cut off from earth, Who caus'd their terror far to spread abroad. Elam, with all her multitude around, Slain fallen by the fword uncircumcis'd, Gone down into the nether-parts of earth; Who caus'd their fear upon mankind to fall; Yet have they berne their skame, at others have, 6252

III.] THE INTERMEDIATE STATE. 184

have gone down together to the pit. is fet among the flain for her, for her multitude, whose graves furround him, cumcis'd, unclean, flain by the fword. profit can it be to them, that once 620 to the living were fo terrible? ey must bare their shame, and dwell among nelancholy dead, whom fwords deftroy'd. ere's Meshech, Tubal, and her num'rous hosts, in the manner as before describ'd; character the same, the same their end. or fome reason separated there other mighty ones uncircumcis'd; with their warlike weapons went to hell; little of that hidden state we know)! cruel fwords under their heads are laid, eir iniquities are on their bones; fins lie down with them and give them pain, nake their fouls in bitt'rest accents mourn. mee the terror of the mighty, now. 645. eble, and a terror to themselves. ow'rful as thou was, thou shalt be broke, ike thy portion with the vulgar tribe, rith th' uncircumcifed flain shall lie. with all her princes, dukes and kings, ere in ruin, brought exceeding low. night is perish'd, and their grandeur gone; the pit their habitation lies. re be the princess of the north, with them. w'rful fons of fam'd Zidonian race.

som The Precess and Empire of Christ. [Book III.

Now they're asham'd of all their mighty deeds. And bear their shame, the punishment of crimes, With all the nations who inhabit hell, Slain by the fword, uncircumcis'd, unclean, Pharoah shall see the num'rous peoples there; 660 And that the mighty have no cause to boast, And have this comfort that he's not alone, (If this is comfort to the mis'rable) This is the lamentation over him. A dreadful warning to proud mighty men: 665 Though great their glory, great must be their shame: For just in that proportion as they have In foftness liv'd, and glorify'd themselves, Just so much pain and sorrow they must feel. O what amazing numbers were confin'd In these dark regions! most who liv'd and dy'd During the period of four thousand years. But far the greatest number swept at once From earth, was by the flood in Noah's time. Millions have been destroy'd in one campaign By war, as was the case with Xerxes host; Earthquakes, volcanoes, famines, plagues and storms, Wide wasting pestilences, raging slames, And dreadful inundations, whirlwinds fierce, Have often flain their millions: but the flood Swept off a world at once; which then contain'd Near twenty thousand millions of mankind; Suppose they doubled twice each century; Which cannot be improbable, because No children dy'd in infancy; they liv'd 985



THE INTERMEDIATE STATE, 165.

housand years in gen'ral then. fon before his father dy'd, nine generations left the stage e dreadful flood of water came. calculation's rightly made, ne thousand and thirty were drown'd, had been born of woman kind. s peopled then at once with ghosts, been disobedient sinners bold, 3od's long fuff'ring, ridicul'd б95 it who through faith and fear prepar'd or the falvation of his house. re shut up in prison, and remain'd is darkness; not one chearful ray 'd the difmal gloom in that long night, wo thousand and four hundred years.) 700 nder that our Savior first began h the gospel to those wretched fouls, e a large proportion of mankind r yet have liv'd fince time began. 705 ig they finn'd on earth; no others had, shall have, half their years to sin. of reas'ning, plain it feems e the greatest sinners of mankind; first and longest in the ways 710 I to dire destruction, harden'd most forbearing patience of the Lord. had they continu'd in despair. dy'd for them, as well as us; the gospel might to them be known,

106 The Process and Empire of Christ [Book III.

He went, his foul descended into hell; The prison doors he enter'd, and he preach'd Unto the spirits there confined long. Who sometime disobedient were, when once God waite I long in ancient Noah's days. Christ preach'd to dead, distinguish'd f. om the quick, (As he is judge both of the quick and dead) That by the gospel they might judged be, Like those who heard it while they dwelt in flesh, And that they might in spirit live to God, 725 And be compleatly free from fin and death. Thus Jesus gave himself a sacrifice, A ransom for the world, and ev'ry man, From Adam, to the last that shall be born: To be in due time testify'd to all. 730

What great fuccess attended Jesus then. Who can conceive? What mortal can declare? He spoiled principalities and pow'rs, And of them openly he made a shew; Triumphing over those infernal hosts, 735 Who held their captives fast in hellish chains. He from the mighty took the prey, and fet The lawful captives at their liberty. Thus he captivity did captive lead; And by his blood the pris'ners were fent forth, 740 Out of the pit of drouth, and deepest woe. This work fulfill'd the ptophecies, which faid, Thus faith JEHOVAH, who created heav'ns And stretch'd them out, and form'd the earth and see Made man, and gives him being, life, and breath,

II.] THE INTERMEDIATE STATE.

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oth provide him ev'ry needful thing: save I call'd in righteousness divine, old thine hand, and thee in safety keep, ve thee for the people's covenant; the Gentiles thou shalt be a light. 750 yes to open, pris'ners to bring forth it in darkness, from the prison house, e the glorious work thou shalt perform. a time acceptable I've heard ice, and help'd thee in falvation's day. 755 command the pris'ners shall be free, ns of darkness see the light again, ew themselves, and feed in the high-ways, high places find a pasture green; ing breight from tribulation great, e at ege tchungsennd thirst no more pirits flant oppress, nor sun, nor heat. d who gives them mercy, shall them lead, em and guide them by the water springs.) ye heav'ns; O earth, break forth with joy; intains fing, and all the hills rejoice; IH hath his people comforted, Il have mercy upon his distress'd. in darkness fit, in death's fad shade, is of iron and affliction bound; 770 : against Jehovah they rebell'd, ords and counsel of the Lord contemn'd: re their heart with labor he brought down; ill, and there was none to help them up. · Tehovah in their trouble cry'd 775

He saved them from their distresses great. He brought them out of darkness, where they sat, And from death's gloomy shadow set them free. In sunder break their bands insrangible.

O praise Jebovah for his mercy's sake! 789
His wond'rous works demand your noblest song.
Not brazen gates, nor massy iron bars,
Nor gulf impassable, nor hosts of soes,
Nor all the pow'rs of hell, could him prevent
From visiting with light and love unknown 785
The spirits, who so long had dwelt in night.
He to the captives liberty proclaim'd,
The opening of the prison to the bound;
And those consol'd who mourn'd in darkness long.

Thus plain it feed is, that ancient's there heard 700 The glorious gospel, by the savioral casch'd; They disobedient once, his word oney'd, "is For ought we know, and were by him restor'd. 'Though Sodom still remain'd, as Jude declares, Set forth for an example to the world; 795: Suff'ring the vengeance of eternal fire's Yet glorious promises await her still : That her captivity shall be return'd; She, with her daughters, by Jehovah giv'n, To proud Jerusalem, but humbled then, 8ce Shall be receiv'd with kindest arms of love, (Though once despis'd, forgot, contemn'd and scorn'd And counted vile by her, more vile herfelf.) When all her fins shall be forgiv n, and she Shall find in God a father just, yet good;



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Who though he will correct, will ne'er forfake, But bring his straying children home at last.

Sing, O ye heav'ns! Jehovah did the dead! Shout, shout, shout, ye lower parts of earth. : Ye mountains, O break forth in longs of praise! 810 O forest wide, and ev'ry tree therein; Jehovah hath redeemed Jacob's race, And glorify'd himself in Israel's sons. And this falvation great, is light compar'd With those designs so marvellous, so grand, 815 So worthy of a God; for thus he faith To his eternal Son, the Lord from heav'n: Tis but a light thing that thou should'st become My servant to raise up old Jacob's tribes, . And the preserv'd of Israel to restore : 820 I'll give thee to the Gentile world a light; To earth's remotest ends salvation be. Perform thy pleasure, bring all knees to bow, Bring ev'ry tongue to fwear, and thee confess The universal Lord. But ask of me, 825 The heathen, thine inheritance, I'll give; Possess the utmost limits of the earth.

The Father to the Son all things hath giv'n,
In heav'n, on earth, and in the worlds below;
Therefore to fave the lost he freely came;
Was born, liv'd, dy'd, descended into hell,
Proclaim'd the gospel, triumph'd over him
Who led poor sinners captive at his will.

These mighty acts I've sung; But Ch, how far, My highest strains must fall below his deeds! 855

110 The Process and Empire of Christ. [Book III.

My theme is lofty, though my fong is weak;
Fain would I praise him, but my words are faint!
My spirit sinks beneath the pond'rous load.
Much still remains to sing, and much I fear
That I shall ne'er be able to compleat
The mighty task I've ventur'd to begin.
But since thus far I'm come, in Him I'll trust
Who can inspire my heart, and guide my pen;
And from the mouth of such a helpless babe,
Perfect his praise, and still the enemy.

845

END OF THE THIRD BOOK.



Book IV.]

THE RESURRECTION.

III

5

BOOK IV.

THE RESURRECTION.

CHILDREN of Adam listen to my song;
A most important subject is propos'd,
In which your int'rest and concern lie deep;
Christ's glorious resurrection is the theme;
That grand event on which salvation hangs;
The sure soundation of our christian faith.
This might employ an angel's noblest pow'rs;
But God will not disdain a child's attempt.

The Savior crucify'd by wicked hands,

Had yielded up his life a facrifice;

His foes had triumph'd, and his friends despair'd:

His mangled body, wounded to the heart,

Was in the filent tomb securely laid,

Its entrance by a pond'rous stone was clos'd:

What room, to see se fense, remain'd for hope? 15.

His followers had abandon'd now his cause,

Chiesly consulting how they might be safe.

Upon the following day, his cruel foes

The Scribes, Chies Priests, and Pharisees, combin'd,

And came to Pilate, thus addressing him: 20

Sir we remember that Deceiver said,
In three days time I shall arise again.
We therefore pray that thou wouldst place a guard,
Till the third day, to keep the tomb secure;
Lest his disciples steal his corpse by night,
25

30.

And then proclaim him rifen from the dead;
Thus the last error shall exceed the first.
Go then, said Pilate, you shall have a watch,
Be ev'ry thing according to your will:
Make it as sure as possibly you can.
Thus authoriz'd, they seal'd the stone, and plac'd
A guard of soldiers round the sepulchre.

Now when the early dawn began to show
Its beauties, and declar'd the sun's approach.
The third, th' appointed day, its eye-lids op'd;
A train of women, faithful to their Lord,
Were walking early to survey the place
Where lay deposited their dearest friend,
And bringing spices to embalm his sless.

But lo 1 a glorious form from bear's same dearest.

But lo ! a glorious form from heav'n came down, An angel of the Lord, in light array'd; At his approach the mountains feem'd to nod. Instinctive, and the folid orb did quake: The stone was in a moment roll'd aside, Which for a while, became a flaming throne, 45 On which he fat in terrible array; His countenance as light'ning fiercely blaz'd : The keepers shook with fear, and fell as dead. Just in that moment rose the royal Prince; The Lord of glory left the darksome tomb. 50 The brightest sun that ever shone in heav'n, From whom all light is borrow'd, was eclips'd; Obscur'd in darkest shades, he set in blood; He dwelt in darkness, made the dust his bed, Though fons and stars are only shades of him:

Book IV.]

THE RESURRECTION.

113

But foon he rose triumphant, and appear'd
More beauteous than the radiant source of day,
Which chears all nature, makes creation smile,
And gladdens ev'ry heart at its approach.

Or, as when darkest clouds had long o'ercast 60
The horizon and dreadful storms of rain,
Hailstones, and furious whirlwinds, tempests drear,
Have roar'd around the frighted mariners;
When neither sun, nor moon, nor stars are seen
For many days, 'till all their hopes are lost.

But when at length, the sun appears in sight,
The clouds disperse, the dreadful blasts are gone,
The day shines clear, a fair and pleasant breeze
Brings them in safety to their destin'd port;
How joyful is the change! So chang'd the scene 70
When Jesus rose, and morn appear'd more fair
After so sad a night; the storm was hush'd,
And balmly zephyrs whisper'd, He is ris'n.

Or, as when Sol is totally eclips'd,
The gloomy shade appears more dismal far
Than darkest midnight in its proper time.
What sudden consternation seizes all
The animals! The birds affrighted sly
To covert, or, as though depriv'd of life,.
They drop their wings, and fall uponthe ground; 80
The beasts retire, as though 'twere darkest night;
Nations astonish'd gaze with terror fill'd!
Such the tremendous scene when Jesus dy'd
But O what pen can paint the gen'ral joy,
When the bright sua emerges from the gloom; 35

Birds fing for gladuess, beasts and men rejoice. Such was the joy in heav'n when Jesus rose.

All figures here must fail, but fancy still Would wish indulgence in the glowing theme. When man was first created, up he cast His wond'ring and de lighted eyes, to view The radiant source of day, an emblem bright Of the Creator, who in glory dwells, In light inessable, from darkness free.

90

But can we tell his thoughts when first he faw 95. The shining orb descend to western skies, And leave the world to night, not knowing then Whether or not he should behold it more, To bless his longing fight with new-born day? And if his fentiments and feelings were ICQ-But in the least congenial with our own, He might express himself in words like these : Fair fource of day! so pleasing to my eyes, On which I gaz'd with raptures known no more : Whether, ah whether hast thou sled from me? 205 And must I never see the light again? O, I had hop'd to have enjoy'd thy rays, While my existence should endure, but now Alas that theu art gone! I'm in suspense How long I may continue, since I see I'I'O That thou art vanish'd, whom I thought so late To be of heav'nly, origin, - bright, pure, The image of the glorious Architect: In worth fo far fuperior to myself. Or all that I behold; for thou didst give



Book IV.] THE RESURRECTION.

115

Beauty and life to ev'ry thing I faw:

But thou art gone! perhaps for ever gone!

Ah, wast thou shown me for a little time,

And then recall'd, no more to bless my sight,

To let me feel the want of thee, which else

I ne'er had known, if I had not beheld

Such glorious beauty in thy shining face

That beggars all description! but now lost,

What have I lest, if I must be depriv'd

Of thy essugance, and in darkness grope,

Banish'd from light, and the blest beams of day?

But words are poor, too poor, to represent

But words are poor, too poor, to represent
His joy and glad surprize, when he beheld
The rising sun on the ensuing morn,
129
And heav'n born light appear'd to bless his eyes!

But how much greater woes and pains they felt
Who had enjoy'd the Savior's chearing rays;
When they beheld the Sun of righteousness,
That rose with heav'nly healing in his wings,
Go down at noon, thus early set in blood,
135
Cut off by an untimely, cursed death;
How did their brightest hopes expire with him!

Great was their mourning for their murder'd Lord!

As when a prince of greatest elemency,
In whom benevolence displays itself,
Whose government is equal, just, and mild;
Whose laws are rectitude and harmony;
And all his acts promote the public weal;
Should he by guile and treach'ry be betray'd
To murd'rous hands, and suffer shameful death;

116 The Process and Empire of Christ. [Book IV:

How would his faithful fubjects mourn and wail ! So wept our Lord's disciples when he dy'd; And might in mournful plaints express their grief In fome fuch melancholy words as thefe. And is our Lord and Master sain indeed? Is Christ the Lord's anointed put to shame? We trusted that it had been he that should Judah redeem, and Israel's tribes restore; Under his shadow we had hop'd to dwell. Among the heathen who compass us round. 155: But ah! our fondest expectation fails! We thought we could not be deceiv'd in him : His doctrine, miracles, and spotless life, His patience, and unfeign'd humility, Meekness and resignation, love and zeal, All join'd to prove him more than mortal man. O what amazing forrows fill our fouls While we remember all his words of peace, (Now heard no more) and all his works of love. Our plcasures gone! and all our joys are fled! 165 All, all is lost? What comfort can we find, Since he is gone from us,—for ever loft? And all we priz'd, or lov'd, is wholly gone. While he was present heav'n could grant no more ge. To see, to hear him speak, was all we wish'd; 175 In him our wants and wishes were supply'd. So happily we liv'd, fo free from care, That grief and fasting were to us unknown: At which the Scribes and Pharifees did rage. But now we find our Master spake aright,



IV.] THE RESURRECTION.

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thus their censure mildly he reprov'd, ou suppose the Bridegroom's friends will fast at the feast his presence they enjoy? hen the day of separation comes, shall they weep and fast, and grieve and mourn o our cost is truly verify'd; omforter that oft reliev'd our fouls, from us: how great our forrows are! t our grief, it cannot be increas'd; oo consirm'd for time to mitigate. 185 ien Jesus dy'd, all nature sympathiz'd, from its centre groan'd; the open'd graves im'd some great transaction near to come. when he rose, dead men came forth to see onders wrought by God's amazing pow'r. 190 shew'd themselves alive in open light, he holy city enter'd and appear'd any: thus proclaiming, Jesus lives. en the first company of women came to the place where Jesus was interr'd, lting how to roll the stone away, lifted up their eyes, and faw 'twas mov'd. Mary Magdalen, immediately e she farther went) ran back to tell oftles, John and Peter, what was done, 200 ne fuppos'd her Lord was stol'n away therwise had not been then inform'd,) she went back with this perplexing news. empany went onwards to the tomb; leffed angel had poffess'd the place:

The guards, recover'd from their fwoon, were gone. The women ent'ring in beheld a fight, That overpow'r'd their spirits; for there fat An heav'nly messenger, who then appear'd Like a young man, in long white garments cloth'd 34 (At fight of whom they were affrighted fore.) Who thus address'd them, O be not asraid; I know that ye feek Jesus who was flain: He is not here, for he is truly ris'n: Come see the place where they his body laid: - And quickly go and tell his followers, Peter especially, that he's alive; Behold he goeth foon to Galilee, There ye shall see him, as he said to you : What I have told you, ye shall find the truth. Then quickly they departed with great fear, And ran to carry his disciples word: But being fore affrighted, nothing faid To some they faw while going on their way, Who probably were Mary, Peter, John, Who ran with speed to see the sepulchre. John outran Peter, and came thither first, And stooping down beheld the linen cloaths,

John outran Peter, and came thither first,
And stooping down beheld the linen cloaths,
Yet enter'd not 'till Peter did arrive;
Who boldly vent'ring down, beheld the same! 230
But neither saw an angel nor the Lord.

Peter comes out, and John himself descends,
And by the order which he there beheld,
Was then convinc'd that Christ had lest the dead:
For they, as yet, had never understood 235



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THE RESURRECTION.

119

The prophecies, that he must rise again.

Then they departed, leaving Mary there;
Who, fill'd with love to Jesus, stay'd behind,

Determined to feek him constantly,

Till the could find his body; for the still

240

Believ'd 'twas ftolen from the fepulchre.

When they were gone, the looking in efpy'd

Two angels fitting, cloath'd in white array!

One at the head, the other at the feet,

Where Jesus' bleffed body had been laid.

245

Woman, why weepest thou? demanded they.
Because (said she) my Lord they have remov'd.

Because (said she) my Lord they have remov'd, And where they've laid him I am ignorant.

When thus she spake, she backward turn'd herself, And saw the Savior stand; but knew him not 250

Then he accosted her in words like these; Woman, why weepest thou? whom seekest thou?

Woman, why weepest thou? whom seekest thou:

She (thinking him to be the gardener)

Thus answer'd—Sir, if thou hast borne him hence, Tell me where theu hast said him, I intreat, 225 And I will take him thence immediately.

JESUS faid, Mary. She well knew the voice, And turn'd herfelf, and answer'd, RABBONI.

Then Jesus fading Embrace me not as yet;

(That is, at this time take not leave of me)

You shall behold my face ere I depart,

Go to my brethren, tell the joyful news,

That I am rifen, and shall soon ascend

Unto my Father, and my God and yours.

Bid them prepare to see me ere I go.

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120 The Process and Empire of Christ. [Book IV.

She was the first to whom the Lord appear'd After his resurrection from the dead;
And she first carried the disciples word,
And told them she had seen the Lord himself;
And that he had declar'd these things to her.

As foon as Jesus thus to Mary spake, He quickly went to meet those fearful ones Who lately had departed from the tomb: To whom he thus addressed himself-All hail! Thus kindly diffipating all their fears: 275 And as they needed greater evidence Than Mary did (having been terrify'd) He fuffer'd them to hold him by the feet, And pay their humble worship to him there. Then farther spake to them in mildest terms, Be not afraid: Go tell my brethren dear To meet in Galilee, to see their Lord; As I appointed them before my death; And now command you to declare the fame. Then with great joy, they ran to tell the news

To the apostles: but in th' interim,
Another company of women went
Unto the sepulchre, and enter'd in;
But could not find the body of their Lord:
And as they were perplexed thereabout,
Behold two angels, like two men, appear'd
In shining garments, standing near to them:
(Whereas the other women saw but one;
He on the right side sat, but these slood up)
They were asraid, and bow'd their saces down.

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But filence then the beauteous angels broke; No music ever was so ravishing As their fweet voices, and the news they told. Thus kindly they address'd the tim'rous train-Why feek ye now the living 'mongst the dead? 362 He dwells no longer in his late abode; He's ris'n. Remember how he spake to you While he was yet alive in Galilee; The Son of man must be deliver'd up Into the hands of bloody finful men: 305 He must be mock'd, and scourg'd, and crucify'd: But he shall rise again on the third day. At this they well remember'd Jesus' words, And foon returned from the fepulchre. And while the other women were detain'd 310 Paying their adoration to their Lord, These first arriv'd where the disciples met, And told those things to all assembled there. But though they knew their characters fo well, As friends to the redeemer and his cause, 315 Their news, fo strange, appear'd like idle tales; And they believ'd their tidings not at all. But Peter, hearing of the angels there, Directly went a fecond time to fee; But went alone: and flooping down beheld, The linen cloath's laid by themselves; and then Departed greatly wond'ring in himfelf At all those things fo strangely come to pass. On his return, two of their company Left them, to go to Emmaus that day, 35

Before the other women had come in, Who had beheld the Savior on the road. Or Mary Magdalen herself return'd: All after their departure soon arriv'd. . The evidence increasing by degrees. 830 Prepar'd th' apostles minds for farther light. But Thomas, probably offended much That any credit should be giv'n to those Who propagated a report so strange: Imagining their brains were much disturb'd, 335 And that their fancies were impos'd upon: That weakness, terror, or credulity, Had made them to imagine that they faw Strange apparitions, and strange things heard. All which he did not credit in the least: And therefore feems to have withdrawn himfelf. Here we must leave them for a little time. While we attend another circumstance. Now while the women were returning, fraught With the glad news that they had feen the Lord, 345 Convers'd with him, and worshipp'd at his feet : Th' affrighted guards in terror ran, and told That they had feen furprizing dreadful things; An angel of appearance terrible, With raiment white as fnow, face like the fun. Had drove them from their stand, possession took, So our first parents were from Eden driv'n. By cherubim, arm'd with a flaming fword. Nor with lefstremer did the foldiers flee Than Lot from guilty Sodom, when in flames: 355



Book IV.]

THE RESURRECTION.

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Or Israelites from Korah and his troop, When earth first open'd, swallowing them alive. They were in no condition to dispute The pass with such a warrior sent from heav'n, Arm'd with more terrors than the fabled Jove, 360 On fam'd Olympus, hurling thunder-bolts, By Vulcan form'd, to wound his enemics. Though hardy foldiers, they did faint through fear; (So terrible is holinefs to fin): Glad to escape with life, they hardly turn'd 365 'Till in Jerusalem they found themselves; Where foon they propagated the report, To the amazement of the citizens. Some of the watch to the chief-priests repair's, And told the horrors of the wond rous tale, And added, likely, col'rings of their own; With a defign to exculpate themselves. So cowardly commanders never fail To represent the dangers great indeed From which they flee; for fear creates its ills, 375 As well as magnifies those which exist.

No doubt the priests might partly be convinc'd.

That Jesus Christ was risen from the dead;

But such amazing malice dwelt in them,

379

They would not own the least conviction wrought.

Thus faith alone is worfe than unbelief;
And therefore wifely hath the Scripture join'd
Confession with the mouth, free, open full,
And corresponding holiness of life,
With faith to make it saving, sound, fancere.

For if thou with thy mouth confess Christ Lord, And in thy heart believe God rais'd him up; Abiding thus in faith, thou shalt be sav'd. Man with the heart believes to righteousness, And with the mouth a good confession makes 39 Unto salvation; saith the word of Truth.

But many of the rulers did believe
On Jesus, but his name durst not confess,
Lest they should be expell'd the synagogue:
39
They lov'd men's praise more than the praise of Go

Those who deny the Savior in the world,
And will not own his name before mankind,
Although they may believe, he will deny
Before his Father, and his holy ones.
When he shall come in glory: and the more
He will deny them for their barren faith,
Or stubbornness of will against their light.

These wicked priests with pride and envy fill'd,
Instead of turning from their evil ways,
Pursu'd their course, and added sin to sin.
Together they took counsel, and agreed,
To give large money to the soldiers hands,
(O love of money! what an evil root!)
And hir'd them to report a wilful lie;
And promis'd to secure them from all fear
Of the displeasure of the Governor.
But would these Priests have taken equal pains
To spread the truth, or sutther good designs?
The guard by money brib'd, were bid to say,
This man's disciples stole him while we slept.

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431

THE Book IV.] Oh! foolish lie! too gross to be believ'd;

Not only void of probability,

But quite impossible to be perform'd.

Methinks the devil must have been asham'd

Of such a stender story, so absurd;

Tho' by his children rais'd to serve his cause.

For who could think a few dishearten'd men, who fled away the moment Christ was bound,

Should on a fudden fo courageous grow,

As to proceed together, in the night,

To take their master's body from the grave;

Though there a guard of arm'd men kept watch,

On purpose plac'd, the action to prevent? The sepulchre in solid rock was hewn,

So could not easily be undermin'd:

A 11 entrance was deny'd but by the door,

A wad that was closed with a pond'rous stone; TIDAt stone was seal'd, the soldiers plac'd around,

ere order'd diligently there to watch,

For one night only, no necessity

For neeping, fince their watching time was short.

Befide they knew 'twas death to fleep on guard

A rad Roman discipline was most severe.

Parents their children would condemn to death

For disobedience in the smallest point

A Eainst their military orders giv'n;

Though every circumstance should plainly pro

I he deviation was design'd for good,

at the event should correspond thereto;

Jealous were they of authority.

L 2

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And is it likely that these soldiers charg'd
With such a matter of importance, slept?
Slept! though expecting such a bold attempt?
When e'en the novelty of such a scene
Could hardly fail to keep them all awake:
And was it likely all would sleep at once?
And sleep so sound as never to wake
While the disciples roll'd away the stone,
And took the body out, and bare it off?

Thieves choose the darkest nights for their designs & But now the moon was full, and brightly Thone. Which made th' attempt to rob more dangerous. Can it be thought that those who came to steal, Suppose them safely got within the tomb, Should be so void of fear when enter'd there, 460 And act with fuch deliberation calm, As to divest the body of its clothes, (Although glu'd fast with myrrh and other gums,) And fold them up in order, laying down Each by itself: then marching off in peace, Carry their prize in triumph, unpurfu'd? But grant these things all happen'd; how could they Who own'd themselves asleep, pretend to tell With fuch exactness, how they came to pass? Are men asleep allow'd as witness? 470 How could they know who took the corpfe away? Or how pretend to fay, It did not rife? Or if 'twas stolen, and the robbers known, Why did they not purfue them when they wak'd, And bring the body back, the thieves expose, 475



: **IV.**] THE RESURRECTION. crush Christianity in embrio? hese absurdities were overlook'd that notorious falsehood scandalous, commonly reported through the land :

was perhaps believ'd: for things as groß fully credited by many now. fuch as give no credit to God's truth,

ugh fully prov'd by demonstration plain) safily perfuaded to believe most improbable, palpable lies.

e who the Christian revelation hate, nding that they can't believe it true, afe of difficulties they espy; commonly because their lives are bad;

stubborn infidelity begins ve of vice, and endeth in despair;) ve a thousand falsehoods most absurd,

greatest inconsistencies maintain, groffest contradictions swallow down,

are more credulous than other men, ight be fully prov'd if need requir'd ino greater proof can be produc'd,

rove that Jesus did not rise again, this vain lie by heathen foldiers spread, ted by the Priests and Pharisees, hir'd them to support so vile a cause;

I believe more firmly that he rose, if this falshood never had been fram'd.

the fmallest reason had appear'd oubt the refurrection of our King, 127

485

500

505

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This would have been infifted on, and we Had never heard of such a vague report, So false, unlikely, vain, ridiculous.

But to return: the day our Savior rose

He shew'd himself to Simon. Oh! what grace!

That he who thrice deny'd him at his death, 51

Should be the first of all the chosen band

To whom he shew'd himself alive again.

Christ saw he needed comfort; and he gave

The greatest consolation he could wish;

Appear'd, and spake to him of things divine,

And gave him tokens of his pard'ning love.

The two disciples walking on their way Towards Emmaus, forrowful, convers'd Of all things which had happen'd in those days. 520 As they together reason'd, and commun'd, Jesus himself drew near, and went with them: (Oh! happy fouls to have fuch company.). But him they knew not; for 'twas his intent Their understandings to enlighten first; 525 That they might in the facred pages trace, Those plain predictions, of his life, and death, His refurrection, and afcent to Heav'n : In glory there to fit, which frequent are-Throughout the pfalms and holy prophets found : Nor is the law of Moses destitute Of proofs, by types, and shadows of the same; All which the Savior open'd to their view. O what a won l'rous fermon Jesus preach'd!

O what a won l'rous fermon Jesus preach'd!
Which made their hearts in glowing raptures burn-



IV.] . THE RESURRECTION.

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n just as he had finish'd, they drew nigh 536 their journey's end, but he essay'd er to go, but they constrained him ater in with them; for being fed heav'nly food, the doctrine of his lips, wish'd to entertain their unknown friend, profit more from his discourses sweet. live of God receiv'd expands the heart.) new their earnefinels, and with them went; own with them at meat; but when he took 545 read, and blefs'd, and brake, and gave to them, eyes were open'd, and they knew their Lord; aftantly he vanish'd from their fight. to Jerusalem they bent their course, rry tidings to their brethren there; 550 n they affembled found, in fecret met, g with joy, the Lord is ris'n indeed, hath appear'd to Simon verily. wo discipies then in turn declar'd, they had seen, and heard him in the way; how he was made known in breaking bread. ius they spake, behold the Savior stood ig them visibly at once confess'd; thus address'd them, Peace be unto you. thing could equal their amaze and fear; ras with wonder, love with trembling mix'd, s event fo fudden, new, and strange. was the first appearance he had made em collectively; the manner fuch oft was calculated to furprise. 565

A spirit they supposed him to be, Because he enter'd when the door was shut; And unperceived by their senses came: But foon he spake again and calm'd their minds; Why are ye troubled? Why do thoughts arise 5 Within your trembling hearts? 'Tis I myself. Behold my hands and feet, the marks they bear ! Be fatisfy'd; come handle me; and fee; A spirit hath not slesh and bones; I have: As to your senses must be evident. When thus he spoke, he shew'd his hands and fee And while they yet believed not for joy, But were through fear and wonder quite amaz'd He spake yet more familiarly, and said, My children, have ye any meat at hand? Some broiled fish and honeycomb they gave ; Which he receiving, ate it in their fight : Not that he needed food; they needed faith. While he was eating he reminded them Of what he had convers'd with them before. 5 These are the words (said he) I spake to you, That all the prophecies must be fulfill'd, Which Moses and the facred Prophets wrote, And which the Pfalms declare concerning me. Then he their understanding open'd fo, That they might understand the scriptures plain. Thus it is written, thus it Christ behov'd To fuffer, and to rise on the third day; And that repentance and forgiveness both

Should in his name be preach'd through all the we



k IV. THE RESURRECTION. 131 first beginning at Jerusalem: 596 I ye are witnesses of all these things. Father hath fent me, and I fend you: :h my authority you shall be cloth'd. Then did he gently breathe on them, and faid, eive the Holy Ghost, that gift divine. 60 г ofe fins foever ye remit, they are nitted unto them, they are releas'd; I whosoever ye retain, shall be ained unto them, they shall be bound. 605 ehold, my Father's promise I will send! Holy Ghost, my messenger divine, Il rest on you, with you for ever dwell; I fill your fouls with wifdom, love, and pow'r; it for his coming in Jerusalem; 610 I then to ev'ry nation preach my word. his faid, he left them to that evening week, t they at leifure might confider well, at things had past, what they had seen and heard; t they might recollect his words, and read Scriptures, and the prophecies compare h their accomplishments; and be confirm'd rese essentials of the Christian scheme: t Jesus Christ the true Messiah is. t once he dy'd for all, and rose again, 620 . that falvation comes through him alone. hus have I briefly trac'd the history hat good day on which our Savior role, ay renown'd above all other days; then the fun of righteousness came forth, 625

To bless the world, and give the nations light.	
Hail, Prince of Peace! in spite of all thy foe	
Thou art alive, and livest ever more.	.5
And by thy rifing from the grave fulfill'd	
The facred oracles, which thus express'd	630
Thy glorious refurrection from the dead;	034
Before my face Jehovah have I fet,	
From him I never did nor can depart;	
I never shall be removed; he's my strength;	
He always is my aid, at my right hand;	635
Therefore my heart is glad, my glory shouts	033
With joyfulness, my flesh shall rest in hope;	
Because thou wilt not leave my soul in hell,	
Nor let thine Holy One corruption fee.	4
The path of life, which leads to thine abode,	6 40
My ravish'd eyes with great delight shall view :	
Fullness of joy is in thy presence known,	
At thy right hand are pleasures evermore.	
The refurrection of our Lord declar'd	
He was the Son of God with pow'r divine;	645
And shew'd that he was no imposter vile,	. :
But was the One of whom the Prophets wrote.	
It shew'd his labors, toils, and suff'rings o'er,	
And his humiliation at an end;	
And that he had obtain'd a full discharge	650
From all the mighty load that on him lay;	,
That he had gain'd the vict'ry over death;	
Conquer'd the grave, and triumph'd over hell;	
Open'd the road to everlasting life.	
For though through weakness he was crucify'd,	655



Book IV.] THE RESURRECTION.

13.

He liveth now by God's almighty pow'r;
Though once he dy'd to fin, he lives to God.
And death shall never more dominion boast
O'er such a captive, now for ever free.

These grand events suffill'd our Savior's words,

(As well as many ancient prophecies)

And as a prophet thus his character

Establish'd firmly; for he often said,

The Son of man must be deliver'd up

To wicked hands; him they shall crucify;

But on the third day he shall rise again.

These sayings were not understood at first,

But fully justify'd by the event,

Were afterwards remember'd, and declar'd

By lawful witnesses, who heard them spoke,

But were afraid to ask their meaning then.

The prophet Lonah, swallow'd by the whole

The prophet Jonah, fwallow'd by the whale, And by the same cast up on the third day, A figure of Christ's resurrection stands;

And was the only fign he would vouchafe
Unto that generation most perverse;
Who did his noblest miracles reject,

- Imputing them to Satan's influence;
Nor would the plainest prophecies believe;
Yet clamor'd frequently for figns from heav'n; 63:
And were as constantly by him deny'd,
And to the prophet Jonah still referr'd.

Doubtless these things employ'd the serious those Of the disciples all the following week, And were the constant theme of their discourse, 685

Until they faw their bleffed Lord again. But Thomas, being absent at the time When Jesus first appear'd, could not believe That he was truly rifen from the dead, Though all his brethren testify'd the same. 690 He judg'd the thing impossible, and thought They by a spectre were impos'd upon: So pow'rfully his unbelief prevail'd. He would not credit them, and rashly faid, Till in his hands the nail prints I shall see. 695 Nor will I truit my fight alone, but must Have farther proof, and put my fingers in, And thrust my hand into his open'd fide, I never will believe what you affert. But when the second visit Jesus made To his apostles, Thomas was with them:

Thus he falutes them, Peace be unto you. Then faith to Thomas, reach thy finger forth, Behold my hands, fee where the nails went through : Reach here thy hand, and thrust it in my side; 705 And be not faithlefs, but believing now. Great was the condescension of our Lord. In off'ring this disciple what he ask'd, To cure his unbelief; he thus convinc'd, Immediately exclaim'd, my Lord, my God! this stubbern unbelief confirms our faith; For he believ'd not till he faw and felt, And dicrefore could no longer helitate. New hear the Sevier's mild repreced to him, For not believing on good evidence;

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Book IV.] THE RESURRECTION.

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Thomas, thou hast believ'd, for thou hast view'd; Biessed are they who have a faith so throng, That though they have not seen have yet believ'd. This blessing may be ours, if we believe; For though we see him not, we may adore, 720 And love our Jesus now invisible.

Christ shew'd himself a little after this, Upon the shore of the Tiberian sea, Where iev'n of his apostles had agreed. To go a fishing, but had no success 745 During the night, although they labor'd hard. (How little we can gain when Christ helps not!) But in the morning Jesus stood on shore, (Though choofing to remain awhile unknown) And hail'd them, children, have ye any meat? 730 They answer'd, no. Cast ye the net once more Upon the ship's right side, and ye shall find. At his command they cast the net again, And a large draught of fishes caught at once. An emblem of the multitudes of fouls, 735 That foon were taken in the gospel net. This wonder wrought, no longer left them room To doubt who gave command. It is the Lord, Said John to Peter; which when Peter heard, He did not wait to bring the ship to land; 740 But cast himself into the sea to swim.

On shore another miracle appear'd

A fire of coals, and fish thereon, and bread,

Created there at once, awaited them.

Bring of the fish which ye have caught, said he: 745



I his done, a plenteous meal was foon prepar'd. Christ gave the invitation, Come and dine. (O what a bleffed dinner ! Christ was there !) Mone durft through doubt to ask him, who art thou? All prefent knowing that it was the Lord. He came, and took the bread, and gave to them, And likewife fish. O happy guests indeed ! No dainties crown'd their board, no coftly wines Compos'd their bill of fare; but plainest food Of fish and bread, and water from the spring, 755 Was doubtless all they had to eat or drink: No fine utenfils, no, nor table cloth, Had they; nor fervants waiting their commands: Without which many cannot take a meal. But they enjoy'd a portion better far, 7.00 The loving presence of their risen Lord : He waited on them, and with them partook. This was the third time that he shew'd himself To his apostles after he arose.

When they had din'd, our Lord to Peter faid,
Dost thou, O Simon, love me more than these? 766.
Peter was cur'd of all his rashness now,
And therefore spake with decent modesty,
Yea, Lord; thou knowest that I love thee well.
To which the Savior answer'd, feed my lambs.
The question was expeated o'er again;
And the same answer was again return'd.
To which the Lord reply'd, feed well my sheep.
As Peter had deny'd his master thrice,
Th' important question was the third time put. 7.74.



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Peter was griev'd at this, and thus appeal'd To him from whom no fecrets can be hid: Lord, that knowest all things, knowest well, That still I love thee, whom my lips deny'd. Then feed my sheep; faid Jesus, love them too. This blest command he never did forget; But fed them with words of knowledge found: And warn'd the elders, faying, feed God's flock: Taking the overfight not by constraint, But willingly, and of a ready mind; 785 For love, and not for filthy lucre's fake. Neither be lords over God's heritage; But always be ensamples to the flock: And when the heav'nly shepherd shall appear, Ye shall receive from him a glorious crown, 799. Of blis unfading; giv'n with high applause; And thus be honor'd by the Judge of all. Who would not strive to gain so great a boon? Thus as St. Peter from his station fell, By thrice denying that he knew the man; 795 So was he reinstated in the same, By thrice to him professing ardent love. Jefus then warn'd him that he must expect Upon the cross to fuffer martyrdom: And him commanded, faying, follow me. 800 Peter obey'd, but turning round faw John; And feeling eager curiofity To know the lot of him whom Jesus lov'd, Cry'd, Lord, what shall he do? or what of him? But Christ reply'd, 'tis no concern of thine;

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And if my pleasure be that he remain Until my coming, what is that to thee? Follow thou me, and my commands attend: This only is thy business and concern. Frem this a faying went abroad among The brethren, that John should not die at all. But Jesus said not this, but, if I will-That he should tarry till I come again, Pray what is that to thee? follow thou me. But now the time approach'd which Christ had set,. To meet his followers in Galilee. Of his appointment there was notice giv'n, And all who chose affembled at the time. This meeting was upon a mountain held; Thither our blessed Lord in person came. This was no doubt the time that Tefus was Of more than half a thousand brethren seen : Who long remain'd as living witnesses, Of what with greatest joy at once they saw, The Savior (who was crucify'd) alive. 825 They worshipp'd him as Lord with rev'rence there: Receiv'd his public bleffing and commands. And O the fweetness of his gracious words! All pow'r in heav'n and earth is giv'n to me; Go therefore teach all nations, and baptize 830 Such as receive my gospel, in the name Of God the Father, Son, and Holy Ghoft. Teach them the observations of all things, Which I at any time commanded you.

by presence shall be with you evermore.

83**5**:



i.IV:] THE RESURRECTION.

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hat believes, and is baptiz'd, shall be m condemnation freed, and shall partakegreat falvation: fuch as me reject It still remain condemn'd and forely feel consequences of their unbelief. 840 fe figns shall follow such as do believe. ions shall be ejected in my name, hose who follow me, and do my will; h tongues of other nations shall they speak : y need not fear the serpent's fatal bite; eadly poisons they should chance to drink, tarm shall happen to their health thereby: ir laying on of hands shall cure the sick. 3 shall they be preserved from hurt themselves : furnish'd with the means of doing good. more than this what human heart can wish? s spake the Savior; and his words convey'd. uction, strength, and comfort to their hearts. rst some doubted, all at last believ'd. on after this our Lord appear'd to James, 855. was first Bishop of Jerusalem; for his virtuous life furnam'd the just : vas the Savior's mother's fifter's fon; ier to Jude, Matthew the publican, Simon Zelotes the Canaanite. 860. is probable our Lord appear'd to him, only that he might have special proof he was rifen from the dead, which he h needed as the Bishop of the Jews; to communicate some sage advice, **8**65.

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Respecting his behavior in that state. Perhaps some singular directions gave, Not needful for the rest to know; or else Encourag'd him to bear his suff'rings well.

As Jesu's resurrection is the ground, On which the Christian faith must ever stand; 'Twas needful that it should be so confirm'd. As not to leave the shadow of a doubt In the disciples minds; and this was done. He gave them all the evidence they wish'd: More than ten times he shew'd himself alive By many proofs infallible, that fo Their faith might on a fure foundation rest; Not built on fables, but on well known facts. The Scriptures he explain'd, himself made know By breaking bread: he ate and drank with ther Them he reminded of his former words: Freely convers'd with them at different times :.. Their understanding open'd, on them breath'd: Blefs'd them, and gave them furest proof's of lov Shew'd them his hands and feet; invited them ! To handle him, and feel his flesh and bones. That by the testimony of each sense, Beyond all possibility of fraud, Deception or mistake, it might be plain That it was he himself, rais'd from the dead.

Thus it is evident beyond dispute
That Jesus rose, and triumph'd o'er the grave.
Th' apostles had the means most certainly,
They had the fairest opportunities



7.] THE RESURRECTION.

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wing whether he was rais'd or not : uld not be in this deceiv'd themselves, m their character and chief defign. ir amazing progress and success igating true Christianity, 900 t the force of arms, or human help, ching, and by miracles alone; teady perfeverance to the end. reproach and fuff'rings manifold; nd'rous spread of Christ's religion then, gor fite to Gentiles, and to Jews, the prejudices of mankind, existence to the present day : rcumstances altogether join e they never did the world deceive; it Christ's resurrection is a fact, ver was disprov'd, nor e'er can be: he other hand is fully prov'd, n testimony or divine r be esteem'd sufficient proof; 915 tis possible for us to know y thing was done which we faw not; any we know with greatest certainty. fus fuffer'd death, and lives again: afequently, that Christianity 920 the marks of truth we could defire. God, we have full evidence s death and refurrection too; postles witness, so confirm'd unblameable, and mighty figns; 925

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That not the least exception can be made To their report; nor any cause be shewn Why we should disbelieve a fact so plain. It could not be their int'rest to deceive; They never fought to gain the world's applause; a No earthly prospects ever led them on. Besides they all persisted to the end; Although it cost their lives, they testify'd The death and refurrection of their Lord. These faithful servants never did torget To tell this glorious news where'er they went; This as the great foundation stone they laid, For men to build their hopes of heav'n upon: And this by many miracles confirm'd; And feal'd their testimony with their blood. For as they had the greatest certainty That what they publish'd was the real truth : With boldness they proclaim'd it to mankind. They faw they heard, they handled, and could fa That which we've heard and feen, and handled to That we to you declare, that ye might have That fellowship with us we have with God. The Father, and his Son, our Savior Christ. Christianity exists; and that is proof

Sufficient that our Lord and Savior rose: Since had he not been rais'd, it must have fall'n And been entirely blafted in the bud: No witnesses had propagated it; Nor fuch amazing numbers of its foes Been so convinc'd, as to befriend its cause.

9.



V.] THE RESURRECTION.

143

quests never had extended wide, inquer'd Rome, the mistress of the world; by words of wisdom, force or pow'r: the Spirit of the Lord of Hosts; r its truth and heav'nly innocence. 960 id it spread in these remoter realms, these latter times maintain'd its ground : ne exactest scrutiny endur'd, d produc'd fuch glorious effects, been founded in deceit and lies. 965 s prevail'd fo in that very place in its falsehood might so easily een detected, if indeed 'twas false: erfaries wanted neither will. eans to have expos'd its fallacy; twas their int'rest to destroy it thus ire they would had it been possible. refurrection of our glorious Lord, eneral resurrection of the dead, ings of fuch amazing consequence, 975 h importance in the Christian scheme, Il is lost, if they should be o'erthrown. is bleffed Paul the matter doth express; leclar'd the Gospel unto you, also ye receiv'd, in which ye stand; 930 ich ye shall be sav'd, if ye retain eep in mem'ry what I preach'd to you; ye have believ'd to none effect. :, i deliver'd what I did receive, Christ our Savior for our sins did die, 985

According as the Scriptures had foretold; Was bury'd, and the third day rose again. As types and prophecies had long declar'd. He was of Cephas feen, then of the twelve: Then of above five hundred men at once: Of whom the greater part till now remain, Though fome are fall'n afleep in Jesu's arms: Enough are still alive to prove him rais'd. And after that he shew'd himself to James: And then once more to all his chosen train, Whom he ordain'd his special witnesses. And last of all he was by me beheld : Though I appear as out of feafon born : For I of the apostles am the least, And am not worthy even of the name, IX Because I was a persecutor bold: The church of God I hated, wasted it, Often compell'd its members to blaspheme: Yet I obtained mercy by his grace, Because in ignorance and unbelief I did whate'er I did against the Lord. But by his grace I am what now I am: His grace was not in vain on me bestow'd: I labour'd more abundantly than all, Yet all the work was wrought by grace alone. 10 But whether I or they, so did we preach, That Jesus dy'd, and rose, so ye believ'd. Now if a risen Christ be preach'd to you, How fay fome that the dead shall never rise? If there's no resurrection of the dead,



Book IV.]

THE RESURRECTION

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Then 'tis self evident Christ is not ris'n; If he's not ris'n, then is our preaching vain, Your faith is also vain, of consequence: Yea we are found false witnesses of God, Because we testify'd he rais'd up Christ. Whom he rais'd not except the dead are rais'd. For I repeat, That if the dead rife not, Then is not Jesus risen from the dead; Since Christ was truly dead, and if so still, Your faith is vain, yet are ye in your fins: And they are perish'd who in Christ have slept; For they have trusted falsehood, fables, fraud. For if our hopes in Christ prove false at death, Of all men we most miserable are: Because we've hop'd for the most glorious things, And have the greatest sufferings endur'd, 1037 In expectation of a better life.

But now is Jesus risen from the dead,
And hath become the first born from the grave:
For since by man came death, by man also 1035
The resurrection of the dead is come:
For as in Adam all his children die,
E'en so in Christ shall all be made alive.
But ev'ry man must in his order rise;
Christ must in all things have preeminence: 1040
Is therefore call'd, the First Fruits; he rose first
To die no more; he first ascended up,
And enter'd heav'n's eternal gates; which then
Were first unfolded to the human race;
He as our great fore-runner enter'd in,

And took possession of his royal seat. But at his coming, all his faints shall share His refurrection, kingdom, crown and throne. Then shall he rule till ev'ry foe submits, And death of ev'ry kind shall be destroy'd. 1050 But if the refurrection be not true, Why do we stand in jeopardy each hour? We must be fools, or madmen, to expose Ourselves to constant suff'rings, and to death; Without the prospect of a sure reward: 1055 For I protest to you I daily die. Why should I fight with beasts at Eph esus, Pray what advantage will accrue therefrom, Except the dead arise? Let's eat and drink, To morrow we shall die, and be no more Icga But O, my brethren, be not ye deceiv'd, Evil communications will corrupt Good manners; but awake, awake To righteousness of life, and sin no more. For fome concerning truth have greatly err'd, 1065 Of faith and of good conscience shipwreck made. The refurrection they deny, or fay

That it is past already, and o'erthrow

The faith of some unstable wav'ring souls.

But God's foundation standeth firm and sure; 1070

He knoweth who are his, and them he seals.

And let all those who love the name of Christ,

Depart from all iniquity and sin:

In faith and practice both, and thus approve Themselves, indeed, as children of the light.



Book IV.] THE RESURRECTION. 147

Remember Jesus Christ, of David's feed, Was raifed from the dead, as I have preach'd. Thus Paul declares; and all th' apostles join To testify the same; nor should it be Omitted now, fince many Antichrists 1030 Now rife, and contradict th' important fact; And feek to overturn the gospel plan; Wresting the Scriptures, and destruction bring Upon themselves, whose judgment ling'reth not. But let Christ's ministers unite to preach A Savior born, who liv'd, and dy'd and rofe, Ascended, intercedes, shall come again, For purposes most awful, glorious, grand. (Of which hereafter I propose to write If God permit, if not his will be done.) 1090

As he arose, so shall he raise the dead,
The just, and unjust, all that sleep in death,
Shall hear his voice, and from their graves come forth;
The just shall wake to life, th' unjust to shame;
Each in their season; some shall come with him,
Be rais'd in glory, reign with him on earth: 1096
The other dead shall not be rais'd again,
Until the thousand years are sinished.

O that we may the pow'r of Jesus know,
In raising up our souls from fin and death,
To the blest life of holiness complete:
That when he comes to earth a second time,
Our bodies may be rais'd, and we have part
In the first resurrection; then we shall
From the dread second death be ever free;

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After his bloody fight, and vict'ry gain'd;
To give his foes an opportunity
To rally all their force, and try their pow'r,
Difpute his passage back to Heav'n, or take,
By force of arms, the spoils which he had won
Disrobe him of his laurels, bind again
The pris'ners he had freed, and him defeat.
The season being past, he now prepares
To re-ascend his native Heav'n, and give
Fresh tokens of his boundless love to man.

One visit more the dear Redeemer made
To his apostles in Jerusalem;
Not to convince them he was ris'n, for they
Were fully satisfy'd respecting that,
But to encourage, strengthen, and direct,
And thus prepare them for the arduous work
In which they shortly were to be engag'd;
To speak those things of greatest consequence,
Pertaining to the kingdom of their God.
Then he repeated what he told them first,
That 'twas his pleasure they should tarry there
Till they should be endu'd with heav'nly pow'r.
Assuring them not many days should pass
Ere they, baptized with the Holy Chost,
Should be prepar'd the Gospel to proclaim.

Then they demanded, Lord, wilt thou restore
The promis'd kingdom unto Israel now?
To which he answer'd, That concerns you not;
The times and seasons hath the Father plac'd
In his own pow'r, beyond all human reach;

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sk V.]

THE ASCENSION

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you that knowledge therefore is not giv'n. t when the Holy Ghost on you shall come, he Father's promise which you heard of me) en wisdom, pow'r, and love, you shall receive ad fhall be fully qualify'd to go 90 chosen witnesses of me your Lord, aroughout Judea's and Samaria's land. nd to the utmost bounds of earth itself : s well as in Jerusalem to preach. Now was the time that Jesus must ascend 95 o his triumphant throne, in Heav'n above. le chose that his disciples should behold his most transporting fight, for reasons plain; 'hat they in vain should not expect or wait or his returning vifits here below: hough they had known him in the flesh so long, et from that time they knew him so no more. le chose that some who saw him on the cross. a his estate of shame and deep disgrace, and had beheld him afterwards alive, 105 hould witness his ascension up on high.

The Mount of Olives was the chosen place
Where last his facred feet should touch the ground;
and on this very Mount his feet shall stand,
as Zechariah plainly hath foretold,
When he shall come with all his train of saints:
Thither he led their way, they follow'd on.
Thus when the Lord would take Elias up,
llisha went with him, until he saw
The slaming chariot, and its stary horses;

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Angelic guards, that in those forms appear'd. To take the Prophet from the world of men. To brighter realms, the regions of delight. Llisha saw the awful parting scene, His master taken from his head away, 121 And cry'd, my Father, O my Father dear; The great defence of Israel's land is gone; Her chariots and her horsemen mount alost. Then taking up his master's mantle, smote Fam'd Jordan's waters, which divided were, When he invok'd the great Elijah's God, But who can paint the beauty of that day When Christ the Savior left the world, to go To his bleft Father's bosom; whence he came To live on earth, to die, to rife, ascend, To make atonement for the human race? For though on earth the facrifice was made, The incense must be offer'd in the Heav'ns. The law of Moses pointed unto this; The bodies of those beasts whose blood was shed To make atonement for the people's fins, Were burnt with fire, without the camp; their bleo Was brought by the high priest within the vail. Thus Jesus shed his blood, and suffer'd death Without the gate, upon Mount Calvary; To fanctify, and cleanse us from all sin: But as the great high priest he must arise, And re-ascend to Heav'n, and there present

His off'ring pure before the throne of God, Within the veil, the holiest place of all;

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Where none besides could enter, till his death, And re-ascension, open'd wide the way, A new and living way to God above, A consecrated way through his torn sless.

Now at the Mount of Olives they arriv'd;
That facred Mount that had so frequently
Been visited by Jesus in his life;
Was his last stage on earth, and shall remain
To be his sootstool when he comes in clouds,
In that great day his seet thereon shall stand;
Then shall it cleave asunder, and remove
Half to the north, and half towards the south,
And leave a vailey deep and large between.
No doubt can then remain when Jesus comes,
Because these certain tokens will take place:
For what Jehovah saith shall be fulfill'd.

Attend with joy, and wonder, now behold
The bleffed Jefus lifts his lovely hands,
To blefs his dear disciples, who surprized.
Soon faw the separation long foretold;
Jefus was parted from them, and went up;
Majestic he ascended, they beheld
Till a bright cloud received him from their fight.

Thus parted from them, up to Heav'n he went,
And thus in clouds he shall to earth return.

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They fill'd with wonder, mix'd with rapt'rous love,
Stood gazing, following Jesus with their eyes,
As he soar'd upward, and from earth withdrew.
As thus in admiration lost they stood,

faw at length two men in white array,

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Two holy angels from the realms of light, Who near them stood, and sweetly them addrest, In words like thefe, Ye men of Galilee, Why stand ye gazing upwards into Heav'n. As though ye never should behold him more? For this same Jesus, who is taken up From you to Heav'n, shall furely come again. In the fame manner as ye fee him go, Thron'd on a cloud from Heav'n he shall descend; Array'd in glory, he'll in person come, 185 He'll visibly appear in the same form, With the same body, mark'd with the same wounds. But O with what fupreme authority He'll come invested! Glorious heav'nly hosts Shall then attend him, as on him they wait 100 To grace his triumph to the upper fkies. Doubt not, for you shall furely fee him come. No promise can be plain if this is not.

Now when the chosen train had seen their Lord In this triumphant manner leave the globe, 195 And heard these words which promis'd his return, They bow'd their knees, and paid him homage there. Then with great joy they back ward bent their course, And to Jerusalem they all repair'd, And close abiding in an upper room, 200 In pray'r and supplication they remain'd, Waiting that most important grand event, The coming of the Holy Ghost with pow'r; Which was the blessing Jesus promis'd them, If he succeeded in his grand design, 205



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Of ent'ring Heav'n, and interceding there,

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And of obtaining gifts for rebel men, A proof of reconciliation made: And God's acceptance of his off'ring pure. Thus when of old the confecrated prieft, 210 Within the veil before the mercy feat, . Carry'd with awe the reconciling blood, To make atonement for the people's fins, And facred incense sweet, with burning coals, To cause a rich perfume before the Lord; 215 The congregation round the awful place, At humble distance pray'd, with holy fear; None dar'd to enter, nor fo much as look, Whether or not their priest acceptance gain'd, But waited, trembling, hoping, in suspense; 220 For 'twas an awful thing to enter there, And none might hazard it on pain of death. Except the priest, and he but once a year. He must be clean, in holy garments clad; With blood and incense, and the sacred fire 225 He must be well prepar'd, and then alone The hollow'd place must enter, where unseen By all but God, he must the incense burn. Sev'n times before and on the mercy feat, With greatest rev'rence must be sprinkle blood: 230 There make atonement, and there intercede. But when the fign of God's acceptance shone Upon his breast-plate, then he leap'd for joy; The people heard without the golden bells, And by that certain token knew he liv'd, 235

And that he was accepted as their prieft, And they in him; at which they loud rejoic'd. Still as he mov'd, the well-known found they heard, Their joy continued, till at length he came, To them and they beheld his honor'd face, So Jesus gave as evident a fign, By which I is friends might know when he had gain'd. Those things which he departed to procure. And till fuch time as he this token fent. He charg'd them in Jerusalem to stay; 245 Nor once attempt his Gospel to proclaim, Until they knew from him the wish'd success. Here then we'll leave them for a while, and trace The glorious Savior in his journey home; And while they supplicate with constant pray'r, 250 My muse advent'rous, aided by my God, Shall follow Jefus, mark his shining way, Nor once descend to earth, until she brings. Some glorious tidings of her Lord's arrival At heav'n's high court, and of his ent'rance there. Nay she's determin'd not to be deny'd 156-To look within the vail, there will she stay, And see the wonders wrought before the throne! For so important is the present scene, And all mankind so interested are, 260 That all must perish, if the Savior fails T' accomplish his high errand to the skies. Therefore attend, ye mortals, to my fong. Now had the Savior journey'd on his way Slow, as in folemn pomp, for at his feet,



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Ten thousand millions and ten thousand more Of heavenly guards attended him along; Besides he led in chains his captive foes, To grace his triumph, and proclaim his pow'r: Though fore against their will, he dragg'd their hosts And leaders to the portals of the sky;. 27 I For of them openly he made a shew, Triumphing over them in that great day, Before the countless millions of his friends. Nor must I here forget his pris'ners freed : 275: For then he led captivity captive, The trophies of his glorious vict'ries brought From ev'ry place, where he had conqu'ring past : From earth, from Hades, grave, and darkest shades. O what a triumph had our Lord and King! Compar'd to which the triumphs of the great, Heroes, monarchs, of Persia, Greece, or Rome, Are trifles mean, unworthy of a name! How angels chaunt the folemn joyful lay! Pause here a moment, join the heav'nly song. 285

O clap your hands, ye people: shout to God;
Sing with a loud triumphant voice to him:
For he, the Lord most high, is terrible:
He's the great Monarch over all the earth.
God is gone up to heav'n, with shouts and songs,
Jehovah, with the trumpet's joyful sound!

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But who is this Jehovah? 'Tis the Lord,
The Savior Jesus and is none but he;
For the eternal Father never mov'd
His court from Heav'n above, nor chang'd his place;

But fent his Son, his minister of love,

To dwell on earth a while, then rife to Heav'n.

O then sing praises to our Savier God;

Sing praises, praises to our conqu'ring king;

Sing praises God is king, and Lord of all;

With understanding sound his praises high.

Now had the conquiring Hero journey'd one Through diff'rent foftems, far remote from view, And though his march to angels flow appear'dy (Ev'n as a grand procession does to men) "I'was fwifter far than morning beams of light; Through thining realms, and starry plains he past,... Nor halted on his way till he arriv'd Before the glorious city's pearly gates, 'The tabernacle of th' cternal King, 310. God's city, new Jerusalem, above. Distant from earth ten million million miles. Yet thought can travel this amazing length. In one small moment; Jesus was not long; . Since news return'd from thence in ten days time, . By Heav'n's express that he had safe arriv'd, 3167 And had perform'd his glorious enterprize! There halted Jesus with his num'rous train, And now in form demanded entrance in.

Life up your heads, eternal gates, unfold, Ye everlasting doors be open'd wide,
To give the King of Glory entrance here.
Who is the King of Glory? Who can claim
Admittance here? What fon of Adam's race,
That can engage his heart fo to approach 3:

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icred walls, and urge his way to God? , strong and mighty, comes to dwell In's imperial palace for a time, e atonement and to intercede. rebellious fons of men below: 330 hath fought, and overcome the hofts and hell, combin'd in dread array; he trophies of his vict'ries here! Is that he hath taken on the field. thty One, in battle claims his crown: same the Lord and King of Glory is. he King of Glory fo renown'd? Lord of heav'nly hosts is he; ial Father's only Son and Heir, n all pow'r in heav'n and earth is giv'n; 349. htness of his Father's glory pure, itiful expression of his form, all fullness in perfection dwells. hese regions bright, his native home, th'd in clay in yonder world sojourn'd; 345; er'd.flum'rous woes and ills for men. in was his count'nance griev'd and fad ! : en were his eyes in tears suffus'd ! : fuffer'd death, his foul was made ng for the fine of human race; 3500 gh he feem'd to fall in battle fore, g conquer'd, soon he rose again; returns to fill his royal feat. the eternal gates were open'd wide, g of glory enter'd; but his hosts 355

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Remain'd a while without, as feem'd most fit. For the Redeemer had a work to do In Heav'n, ere man could ever enter there :. And hence 'twas necessary he should leave The earth, that feats in bliss he might prepare, For those who love, obey, and follow him. A work remain'd which he must do alone, For he alone was equal to the task, To enter and to approach the face of God, And make full reconciliation there, For all the fins and failings of mankind; And thus remove obstructions from the way. That leads from earth to Heav'n, and to obtain That Heav'n's eternal gates, now open'd wide, Should readily admit the righteous in, And that the Holy Spirit might be fent To dwell with men, to fanctify their fouls; And thus prepare them for this greatest boon. To dwell with God in regions of delight.

Far in the centre of this city stands
Upon a losty mount, the throne of God,
Begirt with uncreated light around,
Which none of all the bright seraphic host
Might dare to look upon, far less approach;
Which to prevent, a vail that dark appears
Seems like a curtain drawn around; though for
Of unapproachable and glorious light.
Thither the Savior, beauteous to behold,
In glory march'd majestic, with intent
Before the burning throne to offer up



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cense sweet, and to present his blood; ke atonement for the fins of a'l: er up his intercessions there, ase till he the bleffing should obtain oly Ghost, with all its heav'nly gifts, 39 he had promis'd to his chosen ones. ill I pause a little and describe pearance of my Lord and Savior then? ne, O divine and facred Dove! aron in his costly, priestly robes, 395 such a figure when within the vail er'd on the great atonement's day. those things were figures, we'll attend ir description, for their patterns giv'n d himself were never giv'n in vain. 400 est plate, ephod, robe, and broider'd coat, itre, and the girdle, pointed out irments of falvation Jesus wore, he before the Father's throne appear'd. ld, blue, purple, scarlet, linen fine, 405 n precious, costly royal robes, our great high priest and king to wear; dy'd in blood, which he had shed for us. recious stones were in the ephod plac'd, ich the names of Jacob's sons were grav'd, t each shoulder, worn by Aaron shew'd 411 : sus on the shoulders of his pow'r ill the names of those for whom he dy'd, sten'd by a girdle of the same, a'd truth and faithfulness in him. 415.

Who hath engag'd to intercede for us.

But, O the breatt-plate, curious to behold,

Of the fame rich materials made; four fquare,

A span in length and breadth: there set in gold

Twelve stones, all diff'rent, yet all precious ston

On each a name indelibly engrav'd,

Were glorious to behold, and plainly shew'd

That Jesus bears our names upon his heart;

And lov'd us with an everlasting love;

Or never would he bore our load of sins,

Dear Reader yours and mine! O think of this!

The ephod and the breast-plate sirmly join'd, Shew pow'r and love combin'd our souls to save. The Urim and the Thummim here were plac'd, Light and persections dwell on Jesus heart; And when he did approach the sacred seat Whereon Jehovah in sull glory shone, Our names were cover'd with the heav'nly light. The ephod's robe of blue, upon its hem Hung golden bells, and pomegranates around, The sweet and charming sound of golden bells Seems tidings of great joy, good news to men, Good-will, peace, pardon, wisdom, love, and polesus the Savior dy'd, rose, lives for us.

The pomegranates are fruits, with homely rise
But full of color'd juice, and num'rous feeds;
So all the Saints are Jesu's precious fruits,
Though not to be defir'd by worldly eyes,
They are enrich'd with grace, and now contain
The seeds of glory and eternal life.



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st comes the mitre and the glorious crown, ont of which a plate of gold contain'd ess to the Lord, thereon engrav'd; ach us no unholiness can come : Jehovah's face, whose purer eyes 450 ty and evil cannot bear. hrist was holy, harmless, undefil'd, separate from sinners, free from sin, ain had he, in him was no defect, was his life, and perfect was his heart; 455 pt the law, in which he did delight, agnify'd, and made it honorable. with a garment cloth'd down to the foot, girded with a golden girdle round, rreat high priest appear'd; on him was pour'd loly ointment, confecrating oil. 461 eld the facred spices in his hand, ake a sweet perfume before the throne. 'd like a lamb that had been newly flain, cars and wounds shew'd fresh, his blood he held clean vessel as an off ring pure. 469 us he prepar'd, and habited, went on, ncing to the vast ab, is of light, e true eagle foars towards the fun, fears its radiant beams; so he beheld 473 awful fight with rapture, which to us ld cause an instant death; for this was shewn er the law, for none but the high priest it view the holiest place on pain of death : new that none could fee God's face and live, 475

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Except the Lord, our great high priest above. For all those things appointed by the law, Were types, and patterns of the heav'nly things.

Before the throne a facred altar stands,
Whereon the holy fire for ever burns;
This altar saw Isaiah in a trance;
And this saw John in visions of the Lord.
The fire was order'd never to go out
Upon the altar which was made below,
To represent th' eternal fire of Heav'n.
Another altar made for incense stood
Without the vail, before the mercy seat,
On which, each morning, incense must be burnt;
Such were the figures of the heav'nly things,
Then sure the heav'nly things themselves remain,
Perpetual, useful, and substantial too.

There is a real City, such an one
As mortal eyes saw never, God dwells there,
But not confin'd, he's still in ev'ry place:
But there his glory always is display d.
Upon a toples throne th' Almighty reigns,
Dwelling in light, and splendor uncreate.
But to describe the glories of his court,
No tongue or pen is able: far less mine,
Unus d to sing in these exalted strains:
But if I fail, tis in a glorious cause;
And some bright genius may hereafter rise,
An heav'nly poet born; of virtuous soul;
Whose heart, sill d with the purest slame of love,
His words with lofty elegance may rise

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Superior far in common to my thoughts		
When most e	ralted; for I must confess,	
That though	my subject be sublimer far	
Than ever poor	et wrote, or fang before,	
Too much I	vant the glowing colors here;	510
My fancy dies in the full blaze of day.		
	painter that can paint the fun,	
In the full bla	ze of noon? or draw the found	
Of sweetest m	usic, on a canvals coarse?	
So must I find	beneath my subject vast.	115
But if I can po	erfuade one foul to love	
The Savior, w	hose amazing works I sing,	
Or raise one	cold and drooping heart to heav'n	,
Or even warn	my heart with heav'nly fire,	
And form con	nection with the hosts above,	520
I shall not this	nk my labors wholly lost.	·
Behold the	Savior now approach the flame,	
Which on the	heav'nly altar ever burns,	
The golden co	nfer takes in hand, and fills	
With living c	oals, that bright forever glow.	525
The holy frag	rant incense laid thereon,	
(Sweeter perf	ume than all Arabia yields)	
Sent up a clos	ad of smoke, before the seat	
Of the Eterna	l; now the Savior's hid,	
Enter'd where	human person never stood.	530
	ic eye itself beheld.	
All Heav'n was now attention; filence reign'd,		
An awful filence; angels wond'ring stood,		
At humble di	stance, nor did they presume	

T' approach the facred place, or dare to look

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Within the vail to view the wonders there, The great transactions of th' important hour. And shall my muse, more vent'rous in her slight, Approach the blaze of uncreated day, And tell what pass'd in that abyss profound, Between th' eternal Father, and the man Of his right hand, the darling Son of God, And Son of Man, in whom both natures meet? O 'twas a period big with grand events; For had he fail'd-but stop, it could not be ; 548 His person was so holy, and his life So pure, and his obedience so complete, His death so precious, and his facrifice So efficacious, and his incense sweet, His precious, cleanfing, all-atoning blood, 550 His wounds fo lately open'd, all appear'd; His garments clean, while on his facred head The holy oil pour'd forth, ran trickling down; And all the bleffings which he came to ask, Were fuch as God delighted to bestow; 555 These things all promis'd, and insur'd success. Sev'n times before the Holy One he bow'd ; And sprinkled his own blood before the throne

Sev'n times before the Holy One he bow'd. And fprinkled his own blood before the throne Sev'n times; for fo the figures plainly teach. Meantime the spicy odour smok'd around, And thus his intercession he began.

O Father, look on me; behold I come In character of advocate for man; On his behalf I did to earth descend, For him I condescended to be born;



Book V.] THE ASCENSION. 171 There did I labor, fuffer, do thy will, As thou appointed me, ere time began. For man I yielded up my foul to death; And gave my life a willing facrifice. I foil'd my foes in battle, and pursu'd 570 My greatest enemies to their retreat, And dragg'd them to the light, and have releas'd Their pris'ners held in bondage by their chains. Fve left my chosen train on earth below In expectation of the facred fign, 575 By me appointed as the token fure, By which they might have certain evidence That I still live, and am arrived fafe At my great Father's feat, and have obtain'd Those bleffings, that I promis'd faithfully 550 I would bestow on them. Behold I come :-Here is my blood, the reconciling blood; Behold my wounds, the certain proofs of death ! O fmell the rich perfames my incense yields ! Behold the names of all my chosen ones, 585 As heads and chiefs of all the ranfom'd race: Accept my facrifice which I present, My blood which I have freely shed for all. And for my fake accept the race of men: Tho vile and black, my blood can wash them white, Make them appear as new fall'n mountain fnew. Look on them all through me, and ever grant,. The penitent may pardon find; and those Who put their trust in me, may be reliev'd.

Grant from henceforth the heav'nly gates may stand

For ever open'd wide, to entertain, 596 The righteous nation, who the truth obey. Give me a feat upon thy throne awhile, Till I return to earth, to fliew my pow'r To crush my foes, and make the world submit : 6ce There would I once exalted be, and reign, And have my faints and martyrs with me share. Commit the government into my hands, Till I have banish'd treason from thy realm, And made each knee to bend before thy feet; And ev'ry tongue to swear allegiance due, To thee, the rightful Lord of heav'n and earth, These my petitions, grant, O Father; dear, And as a proof, vouchafe to answer me; And fend thy Holy Spirit down to earth; 610 Let not his promis'd presence long delay. Thus spake the Son before the mercy feat. Nor did he speak in vain, for soon he heard The Father's lovely voice, addressing him. My Son, the image of my person, fair, 615 Only begotten Son, my heart's delight,

Only begotten Son, my heart's delight,
For thou art he, by whom I made all things;
The ages constituted, and the wide
Creation form'd; things seen and those unseen
By thee were made, all fashion'd by thine hand;
And thou upholdest all things by thy pow'r.
I am thy Father, thou my Son most high,
By angels thou shalt worshipp'd be, by men
Ador'd, for such is my decree giv'n forth.
Thy throne, O God, for evermore shall stand,

Ages of ages shall thy kingdom last. Thy sceptre just and strong is righteousness; For righteoufness and truth are thy delight; And all iniquity thy foul doth hate . God, thine own God, hath therefore honor'd thee, And with the oil of joy and gladness crown'd 631 Thy facred head, exceedingly above Thy brethren of the human race, thine heirs. Thou well art worthy to be King and Lord, For thou didft earth's foundations lay at first, 635 The heav'ns themselves are all thy handy work. Though they shall perish, thou shalt still remain, Though like a garment they all shall wax old, And as a vefture shalt thou them fold up, And they shall change, and be again renew'd; 6.10 But thou, the fame, past, present, and to come, Doft never change, thy years shall never fail. Full well haft thou perform'd my will on earth, Thy arduous work, I faw, and I approv'd, I will reward thy labors with a crown; 645 Thou by thy death eternal honors gain'd. My dear delight, I'm fatisfy'd in thee, My chofen One, my foul approves thee well : All thy defires I grant, and what thou wilt, Aft, and I will bestow; be ev'ry thing 650 According to thy utmost mind and wish. Since a fin off'ring thou thy foul haft made, Thou shalt behold thy feed, thy days prolong, Thy Father's pleafure in thy hands shall speed. So large a conquest shall thy gospel make, 6:5

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That thou shalt be completely satisfy'd; • And seeing the full travail of thy foul; Shalt have no reason to repent thy pain. All things are subject now to the control, (Except the God who gave all things to thee,) 6604 Do as it pleases thee in all respects. Ask me, and I the nations of the earth Will give thee, as thine own inheritance; 'The heathen lands shall thy possession be; Thou with thy sceptre and thy rod shalt rule, Till ev'ry nation shall to thee submit. Resume thy royal seat at my right hand, Sit down with me upon my glorious throne Till I shall make thy foes to the: bow down. Dwell here in heav'n till those important times, 670. The ages of the restitution come : Then thou shalt go to earth to do great things; To vindicate thine honor, and subdue The people under thee, to reign o'er all. Then shall the number of thy subjects born, Be like the num'rous drops of morning dew :-In the mean time, fend down the Holy Ghoft, To bless thy chosen ones; they shall proclaim Thy triumph through the world, and multitudes Shall own thee as their Lord, and thee obey. Such as adhere to thee thou may'st exalt, As kings and priefts on thrones, when thou shalt rule From fea to fea, and through the earth difplay The wonders of thy justice, pow'r, and love.

In the mean time thou art a priest to me,



V. THE ASCENSION.

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the order of Melchisedec : redecessor thou hadst none, nor shall glorious priesthood e'er succession know. off'ring pure, acceptable to me, gain'd for thee this favor in mine eyes,. my priest forever; pray'rs I'll hear, r'd in thy name; praise I'll accept: is and off?rings, if through thee they come, be receiv'd, and find a welcome here. spake th' eternal Father, and shone forth, 605. all his glory, on the Son belov'd. on obedient rose, and took his place d's right hand; when lo a path appear'd; quite open'd to the throne of God; ail was cleft and Jesus shew'd his face. av'n rejoic'd at this amazing fight! rumpet founded loud, and hail'd the Son. ry, on his throne exalted high. was permission giv'n to all the train. its who came with Jesus, to come in, 705 led by the bright angelic hosts: had their feats in bliss to them assign'd; iw their Savior, and with joy ador'd great fore-runner; who had led their feet fe celestial realms of joy and peace. pris'ners whom the Savior freed from chains, zere admitted to a place of rest. um'rous host from tribulation came, obes once fou', were cleans'd in Jefu's blood. ilms of victiry were bestow'd on them, 715

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They were the Savior's trophies, and appe ar'd Proofs of his conquefts over death and hell. As for the heads of the rebellious crew That Jesus led in chains, to shew his pow'r, They for the present were releas'd, to rove 720 Through air and earth, as formerly, to tempt The fons of men, until the Savior comes To bind their prince, and chain him in the deep : And they with him; then shall temptations cease A thousand years; while Jesus reigns on earth. 725. I cannot stay to sing their swift descent, Through diff'rent spheres, till to the earth they came, Nor how their hellish joy exulted loud, At being suffer'd still to rang at large, Bent full on mischief, hating God and man, 730. Like roaring lions, feeking for their prey; Employ'd to ruin man, if possible. These things I cannot sing at large, but haste To join the heav'nly choirs, in praising him Now seated on a throne of dazzling light. 735. This one fong ended, I must quit this place, And to the earth descend with joyful news. Now were the heav'nly hofts all fummon'd round,

Now were the heav'nly holts all lummon'd round,
To pay their adorations to their King;
For now he was exalted far above 746
All principalities, dominions, pow'rs;
And all things were subjected to his sway.
Angels and faints all join'd to praise his name;
They sang his low descent, from Heav'n to earth,
How he was born, and how he liv'd obscure; 746 he



bok V.] TH

THE ASCENSION.

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At length how he was crucify'd to death.

They fang his vict'ry over death and hell,

His refurrection from the darksome tomb:

These glorious acts they sung; but O, how loud

The chorus rose, when once they introduc'd

The grand ascension song, which thus began:

Thou hast ascended, are enthron'd on high; Hast captive led captivity, and hast Received gifts for men, rebellious men, That God the Lord might dwell with them below. He that descended to the lowest deeps, 759 To raise his ransom'd pris'ners from despair; Is now ascended to the highest Heav'ns, Exalted far above our noblest praise. Behold the chariots which around him wait, 760 Those angels who attended him to Heav'n! Thousands of thousands wait his high commands. Worthy is he to wear the glorious crown, Who late was flain and fuffer'd on the crofs: Worthy all pow'r, and riches, to receive; Wisdom, and strength, and honor, are his due; Glory, and praise, and bleffing evermore.

The faints cry'd Worthy is the Lamb, once slain;
To take the sealed book of God's decrees,
To open and to execute them all:
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Which none in Heav'n or earth could undertake,
For none were worthy found, but he alone.
For he was slain, and hath redeemed us,
From ev'ry kindred, nation, people, tongue,
And to our God hath made us kings and priests,

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And we shall reign with thee upon the earth.

This is a fong most new, which none can learn' But those redeem'd from earth, first fruits to God I And to the Lamb; whose mouths are free from guil Who spotless stood before the sacred throne. But those composing the great multitude, All nations, kindreds, peoples, tongues, who came From tribulation great, by him releas'd. Cloth'd in those blood-wash'd robes, exceeding whi Could not be filent on this joyful day; But cry'd aloud, Salvation be to God. Who fittest on the throne, and to the Lamb. The angels join'd the chorus, and ador'd Their King and Lord, our Savior Jesus Christ. For him hath God exalted, and hath giv'n To him a name superior to all names; That in the name of Jesus ev'ry knee Should bow; and ev'ry tongne confess him Lord, To God's eternal praise; nothing except In Heav'n above, on earth, or underneath; God hath decreed that all shall him adore. The age to come, is put beneath his feet, And shall be govern'd by his laws alone: An honor this that angels never had. Me's head of principalities and pow'rs,

Ser'n days and nights were spent in this employ

And worthy of this honor is the Lord,
Who once became obedient unto death;
To death in its most painful, shameful form,
The suff'rings of the vile accursed cross.



V.] THE ASCENSION.

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aints and angels join'd to crown their King,

God hath fet on Zion's holy hill:

rais'd his name in fuch exalted notes,
et the music, and so grand the songs,
I strive at all to imitate;

sque is much too seeble, and my pen,
eak to represent the airs of Heav'n,
it that I have attempted greater things
eainter ever painted, poet sang;
I have not fail'd in my attempt
w the great exploits by Jesus done;
s exalted state: let God be prais'd.

END OF THE FIFTH BOOK.

EOOK VI.

THE INTERCESSION.

O DEAR Redeemer, or by what lov'd name Shall I address thee? how shall I express The thoughts within my heart, that labor there Oh, how my soul, beneath th' amazing load Of gratitude opprest, would fain have vent! O Jesus, help me raise my thoughts to heav'n; Teach me to meditate, (in spite of all Impediments that weigh my sprits down) Upon thy glorious intercession there. Thou knowest all my weaknesses and wants; O help me through this work, and I will raise A monument of gratitude to thee, Who canst inspire my soul to sing thine acts, Thy noble acts, the wonders of thy love, Which thou hast wrought in favor of mankind.

Begin my foul to trace the glorious theme,
The intercession of thy Lord and King:
In Heav'n's high court above he pleads for thee
He knows thy frame, thy weakness, and thy faul
Yet loves thee still, and interceding sits
At God's right hand, and gains the Father's ear,
In spite of all the accusations strong
Which Satan urges, who accuses thee
Before Jehovah, ceaseless night and day:
And oh, his charges are but oft too true,

Book VI.] THE INTERCESSION.

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Though aggravated fore; but Jesus cries,
Father forgive the sinner, I have dy'd,
My blood hath made atonement for his faults;
For him I liv'd, dy'd, suffer'd, rose again,
Ascended and will intercession make.

Besides, O Father, still he loves us well;
His heart rejoices in our words and ways;
He is a brand pluck'd from the burning sire.
Satan to such a soul can lay no claim;
Therefore the siend deserves thy just rebuke.

Thus oft my Savior pleads, nor pleads in vain:
His plea well sounded, always must succeed.

Who shall support a charge against those souls

Who shall support a charge against those souls Who love the Lord, and whom the Lord approves God justifies; and who shall dare condemn? 'Tis Christ that dy'd, but still we glory more In that he rose, and lives at God's right hand, And for us constant intercession makes. This chain of grand events emboldens us To bid this challenge to our num'rous foes; Who will attempt to break the union firm Between the faithful faints, and Christ their head? And separate their fouls from Jesu's love? Shall tribulation? or shall fore diffres? Or perfecution fell ? or famine drear ? Shall nakedness? or peril? or the sword? Tis for thy fake we're martyr'd all the day; As sheep unto the slaughter we are led. The num'rous pains and cruel wounds-we bear, Are such as none but faithful christians feel.

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Without are fightings, and within are fears, And none but God can know what we endure. But we in all things more than conqu'rors are Through him that lov'd us. He can sympathize. He bore our fins, our forrows carry'd too; 60 He felt our pains, he knows our bitter griefs. For we have not in heav'n a great high priest, That cannot feel for our infirmities; He still remembers what he once endur'd . For he like us was tempted in all points, б5 Our inbred fins except, for he had none. O therefore let us ever bold!y come To his rich throne of grace, and thus obtain Mercy and grace, to help in time of need. And fince our great high priest, the Son of God, 70 Jesus, our Savior, into Heav'n is gone, O let us hold our good profession fast! Our hope's an anchor fure within the vail; Whither our great forerunner for our fakes Hath enter'd; and our course doth thither tend: There through God's grace we shall arrive at last. For we are well perfuaded, neither death, Nor life, nor angels, principalities, Nor pow'rs, things present nor those things to come, Nor heighth, nor depth, nor any creature, shall Be able to divide our feuls from God, Or separate us from our Savior's love. Jesus is gone to plead our cause on high. He sits enthron'd above, rememb'ring still, His fiery trials in our lower world; 85



Book VI.]

THE INTERCESSION.

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For it behov'd him in all things to be Made like his brethren, that he might become A merciful and faithful priest for us, In things pertaining to the Deity; To make atonement for the people's fins, 90 And then to plead for them before the Lord. As once he suffer'd being tempted fore, He's therefore able to relieve the fouls. The tempted fouls, who trust his faithful care. Jesus behold me, see my great distress; 95 No comfort can'I find but in thy love; If thou forfakest me, where shall I go? I am a wretched pilgrim, far from home, No friend I find in whom my foul can trust But thee alone, O Savior leave me not; :::9 Thou feest how I fall without thine aid. Tefus, thou art our glorious advocate, Exalted high to intercede for men, O help me, save me, suatch me from despair. My foul must perish if thou dost deny. 105 But thou hast lov'd me, and giv'n thyself A ranfom for my life, and fully made Propitiation for my num'rous crimes. Nor me alone, thy church was purchas'd too, By the same price; nor didst thou die in vain, II. Thy chosen bride shall hear thy pow'rful voice : Nor was thy pity bounded on that day When thou so freely didst thy life lay down, For all mankind thou shed'st thy precious blood, Not one excluded, all were bought by thee;

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Not for our fins alone, but the whole world, Thou madelt reconciliation then.

What boundless love was this! thy love constrains. Our hearts to love thee, and to love mankind.

And thus we judge, that if one dy'd for all, 120. Then were all dead; and that for all he dy'd, That they who live should live to him alone, Who dy'd for them, rose, lives, and intercedes.

All sin we should endonvor to forsake;
But if we sin, let not our souls despair; 125. If any man transgress, and miss the mark, An advocate we have at God's right hand, Th' anointed Savior, and the righteous One; Who having full propitiation made,

Now glorious acts the intercessor's part.

An advocate we have at God's right hand,
Th' anointed Savior, and the righteous One;
Who having full propitiation made,
Now glorious acts the interceffor's part.
He's able to the uttermost to save
All that shall ever come to God by him.
Because he always lives to plead for them.
He is a Savior, such as sinners need;
He's worthy of the dignity of priest,
Made higher than the heav'ns, as he deserves:
For he was holy in his heart and life,
And perfect innocence in him appear'd,
Was ne'er defil'd with sin's detested stain,
And always was from sinners separate.
Such an high priest became us, he is sit
To stand before the losty throne of God.

Such an high priest became us, he is fit To stand before the losty throne of God, And well was qualify'd to undertake, And having undertook, hath carry'd on, By means the most conducive to the end,

I 3:5:

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Book VI.] THE INTERCESSION.

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And will complete the work he hath begun.

He with his golden cenfer ever stands,

With purest incense, ready to present

The pray'rs of saints which (constantly ascend)

Upon the golden altar, which receives

Our sacrifices offer'd by our priest:

These with acceptance come before the throne;

For none can be deny'd that come through him.

Dear Jesus, hear my pray'rs regard my sighs,
For other mediator I have none;

And O my sorrow's great, my woe's extreme,
But thou my advocate and Savior art;
This is my comfort when each resuge fails,
O Lord forgive me all my sollies past,
And give me grace and strength for time to come.
O give me patience here to bear my cross!

And as I suffer sorely for my sins,
Give me release at last, and take me home
To dwell with thee, and all shall then be welf.

O Savior, pity, blefs, and plead for me! 165
I know thou livest, let me also live,
And let my soul be precious in thy sight.
Thou didst remember me upon thy cross,
Remember me, now, and forever more.
O blame me not for pleading earnestly; 170
I feel my need of thee, and cannot rest
But in thine arms of neighty love and pow'r.
In thee I trust, on thee alone depend,
As Savior, surety, helper, advocate,
As Lord and King; as shelter from the storm, 175

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As my great all in all, my chiefest good.

Thus having trac'd the Savior's process o'er,
Let us review the ground which we have past,
And just survey the circle he describ'd; [shade's;
From heav'n to earth, from earth to death's dark's
Thence to the earth again, and thence to heav'n.
And this review will just my work divide.

'Tis plain, if any truth can fo be call'd, That Jesus was with God, ere time began, And dwelt in glory, was the fole delight 185. Of his great Father, ere the worlds were made. He was with God, and therefore he could pray, Father I've glorify'd thy name on earth, The work thou gavest me I have fulfill'd. And now, O Father, glorify thy Son With thine own felf, with glory I possest With thre before this lower world began. This pray'r was false, if he existed not Before the universe itself was made. For God created all things by his Son, 195: Ali things in earth, or things in heav'n above, All things invisible, and all things feen, All thrones, dominions, principalities, All pow'rs, created by and for him were. He is before all things, and all exist From him, and by him; which could never be If he existed not till yesterday. He is the brightness of his Father's face, The image of his person fair exprest. All things to him their preservation owe,



.7 THE INTERCESSION.

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28 their existence, he therefore f all things; all things to him is giv'n ted by the Father in his hands. hat lovely person in the form but who did not aspite to rise, he bow'd in deep humility, upon himself a servant's form, he likeness of our flesh was made. found in fashion as a man. 1 became obedient. This is he 215 om the Father came into the world, is'd through all our flates of life and death. ough this process, back to God return'd. s ascended where he was before. from Heav'n, and therefore did return. : had all his purpofes fulfill'd 22 F h he came to earth; had liv'd, and dy'd, ed to the lowest parts of earth; mforted his followers, promis'd them ly Ghost, the Comforter divine, 225. o abide with them on earth, them all things, be their constant guide, n glory should appear again, s the love and grace of Jefus shewn. was rich became exceeding poor, ough his poverty we might be rich. he heights of Heav'n, those bright abodes, his royal state aside, and took i, and condescended to be born 1 low state, that he could feel 235 ts of human nature, and fustain

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Write and exceed me, set this matter forth In noblest strains: then will my heart rejoice To see my work into oblivion sink, In consequence of your more noble song. Willing my taper weak should be obscur'd By your meridian sun; my little stream Lost in your larger river: I'll not grudge To see your merits shine superior far To what I can pretend. O take the hint, And write on this sublimest subject so As quite to set aside my work perform'd.

What theme fo much deserves the noblest son As this important process of our Lord,
And the great empire which he shall erect?
No subject fills my raptur'd soul like these!
For ages I could dwell upon such themes,
Themes fitter for a seraph's tongue than mine. 3

Lord Jesus, seated on a throne of light,
To thee I would direct my earnest pray'r;
Forgive my feeble song, my weak attempt,
To sing thy glorious process, and proclaim
The wonders of thy strong redeeming love.
If I in any thing have done amiss,
Forgive me, 1 ord, and teach my willing mind.
Thou knowest that my soul sincerely seeks
To glorify thy great and holy name,
And to disclose the wonder's thou hast wrought: In which if I've succeeded, unto thee
Be all the praise, now, and forevermore.

END OF THE SIXTH BOOK.

'II.] DESCENT OF THE HOLY GHOST. 191

BOOK VII.

fcent of the Holy Ghost, or, the Wonders of the Day of Pentecost.

Lobject of my faith, my truft, and love! thou bright, immortal, heav'nly fair, freely gave thy life to ranfom us, pour'd thy blood upon the shameful cross; .ndertaking to deliver man 5 not abhor the humble virgin's womb: thou hadst conquer'd death, and overcome el sharpness, wide didst open Heav'n; believing fouls to enter there. I the Holy Spirit from above, 10 Comforter, instructor, guide divine, h thou didst promise to thy saints of old, which with greatest joy they did receive at bleft day, which my poor feeble muse d fain attempt to fing. O Lord affift. 10u canst make the feeble strong; and raise weakest strains to harmony divine. : me thy Spirit with its fev'nfold gifts; eart inspire while I attempt to sing ronders wrought on that renowned day 1 God, the Holy Ghost, came down to dwell mortal men, thy glories to proclaim; to prepare them for the facred work h they were destin'd to perform on earth;

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And also for thy facred courts above
Lord, I would pray for so divine a boon,
I feel the need of that celestial slame,
To purify my soul from sin and death;
And to inspire the lostiest sentiments
Of love and joy, while Pentecost I sing.

Ten days the chosen band had spent in pray'r In earnest supplication persever'd, With one accord they join'd in that employ, While waiting for the promise of their Lord. Six score most precious names together spent That bleffed feason till the time arriv'd. Companions are of use in every thing, Each other they encourage and support, But never more than when they join in pray'r : And mutual fervent pray'r is doubly blefs'd, And may the Savior's mighty promife claim: Where two of you agree on earth to ask For any thing, it shall be done for them, By God, my Father, who in glory dwells, Yet listens to the pray'rs and cries of all Who offer up petitions in my name.

O that mankind on earth would now unite In faith, by pray'r to supplicate his throne; / What blessings they might gain which now they r They have not for they ask not, or, in vain They ask, and not receive, for their design Is to consume the blessing on their lusts. Prayer must be made in faith through Jesu's nat And be according to the will of God,

Book VII.] DESCENT OF THE HOLY GHOST. 193

Proceeding from an heart upright, sincere.

These are the needful requisites of pray'r.

So the disciples pray'd with constancy

For ten blest days, till from their Lord they heard.

Now the appointed day was fully come, The day of Pentecost, that glorious day, 60 Oa which the promise of the Holy Ghost, In all its gifts of wisdom, love, and pow'r, Should be accomplish'd to their greatest joy; And mankind brought thereby to God again, As first ripe fruits: fure token that at last 65 The whole shall be prepar'd for highest use: For if the Lord hath fanctify'd a part, The whole must share in his divine regard, For if the root be holy, then 'tis plain That all the branches must be so esteem'd. 70 And if the first ripe fruits are fanctify'd, The lump, and all the harvest, are the Lord's, All his righful due, none will he lofe.

The day arose, the morning sun appear'd,
And sound the chosen train together met,
All in one place, and all of one accord,
All waiting for the Holy Spirit's fire.
When suddenly a rushing mighty wind,
From heav'n descending sill'd the happy place.
Fill'd all the room with glory; every heart
With wisdom, love, and pow'r, and grace divine.
In sorm of cloven tongues of fire appear'd
The holy Spirit, and on each remain'd.
Inspir'd thereby to speak with other tongues.

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They foon began the wonders to declare And O what wond'rous things they had to tell! This was a token jure that Christ their Lord Had enter'd Heav'n, and was accepted there. So then without delay they boldly spake, And publish'd to the wond'ring musticude The death and refurrection of the Lord, And his afcention into theav'n ittelf, Now in his Father's presence to appear. O had I words to tell the glorious news, As they proclaim'd it in that bleffed hour ! 95 With what unknown, aftonishing success !-Thousands converted to the lord their God, Proclaim'd the Savior's refurrection true. Such a rich harvest Jesus well deserv'd, A just reward of all his woes and pains. But what a fermon did th' Apostle preach! How did he win so many souls at once?

How did he win so many souls at once?

O could we learn that heav'nly useful art

Of winning souls! how wise and happy they

Whom Jesus calls, and strengthens for that work?

For he that winneth souls is truly wise!

And they who many turn to righteousness

Shall shine, as stars in Heav'n, for evermore.

One fermon then three thousand did convert,

But now three thousand fermons scarce win one. The

Yet, Lord, the harvest still remains behind.

For Pentecost was only the first fruits,

A prelude of the glorious latter day.

Peter began, and listed up his voice:



cok VII.] DESCENT OF THE HOLY CHOST. 195

Hear now, ye dwellers at Jerusalem, 115 Ye men of Judah, hearken to my words, And be this wonder now explain'd to all. These whom you see thus mov'd, not drunk nor mad, Are fill'd with heav'nly wine, the grace of God, The Holy Ghost is poured out on them. For that which Joe! spake is now fulfill'd: And it shall come to pass, faith God most High, In days to come, the latter age of time, I will pour out my Spirit on all flesh, Your fons and daughters then shall prophefy; 125 Young men shall visions see, and old men dream. My fervants and my handmaids all shall share In fuch a bleffing, worthy of the name! My Spirit pour'd upon them all shall make Their hearts rejoice, their tongues to prophefy. In outward nature wonders shall be shewn, Signs in the Heav'n above, and earth beneath, Blood, fire, and smoky vapour shall appear: The fun, with darkness cover'd, shall not shine; The filver moon discolor'd, like to blood, 135 Shall shew the world the mighty day is nigh.

Such was the darkness, and the fearful sights
Which to the world appear'd when Jesus dy'd;
And which portended then great things to man.
Such awful signs forewarn'd the stubborn Jews 150
Of their destruction nigh, their bloody doom.
And such shall be repeated, ere the Lord
Shall come in clouds to reign upon the earth.

And it shall come to pass, that whosoe'er

Shall call upon the name of Christ the Lord, In faith, according to the will of God, He shall salvation's precious gift obtain.

Ye men of Ifrael, hear these words of truth: Jefus of Nazareth, by God approv'd, A man that went about, ftill doing good, By whom God wrought figns, wonders, miracles, Among you and before the eyes of all, As ye yourselves must witness that ye know; The fick he heal'd, the blind reftor'd to fight, He made the deaf to hear, the dumb to speak, 155 The lame to walk, the foulest lepers cleans'd, He cast out demons, and he rais'd the dead : Yet him the God of Heav'n deliver'd up, According to his counsel and forefight, Him ye have taken, and by wicked hands 160 Have crucify'd and flain the prince of Life: But him hath God the Father rais'd from death, For 'twas not possible that all its bands Should hold the mighty conqu'ror pris'ner still. It was of him, and in his character 16¢ The prophet David in the pfalm did speak . The Lord before my face I did foresee, Always attending to direct my steps : He my defence is still at my right hand, And never suffers me to move amis: Therefore my heart rejoic'd, my tongue was glad ;, My flesh shall also rest in highest hope: Because thou wilt not leave my soul in hell, Nor-let thine Holy One corruption fee;

Book VII.] DESCENT OF THE HOLY GROST 1

Thou hast made known to me the ways of life, 175 Thy countenance shall make me full of joy.

Men, brethren, let me freely speak to you, Concerning David, patriarch, and king ; You know that he is dead, and bury'd here, His sepulchre with us remaineth still : 180 And therefore of himself he could not speak, But as he was a prophet, and foresaw The coming of the bleffed One, yea, knew That God had fworn to him with folemn oath, That from his stock and offspring he would raise 185 Christ the anointed Savior, on his throne To fit, and rule the world in righteousness; This he beheld in vision, and foretold, And therefore of Christ's resurrection spake With certainty, how that his righteous foul 190 Was not in hell detain'd, nor yet his flesh, That mortal part, did foul corruption fee. This Jesus God hath raised from the dead, Whereof we all are faithful witnesses. For as he is by God's right hand of pow'r 195 Exalted in the Heav'ns in glory high And having of the Father now receiv'd The promise of the Holy Spirit, he Hath shed forth this which now ye see and hear. For David hath not yet ascended up, 200 Into the Heav'ns, but he himself hath said, lehovah faid unto my Lord, Sit thou At my right hand, until I make thy foes Become thy footstool, and submit to thee,

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Therefore let all the house of Israel know. 204. Assuredly, receive it as a fact, That God hath made Jefus of Nazareth, Whom ye have crucify'd, both Lord and Christ. This was the fermon crown'd with fuch fuccess, And therefore worthy of remembrance here. Though plain, short, simple, with such force it came, As made its consequences greater far-Than any fermon preach'd before or fince; So far as writing, facred or profane, Informs us. Then our Lord began to fee 215 The travail of his foul, with holy joy. Joy was in heav'n that day, the angels sang-The rifing glories of their Lord and King. For if one penitent makes them rejoice. How great their pleasure when they thousands fawir. Who pricked in their hearts at what they heard, 2214 To Peter, and the apostles, cry'd aloud, Men, brethren, tell us, O, what must we do? Repent, and be baptiz'd, both one and all, In that great name of Jesus Christ the Lord, 225-For the remission of your fins, and then The gift of God, the Holy Ghost, receive. The promise is to you, and to your feed, And to the people who at distance dwell, As many as the Lord our God shall call. With many other words of like import, He then exhorted, faying, Save yourselves. From this untoward generation; stand Afar from all the maxims of this age,

II.] DESCENT OF THE HOLY GHOST: cked customs of this finful world. 235 y as the faving word receiv'd ien baptiz'd, and added to the church, 1 that day receiv'd three thousand souls mbraces, who were join'd in heart. a glorious body then was feen ! I continu'd stedfastly agreed rue doctrine of our bleffed Lord, by his holy messengers, who brought dings to the ears of finful men. e new converted ones had fellowship 245 e Apostles; each to each was join'd. ame reciprocal bond of love: the same free Spirit from on high, 1 communion with the God of grace, welt in love, continu'd much in pray'r, 250 taking bread from house to house, they liv'd: e united family. No broils: ce contentions were amidst them found. .rt, one foul, one mind, and one accord, onstantly within this peaceful fold. 255; ood they took in fingleness of heart, heir meat with gladness, they rejoic'd alvation of their Savior King, ne of God they prais'd, and Christ ador'd,. or with the people, and the Lord 260: icreas'd their number, with fuch fouls : disposed falvation to receive. lorious days were those! while they remain'd. united in one heav'nly band!

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No different doctrines, jarring sentiments,

Were found among their leaders, all agreed

To testify of Jesus, of his life,

Death resurrection, and ascent to Heav'n,

And of his intercession there for men.

The church who in his name believ'd, was one, 2.

Like as the Father and the Son agree,

In perfect union, so the Christians were,

All of one mind, and all agreed in love,

Were one in understanding, and design.

With glorious pow'r the bleft apostles gave True witness of the Savior's love to men, And of his refurrection from the tomb; And greatest grace upon them all was shed. They walking in the fear and love of God. And in the comforts of the Holy Ghoft, Were multiply'd and fill'd with ev'ry good And perfect gift descending from above. From God the Father, Lord of love and light. Those who believ'd continu'd in the truth. And by the truth were freed from fin and guilt, 28 From felfishness, and envy, pride, and wrath: Fill'd with humility, meekness, and love, And refignation to the will divine. Love, fervent charity in them prevail'd, Join'd with true piety, and godly zeal. Such was Christianity in ancient days. Profesfors were possessors, and they liv'd Unto the glory and the praise of Christ. Justly they did, lov'd mercy, humbly walk'd,

n sobriety and righteousness; 295 liness they exercis'd themselves. iv'd to him in whom they liv'd, and bore ecious fruits of holiness sincere, i'd by holiness of heart and life. hought and spake like Jesus, liv'd like him. ere in disposition like their Lord 301 a his fentiments and motives rul'd, ne their principles, like his divine. oly Ghost brought forth its fruits in them, oy, and peace, long fuff'ring, gentlenefs. :ss and faith, meekness and temperance; 306: the Spirit liv'd, and walk'd therein. ound the promifes of Christ fulfill'd, he had giv'n before he left the world: e, as the legacy of our 5est friend, :h'd before his death, let us review tore attention than we would a will n our names as legatees were found, thereby entitled to estates est worth, with titles high adorn'd. 315 mise of the Spirit, richer far I the dignities that earth can boaft, is proclaim'd by Jesus Christ our Lord. love me, then my commandments keep. ill pray the Father, he'll give you 320 · comforter, who shall abide u forevermore (though I depart:) Great Spirit of eternal truth, vorldly men cannot receive, because

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They fee him not, nor know his character:
But ye're acquainted with his influence,
For he shall dwell in you, and rule your hearts.
I will not go, and leave you comfortless,
(For though I leave you, I will come again)
Because I live, your life is safe in me.
(Lord let thy soul in me be found at last.)

(Lord let thy foul in me be found at last.) Thefe things I speak while I am yet with you; But he, the Comforter, the Holy Ghoft, Whom the great Father in my name shall fend, He shall instruct you in the ways of peace, Shall teach you all things, and all things shall be To your rememb'rance what to you I've fpoke. My peace I give and leave with you always, Not like the world do I my gifts bestow: Let not your heart be troubled nor afraid. The Comforter, the Holy Ghost shall come, Whom from the Father I will fend to you, Whose name is call'd, Spirit of grace and truth, Who from the Almighty Father doth proceeds This Comforter shall testify of me. And also ye shall faithful witness bear, Because, from the beginning ye have seen My works, and heard my words, and been with For you it is expedient that I go Unto my Father, for unless I thus

Unto my Father, for unless I thus
Depart, the Comforter will not descend;
But if I go, I'll send him from on high.
And when he comes, he will the world represent
Of sin, of righteousness, and judgment too;

ook VII.] DESCENT OF THE HOLY GHOST. 203 fin, because they don't on me believe: 355 f righteouinels, because I go away Into my Father, and ye fee me not; f judgment, he'll reprove, because the prince f darkness of this age, Satan, is judg d. I yet have many things to fay to you, 369 ut ye are weak, and cannot bear them now: ut when the Spirit of all truth is come, e will instruct your fouls, and guide your hearts, nd facred knowledge to you all impart, nd teach your understandings all the truth, and animate your wills to keep the fame. he bleffed Spirit he will speak of me, ot of himself; whatever he shall hear hat shall he speak, and shew you things to come. such he shall glorify and honor me; 379 or he shall take of mine, and shew it you. Il things that God the Father hath are mine; 'herefore I said to you, that he shall take he things of mine, and shew them unto you. Thus Jesus spake, and promis'd them this boon, and thus they found his promises fulfill'd, 376 In that bleft day which now I celebrate: Ih, could I speak upon a theme so grand, As justly it deserves; but oh! my pow'rs Lee far too weak for fuch a noble fong. 38● The Holy Spirit with his various gifts ame down upon th' apostles, and on those [minds The heard the word from them, and turn'd their

rom darkness unto light, and from the pow'r

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Of fir and Satan, to the living God. 384 Then were they fometimes bleft with special pow's; They had diversities of heav'nly gifts, But all proceeded from One Spirit pure. To one thereby the word of wisdom giv'n, Made him a teacher wife and excellent: 390 The word of knowledge was another's boon, Giv'n by the same free Spirit from above. Unto another faith was giv'n, by which [wrought Great things were done, and mighty works were The gifts of healing to another giv'n 395 By the same Spirit prov'd his pow'r divine. Another had the gift of miracles: Another had the light of prophefy; Others had gifts the spirits to discern, By which deceivers then discover'd were: Others could speak with divers kinds of tongues; While others could interpret what they heard. But all these pow'rs from the same Spirit came, Who giveth feverally to all the faints, Just as he pleaseth, is controul'd by none. And though its operations vary much, It is the self fame Spirit worketh all. Thus by the Holy Spirit, all the Church Was comforted, and edify'd in love. And was prepar'd by those celestial gifts For labors, fuff'rings, wars, and victories. How infinitely useful was this gift !

Which God bestow'd on them, nor gave in vain.

For they were wholly qualify'd thereby

VII.7 DESCENT OF THE HOLY GHOST. which he appointed them to do. ave a mouth and wisdom unto them. none of all their mightiest enemies able to gainfay, or to refift. oly gift not only was delign'd alify them for their work on earth, 420 prepare their fouls for Heaven's blifs, give them happy foretaftes of the same, on the earth they dwelt; nor them alone, loly Spirit is defign'd for us, Il the faved race in ev'ry land. r inftructor, helper, comforter, uick'ner, sealer, and our witness true. s we are enabled to perform rill of God as he requires of us, ave the foretaste of the heav'nly world, arnest of the rich inheritance. t us ask for this most precious gift; us our Savior has instructed us. nd ye shall receive; seek, and you'll find; s, and it shall be open'd unto you; 435 'ry one that asketh doth receive, whofoever feeks shall surely find; m that knocks it shall be opened: hich of you that is a father now give his child, that asketh bread, a stone? he ask a fish, he will not give ent to his child to mock his wish, o destroy, instead of feeding him, ldren ask for eggs, will parents try

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To cheat their fons with scorpions in their room? Forbid it Heav'n! such parents can't be found 446 If earthly parents, evil and unkind, Know how to give good gifts to children dear, Shall not your heav'nly Father, wife and good, Just, holy, righteous, kind, benevolent, Give to his suppliants ev'ry precious gift, And bless them with the Holy Ghost, and pow'r? The Spirit teaches us to know his will, And to obey his words, and keep his laws: It likewise constant intercession makes, 455 Because through darkness, we are ignorant, And know not what to pray for as we ought; But this kind interceffor prays for us, With groanings earnest and unutt'rable. And God the Father, who all hearts doth fearch. He knows the Spirit's mind, because he makes 461 Request according to the will divine.

The Spirit leads the Heav'n-born sons of God, Inspires their thoughts, words, actions, principles: They think, speak, act, and walk like Jesus Christ. This proves them born of God, born from above; 466 This Spirit beareth witness with our hearts, That we are sons and daughters of the Lord.

O what a privilege is this we claim,
To call him Father, Abba, Father, God
Who gave us being, made the Heav'ns and earth?
Yet this the Spirit of adopting grace
Enables finful mortals to perform.
It makes us children, teaches us to call

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495

500

Look VII.] DESCENT OF THE HOLY GHOST.

Jehovah Father, and to trust in him.

God hath not giv'n the spirit of the world,
But his own Spirit, that we might be taught
To know those things by him so freely giv'n.
No man can know the things of man, except
The spirit of the man within his breast;
Much less can any know the things of God,
Save by that Spirit which from him proceeds.
The Spirit God hath giv'n is not of fear,
But pow'r, and love, sound mind, faith, wisdom, grace:
This holy Spirit seals us to the day

485
Of sure redemption which our Lord shall bring.
And is the earnest pledge of bliss in Heav'n.

Let us not grieve the Spirit of our God,
Nor quench the Holy Ghost, that facred fire,
Which warms our hearts, and animates our minds,
And moulds our fouls according to his will.

Lord, pour thy Spirit down upon our feed, Thy bleffing on our offspring, copiously. Come like the former and the latter rain; Descend like dew upon the grass new mown, As show'rs that fructify the barren earth.

Jesus, our Savior, give our souls to drink
The water of salvation, that may rise
And spring within us like a living well,
Up to eternal life; a sountain rich,
That cannot be exhausted, always pure,
And ever slowing with a constant stream.
For thou hast promis'd, Who on me believes,
As sacred Scripture saith, from him shall flow

Rivers of living water, full and free. This was a promise of the pouring forth. Of the effusion of the Holy Ghost, Which was fulfill'd upon that bleffed day, When Jesu's followers were all baptiz'd With heav'aly fire, the Spirit from on high. 510 O might fuch blested times return again ! And last much longer than before! and fill The world with knowledge, truth, peace, love, and joy That grace and glory might appear on earth! Thus was the Christian Church at first set up, 515 Neither by might, nor pow'r, nor force, nor art, Nor strength, nor sword, nor riches, nor the arm Of man, but by the Spirit of the Lord. Human establishments were then unknown; The arm of God was then the fole support 520 Of his own caufe and int'rest in the world. O that it always had remain'd the same! Then true Christianity had flourish'd still. The first believers, worthy of the name, Walk'd in the comforts of the Holy Ghost, 525 And in the Spirit's love were edify'd. They were a body firmly join'd in heart, With sympathetic love and kindness fill'd. The members for each other had fuch care, That none could want, for giving was a joy.

Far greater than receiving: each one bone
A part in all the forrows of the whole.
The body in return, to ev'ry one

Shew'd kindness in distress, and gave relief.

VII.] DESCENT OF THE HOLY GHOST 209

f one member suffer'd, all were griev'd; 535 was glad, of joy they all partook. as a Church well worthy of the name, ouse of Christ, the Bride, the Virgin pure, imb's beloved wife, the heav'nly Queen. ughters of Jehovah, one with bim, laims a One-ness with the living God. . was the Church by the apostles built, ch the beauty of its discipline; ere its leaders, such its members too: as its flaming love, its unity, 545 ch its pow'r, and fuch its fure defence. is its founder, Christ its only head; irit its instructor, leader, guide : lory was its pole-flar, and his word hful compass was by which she steer'd; 550 se was firm, faith pure, her love was warm: I was fervent, and her doctrine clear, ror free; her worship was devout. lve apostles of the Holy Lamb er first ministers and faithful guides. 555 a perfect body, organiz'd. part, for ev'ry duty fit. by the Spirit, ev'ry truth she knew, ais'd ev'ry precept of her Lord. uccessful were those chosen ones. t proclaim'd the Savior's name to men, 1 little time they spread the word out the Leffer Asia, and the World; ie Romans call'd their empire vast,

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Thousands and millions heard, believ'd, and own'd.

The Gospel of our Lord, and were baptiz'd.

Liv'd holy lives, and dy'd most happy deaths:

Conform'd to Jesus in their time of life,

They slept in him, and shall with him descend,

When he shall come again to reign on earth.

570.

Ten thousand preachers of the Gospel rose,
Proclaim'd the word in many distant lands.
Ten thousand times ten thousand own'd its pow's grant millions suffer'd deaths of various kinds,
In testimony of the faith they held.
Until at length the force of truth prevail'd,
And idols throughout all the empire fell;
And Jesu's name was every where ador'd.

Thus far my Savior's process I have trac'd, And sketch'd some part of that important plan 580; Which fev'ral years ago, in distant climes, I drew with pleasure, hoping to compleat. But all my times are in the hands of God, And he can call me in a moment hence, To render up before his awful bar 585 A full account of all my words and deeds. And if my Lord and Savior, and my Judge, Shall give his plaudit, and pronounce, Well done! shall not fear the num'rous hofts of hell. Hor in the least regard what men can fay; 59a Whether they praise or blame, 'twili be alike. If God is pleas'd, all Heav'n will smile on me,. But if he frowns, who can his anger bear ? Not me; a worm, a creature of the dust a

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ord, I fly to thee, to thee commit 595 il and body, and my feeble works, ed for thy praise: accept them all, gh Jesus Christ, in whom may I be found. nd forever. Bleffed be my God, hus far has affilted me to fing 60a life, who gave his precious life for me, hom I love with all my noblest pow'rs: se blest service I would wish to spend ver part of my short life remains: I hope to live, in him to die, 605 ay I dwell with him forevermore, peace, and love, and joy, and glory reign. in a nobler strain his praise I'll sing, s fublime, and imitate the lays phs thron'd in light, and Christ himself 610 ot disdain to listen to my song

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BOOK VIII.

His second coming, and commencement of the Millenium.

HASTEN, O Lord, the long expected day,
When Jesus shall again from Heav'n descend,
No more to bleed and suffer, but to reign!
At thought of this my soul is fill'd with joy.
My heart is fraught with matter rich and free,
And from the sacred volume I will draw
Divine instruction, knowledge deep and large.
Oft has my feeble mind fresh pleasure felt
While ruminating on the joyful scene,
The bright appearing of my Savior, God,
And his succeeding reign, which is to last
A thousand years, before the day of doom.
This period shall my present subject be.

IR:

But little time remains from now till then,
And yet great things and mighty must be done
Before the reign of Jesus can begin.
The Jews must to their ancient land return,
And safely dwell therein as heretofore.
And then their enemies once more must rise,
And think to take a spoil, and take a prey:
They like a storm against the land shall come,
And shall by force Jerusalem reduce,
[Rising the houses, plund'ring all the goods,
Abusing seeble women, leading men
Forth from the city to captivity,



Book VIII.] HIS SECOND COMING.

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Shall think the day and victory their own.

But when they shall have taken half away,
Before the time permits to take the whole,
Behold, the Lord Jehovah will appear!

That glorious Jesus, who is gone to Heav'n:
Triumphant then to earth he will return;
Dumay and terror on the host will seize,
And thus their pride and sury will be stay'd,
Nor farther seek their conquest to pursue.

35

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This great event the prophets have foretold In plainest words, without the least disguise; And yet, astonishing! 'tis not believ'd By many who profess the Christian name. But if it should be disbeliev'd by all, It cannot be prevented. 'Tis decreed That Christ, our Savior, shall to earth descend. And incredulity itself's a fign That Jefu's day is nigh, and hastens on. For he hath hinted, that when he fhall come, Faith in his coming hardly shall be found; The world shall be as careless, unconcern'd, As in the famous days of Noah's age, When he was order'd to prepare an ark, To fave himfelf and house from being drown'd, By water floods long threaten'd and delay'd.

45

40

How did the world at last begin to mock,
And ridicule the old and foolish man!
While each pursu'd their business or their mirth,
Nor heeded all the warnings that were giv'n!
Lating and drinking, marrying wives employ'd

Their time and thoughts, nor dream'd of ruin night Their nights and days pass'd joyous, void of fear, (As careless as the sons of pleasure now) Until at last the awful day arose When Noah and his children chang'd their house, Forfook the land, and quarter'd in the ark: Then foon unceasing rains began to pour Their copious torrents on the wretched earth; The great abyss of waters broken up, Soon overwhelm'd the globe, and fwept away Ten thousand millions of impious men, And thus destroy'd the mocking scoffing race. So shall the coming of the Son of man Be quite as unexpected by the world, And all mankind will be, as now they are, . Engaged in cares of pleasure, heeding none Of all the folemn warnings sent from Heav'n.

Thus in the days of pious, righteous Lot,
The proud inhabitants of Sodom, doom'd
To dire destruction for their grievous crimes,
They ate, they drank, they builded, bought and so
Thoughtless, and unconcern'd of what was nigh,
Till Lot departed, then the fi'ry show'r
Fell suddenly from Heav'n, and slew them all:
Destroy'd their lives and country all at once;
So shall the coming of our Savior be.

This grand event is hast'ning on apace;
And though by many it is disbeliev'd,
Yet soon it will appear, nor will deceive
Our hopes, who wait and long for that glad day.

VIII.] HIS SECOND COMING.

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that once ascended up on high, ome again in glory, will appear econd time, to fave those faithful ones trust in him, and wait his face to see. ord shall come his counsels to fulfil. irpofes of justice, mercy, truth; ll in clouds descend upon that mount, which he did of old afcend to Heav'n, fount of Olives, where he often stood fojourning below, shall feel once more 95 llow'd feet upon its surface tread. hat a wond'rous change will then take place! sount towards the east and west will cleave. parts divided will afunder move. o the north, half to the fouth will go, 106 eave a long extended vale between. ord shall come and all the faints with thee, ess the nations, and their foes destroy. w glorious will that happy day appear. 1 Christ shall come with all his shining train! aints who sleep in Jesus shall arise, 106 all the living faints shall then be chang'd, shall in glory with their Lord appear; shall be like him, see him as he is. who shall in that resurrection share 110 truly be distinguish'd by the Lord, second death on them shall have no pow'r; shall be plac'd on thrones as kings and priests, with their Savior they shall reign on earth. honor is referv'd for all the faints. 115

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When Jesus to the mountain shall descend,

How will the hofts of foes confounded be? They will confume away before his face, And chiefly be destroy'd, by various means: Their flesh will fall away, and leave their bones; 120 Their eyes and tongues shall also be consum'd . And men and beafts shall fall a sacrifice, And with their flesh shall feast the rav'nous birds, And by the beafts of prey shall be devour'd. But leaving these, and many other scenes 125 Of dreadful judgments, which on them shall fall Who do not willingly to Christ submit, I pass now to relate those glorious scenes Which shall take place when Jesus shall be King, And Lord of all the globe, when monarchs all 130 Shall yeld their pow'r and kingdoms to his will, Those blessed days foretold by all the seers, Which for a thousand years shall last, I'll sing; And briefly sketch the sev'ral grand events. Which shall unfold to the astonish'd sight 135 Of all the nations, in that glorious day. The first event, which I shall now attempt, Is the conversion of the Jewish race, And the furprizing, fudden, faving change, Which on that people shall take place at once. They by their enemies shall be distress'd. In fuch a manner as to leave no hope, No prospect of relief, but wild despair,

With deepest forrow mix'd, shall pierce their hearts.

While in the midst of this distressing state,

: VIII.] HIS SECOND COMING.

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ld the op'ning Heav'n presents to view Lord of Glory, feated on a cloud, ron'd in light, attended by a throng oly faints and angels, who furround throne of state, and shall with him appear, 150 great Advent of Jesus then shall come, y so great as never man beheld. ld, he comes in grandeur terrible ! Heav'n descends and triumphs in his train. : than astonishment! if more can be, 155 feizes on the Jews, they lift their eyes , and view the glorious dreadful scene! numan form appears in robes of light, lory most amazing to behold! y, who is that? th' aftonish'd people cry; 160 can this be, descending thus from Heav'n? an? Yea, more, a God in human form. see his hands and feet; what marks are there? , they appear like fcars! who can this be? t! can this be that Jesus whom we scorn'd? is the babe of Bethl'em? this the man groan'd on Calvary? Yes, he it is, man of forrows, whom we long despis'd! oh, how chang'd is he! what glory now ounds his facred head, once crown'd with thorns, this is he whom once we mock'd and fcorn'd! fools, his life as madness did esteem, look'd upon his death as just and right; ited him curfed, treated him with fcorn; now we see that he is Lord of all; 175

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They now repair unto the valley form'd Where stood Mount Bethany a while before, Now parted clean in two' and mov'd away. As they in beauteous order march along, Such wonders they beheld, as might inspire 2**2**e Their hearts with rapture at another time; To fee the living waters burfting forth, Where never rivers were beheld before; And to behold their foes upon the field Fall'n flain, against them never more to rise; 245 And also to behold their friends return, Who by the enemies were captive led. But all their thoughts are swallow'd up in him, Their Lord and King, whom now their fouls adore, And to whose presence they direct their steps. 250 . See they advance, hehold the train arrives, The heav'nly guards on either fide give way, While they to his pavillion urge their course. Now they before their Great Redeemer fall, And humbly bow with rev'rence at his feet. 255 Shall I dare enter my Redeemer's Court,

And hear the homage which they pay to him?
Yes, my advent'rous muse, which dar'd ascend
Into the Heav'n of Heav'ns, when Jesus went
To make atonement for the sins of men,
Will not be put aside, but must intrude:
I would be present at this interview,
When Jesus and his humble brethren meet,
When they confess their sins, and he forgives
When they receive him as their Lord and King, 265.

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And he shall own them for his people dear. Attend for 'tis a giorious moving scene; And here my willing foul a while should stay. Behold them bow'd before their Savior's face! Hear them address their Lord in humble strains ! 270 Lord, here before thy feet ourselves we cast; Unworthy we to look upon thy face, Since we fo long have disobedient been, So long despis'd thy name and character, And treated thee with fcorn and foul contempt. 275. We never can forgive ourselves, that we Have fo ungrateful and rebellious liv'd, Without the knowledge or the love of thee. How great have been our trespasses and sins! We view with great furprize what ills we've done, And never can forgive ourselves at all. 281 Our fathers finn'd in crucifying thee, And we've, alas! confented to the deed, And justify'd the foul and bloody fact; And to our shame have glory'd in the crime. 285 We feel ourselves most guilty. Thou art just If thou condemn'st us; we are all to blame. Thou, thou art wholly right, we wholly wrong. Do with us, Lord, as shall to thee seem good, Ourselves and all we have we would refign To thy most gracious, wise, and sov'reign hands. O look with pity on the ancient race Of Abraham, thy friend, fo long despis'd, And justly too, since we despised thee.

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Our num'rous crimes, but this the most of all, That we have fet at mought our Savior King. Alas, alas, behold we are unclean, And all our righteousnesses are become Like worthless rags, and our iniquities They like the wind have taken us away. For fince our fathers have rejected thee, And we have join'd to treat thy name with fcom, Most justly thou hast hid thy royal face, ; And hast confum'd us for our hateful sins. 30¢, But now, O Lord, remember we are clay, Thou art our potter, and by thee we're form'd. Thou made the world, and all which it contains. But when thou paid a visit to the earth, We thine own people did not know thy voice, 3100 Did not receive thee as our Savior dear. And when into Jerusalem thou rode. Upon an ass's colt, as 'twas foretold, We thy meek, lowly majesty despis'd; Thou wept, our fathers ridicul'd, thou faid, 315 Henceforth ye shall not see my face again, Until that time be come, when ye shall fay. Bleffed be he that cometh in the name Of God the Lord, and give him honor due. That time is now arriv'd, we welcome thee, Unworthy as we are of being call'd Thy people, we rejoice that thou art come : We bid thee welcome to thine ancient fold. Our holy cities are a wilderness,

Compar'd to what they were in former times; 325;

lem is like a defert now, g been pillag'd by its deadly fees; vould have been destroy'd before this time s thou hadft appear'd for its relief: i our desolated flate, O Lord, 330 hat our pleafant things are all laid wafte, oly house has long been burnt with fire, ve have been destroy'd and scatter'd long: on art just in all that thou hast done, fe we have fo much offended thee. 335 ever thou art pleas'd on us to lay, deep fubmillion, humbly we receive. saus'd the lowly orator, and thus effed Savior speedily reply'd: e, O Zion, shine, thy light is come, 340 ory of the Lord is ris'n on thee; lentiles to thy light with speed shall haste, tings unto the brightness of thy day. thine eyes and cast them round about. the nations gather unto thee : 345 ns shall come from far with thee to dwell; ughters at thy. fide shall all be nurs'd. hou shalt see, and shall together flow :heart shalt fear, greatly be enlarg'd, e th' abundance of the sea shall be. 350: e converted, unto thee shall come im'rous forces of the Gentile race. ald, and costly incense shall they bring, raifes of Jehovah shall they shew. and dromedaries shall attend, 355

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From all the wealthy nations of the east; The flocks of Kedar, and Nebajoth's rams, Together brought shall minister to thee. My house of glory I will glorify.

See who are these come flying like a cloud, 36e And, as the doves, unto their windows hafte? Surely the western isles shall wait for me, The stately ships of Tarshish shall be first, To bring thy children, stor'd with riches, home, Unto the honor of the Lord thy God, 365 And to the happy land by him poffefs'd; The Holy One of Israel dwells in thee. And by his presence hath thee glorify'd. The fons of strangers shall erect thy walls. To thee shall minister their lords and kings. For though in wrath I smote thee, yet I have In favor now had mercy upon thee. Thy gates shall now stand open night and day, That all the nations of the world may come, With joy thy glory and increase to view. And to adore the Lord, thy fov'reign King. The nation now that will not bow to thee, Shall be destroy'd, and perish from the earth. To thee the glory of mount Lebanon, The lofty cedars, firs, and pines, shall come, To build and beautify the facred place, Where I in glory and in light will dwell.. How glorious shall my holy Mount appear ! -Which foon shall be to ev'ry nation known. With greatest joy shall all the nations flock,

VIII.] HIS SECOND COMING.

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y their vows and homage at thy feet. ins of those who fore afflicted these vith humility and rev'rence fall thy feet, and they who thee despis'd owly bend, and greatly honor thee. 390 language shall be alter'd, once they nam'd tid, forfaken, and thee, Defolate, w, fought out, A city much desir'd . ty of Jehovah, and the place is to God, to Ifrael's Holy One. 395 as thou haft so long forfaken been, ated by the nations of the earth, n the scale, and thou shak be belov'd mankind, and fweet shall be thy name. for to Jehovah thou shalt be, for many ages to the earth. ple shall take pleasure in thy fame, ith their choicest treasures thee shall bless. hou shalt know that I Jehovah am, wior, thy Redeemer, Jacob's God. 405 ass into the purest gold I'll change; iron choicest silver shall become: nall become as plenteous as the wood, ones more valu'ble than iron ore. officers shall all be men of peace, 4IQ ine exactors fons of righteoufness. re shall violence in thee be heard, afting and destruction in thee known. alls are nam'd Salvation, and thy gates, hall be call'd; now theme is thine no more.

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The Lord shall be thine everlasting light, Thy God shall be thy strength and glory too; Thy mourning now is past, thy joy is come. Thy people shall be righteous, one and all; The holy land they henceforth shall possess, 4 And never shall be disinherited. The nation now and henceforth shall appear The branch that I have planted, and the work Which my own hands have wrought. I will be prain I to Jerusalem am now return'd In mercy, and will choose it yet again; The city shall in glory be rebuilt, And defolation there be known no more, And fafely it inhabited shall be. Your many fins I freely do forgive, 4 From all your filthiness I will you cleanse, And your iniquities will take away, And you shall be my people evermore; And I will reign your Lord and rightful King. I will rejoice in you, and joy always. 4 In my dear people, whom I have redeem'd; . . And in Jerusalem will I rejoice. 1. The voice of weeping shall no more be heard . 4 Within her walls, forrow and pain no more J. Shall ever there be known, but peace and joy 4 Shall there prevail, and banish ev'ry wee. . :4 No more in her shall little infants die. al. Nor men be counted old that have not fill'd . . Their days with fev'ral centuries of years. , ,. For he that dieth at the early age

fone full century, shall die a boy, ea more, be judg'd accurft, cut off, for fin, or his own firs, and for his wilful crimes. hat proverb shall henceforth be us'd no more, he fathers have the four grapes eaten up, nd lo! the children's teeth are set on edge! he fon his father's fins no more shall bear, ut every man shall suffer for his own, nd that immediately, without delay; r which the growth of fin shall be destroy'd, 455 nd ev'ry cause of wickedness remov'd, ow shall my people their own houses build, nd long and quietly enjoy the fame. heir fruitful vineyards, planted by their hands, sall yield them fweetest grapes, and they shall eat, hall eat in plenty, and fhall praise my name. 461 hey shall not build for others to posses, or plant for enemies, as heretofore. tace, health, and plenty, lives extended long, vall be their portion in my holy land. heir years shall be as lasting as the oaks, hose long liv'd trees, nor shall they live in vain. ong shall my chosen their own works possess. ow profitable shall their labours be ! o longer useless, or for trouble wrought! 470 he curse pronounc'd on man I now remove, nd take from woman all her part therein: ne shall in safety bring her offspring forth, 'ithout those bitter pains of former times. ow ye shall be Jehovah's blessed feed, 475

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And all your children shall belong to me; They shall be well instructed by my care, And be an honor to their God and King. I will be near to fave you when you cry, Before you call I will regard your pray'rs, And while you still are speaking I will hear. Great wonders I will shew you, for hencefort h Wars shall no more be known, nor swords destroy, The very inftruments of violence Shall all be chang'd to those of husbandry. **J**S The earth shall yield astonishing increase, And your own God shall bless you evermore. The beafts once fierce and favage, shall forget Their thirst of blood, and harmless shall be seen Among domestic animals to feed, And with them mildly play; fear now is fled, Because the days of joy and peace are come, And all creation feels the rays benign. The wolf shall dwell in safety with the lamb, And she as safe with him shall play and feed. The leopard with the kid shall do the same, Lie down together, neither seeking harm, Nor fearing danger, now there's none to fear. The lion, and the fatling, and the calf, 500 Together shall assemble, feed and play, And children shall not fear to lead the train. The bears and cows, and all their young, shall feed Together in the pastures, and lie down In peace and fafety, void of rage or fear. The lion, like the bullock, feeds on straw;

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The ferpent feeds on dust, as 'twas ordain'd, And on his belly prone he still shall crawl; But all his enmity is now destroy'd: The fucking child upon his hold may play, The weaned child with bafilifks may fport. ξ13 Nothing shall hurt, destroy, disturb, affright, In all my holy mountain, faith the Lord. And lo these wonders now shall be reveal'd. I from my Father fent, once fu here, And now I come on earth to rule and reign, And here will fix my throne; with you to dwell I am weil pleas'd: and fince you now receive Me as your Lord and King I will declare, That you shall never be rejected more, But always shall be mine, a people dear 520 To God, who greatest honors shall bestow Upon your favor'd race, and thus fulfil The glorious cov'nant with your fathers made. Thus you shall be the bleffed of the Lord, And all the nations shall be blest in you. 525 You shall from me the faving truth receive, And through the earth its precents shall convey. Fear then no more, arise, rejoice in God. These glorious words pronounc'd, they heard with Their hearts were full, and thus they gave them vent, Lord, what are we? and what is all our race, 531 That thou for our deliv'rance should appear?

Nay more, instead of wrath and fore rebukes, Should in such mildest accents comfort us, Which though by 'rophets long ago declar'd, We scarcely ever hop'd to see fulfill'd. With greatest gladness we rejoice in Thee, Our great Redeemer, Lord, and rightful King 1 ord we will praise Thee, for we now can say, 540 Tho' thou with us wast angry for our fins, For which thou hadft indeed abundant cause, . Yet now thine anger fierce is turn'd away, And thou dost comfort us, by kindest words, And glerious actions in our favor wrought. 545 I bou art our shield, I hou art our considence, In thee we trust, nor shall we be asham'd. For thou art our falvation, Thou our hope, Our strength, our helper and our joyful fong. Is this the way of finful men? O Lord! 550 Would they requite their cruel enemies With fuch kind words and deeds of love? Ah, no. But theu art gracious, and shalt have the praise, With highest gratitude our bosoms glow And never can we utter what we feel 553 Our hearts are full, nor can we give them vent, By all the words we utter; language fails. But thee with joy we own our Lord and King. Our highest honor is to bow to Thee. Reign thou for ever, Jefus always reign 560 Thou art the God for whom we waited long: I hou art our Lord, in Thee we will rejoice; In thy falvation we will now confide. Though our Lords have rul'd us, yet henceforth, Thee, only Thee, as Ruler will we own 565



Book VIII.

HIS SECOND COMING.

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Accept us as thy flock, we ask no more. O what a day was this! their grief was turn'd To greatest joy and gladness; and their Lord Well pleas'd to fee the great and happy change, Acknowledg'd them his brethren, who before Set him at naught, and him despis'd and fold. Thus Joseph's brethren dealt unfaithfully With him their precious brother, him betray'd, And would have murder'd, but were hindered, But fold him as a flave: yet God ordain'd 575 That he should rife to greatest dignity. At last these brethren, driv'n by hunger fore Unto the land of Egypt did repair, Where Joseph rul'd as Governor supreme : But him they knew not, though he knew them well, But made his first appearance rough and strange. 581 The fecond time they went, and them he brought Into fuch circumstances of distress, As made them, weeping, fall before his feet, And there confess the baseness of their crime. 525 Till finally himself he did reveal To all his brethren, and forgave their fault. And spake to them in most consoling strains; Receiv'd them as his friends, and nourish'd them, Became their father, brother, lord, and friend. Thus Jesus Joseph's antitype, hath shew'd Himself a faithful friend, and brother dear, In dying for his greatest enemies; And when he shall appear the second time, He will conduct himself as Joseph did : 595

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First bring them low, and then exalt them high; And give them pardon, and obtain their praise.

Thus thall the happy period begin, When Jesus to his brethren shall be known. Great feenes fhall follow, fuch as none have dar'd To paint in verse heroic, but my pen бсь Would fain attempt in numbers to describe. But O, my God, thou knowest what is best, And I fubmit to what thou shalt appoint. If I ne'er live to finish what's begun, боѕ I trust I shall have better exercise. In an arright world of blifs to which I foar, Where I shall see my Savior face to face, And praise his name in nobler strains than these : Joining with all the heav'nly company, 610 His everlasting honors to proclaim.

END OF THE EIGHTH BOCK.

BOOK IX.

THE MILLENIUM.

NOW let my pen assume a bolder strain,

And paint in sweetest words and lostiest stile, That subject which can never be express'd In full perfection, the Redeemer's reign : But hence dull thoughts, and worldly cares away; 5 Let nothing hinder, nothing discompose, While I attempt the glories of that age, When Jesus Christ, our Lord, shall rule the world. From sea to sea his kingdom shall extend, And from the rifing to the fetting fun, 01 Through ev'ry kingdom, over ev'ry land. All kings shall fall before him, and shall bow • In humble rev'rence at his facred feet; And all the nations shall his word obey: His laws how just ! his precepts how divine ! How righteous shall his government be found! No fraud, injustice, or oppression, then Shall evermore prevail among mankind, During the glorious period of that age When Christ shall reign on earth, and Satan bound, No more shall tempt mankind, nor souls deceive. 21 What wond'rous things are spoken of that day! What glories have the ancient feers foretold! Nor lefs will they appear when once fulfill'd, Than by the grand predictions they would from 25

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Destructive wars shall then no more be known Peace and good-will shall ev'ry where prevail: No more confused noise of battles heard; Nor garments roll'd in blood shall then be seen : flor murd'ring instruments of war prepar'd The nobler arts of peace shall then employ The minds and hands of men, and fwords and spears Shell form the instruments of husbandry. All flavery finall ceafe throughout the globe, And tyranny be extirpated then, 35. And univerful freedom shall take place. Gh what a joyful period this shall be ! The knowledge of the Lord shall so prevail, That all mankind shall fear and love his name, And hall agree together him to ferve. No more division and contentious strife. Shall vex and discompose the Church of God. All Zion's watchmen shall as one agree, And all fee eye to eye, fpeak with one tongue. And with one mind and mouth shall praise the Lord. Those who believe shall dwell in unity; Then shall it once appear how good it is, And pleafant thus in harmony to live! One min !, one heart, one foul, of one accord, Lall ali believers be, in union join'd, Like that fublilling in the Deiry, Between the Father and his only Son. Then finall the world believe, and know the truth, . And doubt no more of the Messiah's c'aim; But all shall with one heart to him fubmit. 55: מים

ough the world the Gospel shall be spread, 'd to ey'ry nation under Heav'n, from all adulteration free, manner as shall make its way heart, and turn all men to God. 60 rfally shall light prevail, shall know the Lord, and need no more. fhould teach another facred truth, from the least unto the greatest known, inly show the prophecies fulfill'd ace, joy, gentleness, goodness, and truth, and temperance shall then appear, y as things contrary now. ishness, and envy, pride and wrath, the num'rous train of deadly ills ring from those too fruitful fources, flow, m, and almost ruinate the globe. ildren shall from tender infancy, tructed in the fear of God, cated as the heirs of Heav'n. 75 ustom'd, in the pleasant ways m they shall walk, and find her paths. il to their fouls, and full of peace, ed children shall be seen on earth. be good, obedient, faithful, wife, 80il, and free from ev'ry ill. ents shall rejoice in those blest days! zir infant race in virtue grow, their learning, see them goodness take,. as now they learn to fin. 85:

The education of those happy times Will be as diff'rent from the present mode As brightest day, from blackest, darkest night. Love and delight in learning will lead on. The happy youths, who will to heights afpire, That but to mention now, to most would feem Incredible, and bord'ring on romance. No blows, nor threat'ning words shall then be us'd All shall be pleasure, noble high delight: And eafily shall knowledge be obtain'd, 9 When vicious tempers shall no more defile The fouls of children, nor shall cloud their minds For fin obscures the light, shuts knowledge out, And makes the understanding cloudy, dark; Causes the will to be perverse, and fills The foul with idleness, that greatest foe To useful knowledge. But in those blest days Learning will be attain'd with ease, and then It will be univerfal, free to all .. Our fons shall be as plants grown up in youth, 10 Beautiful, chearful, gay, strong, innocent, Pleasant, wife, affable, fensible, good. Our daughters like to precious corner stones, Polish'd, as if for palaces defign'd. Ezir, lovely, gentle, kind, polite, fincere, 112 Virtuous, modest, humble, prudent, meek. Form'd to delight and cultivate mankind. More precious than rich diamonds shall they stand, The glorious ornaments of human race. Domestic happiness shall then abound! 11



.. THE MILLENIUM.

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ace and love shall grace the nuptial bands ! uarrels, broils, contentions, discords, jars, and raving, fcolding, curfing, blows, y words, nor looks, shall then be known. dness, softest language, actions mild, 120 he lot of ev'ry married pair. unlike the times in which we live! rid difcords are in families I r words and actions wound our peace! , far more troubles fpring from hence 125. the other woes that fill the world. ofe glorious times of which I fing. these forest evils will remove, w prevent our mutual happiness; family shall then appear 130 cture of the world at large, tion of delight and peace. ice of opinion shall be found he peace of families, but all hall agree to ferve the Lord 135 reviving times, when truth shall shine, I falsehood shall no more appear. perjury, those baneful crimes, w fo much prevail, shall wholly cease. Il no more be known, but honesty se practifed by all mankind: e, long fince fled, shall then return. all the earth bring forth a large increase; of barrenness shall be remov'd, shall bless mankind with ev'ry good; 145

Health, plenty, happiness, long life, and peace. Briars and thorns, and thiftles, noxicus weeds. And to s'neus plants, the ground shall bear no more But food and plenty, both for beafts and men. Shall be produc'd with very little toil. 35 Such plenteous harvests shall the sower reap As shall much more than fatisfy his pains. Labor shall be more pleasant far than now, And God shall prosper all the works of men. Thefe shall be happy times, exceeding far 15! The golden age by heathen poets feign'd. Bleffings of nature, grace, and providence, Shall all combine happy to render man, Under the Government of Christ the Lord. The bleffings of the Gospel, far and wide, Shall be extended through the universe. The name of Jesus shall be known by all, And all shall praise him daily, and shall pray That long his kingdom may continu'd be: Because his government shall be so mild. So just, so beneficial to mankind. More beautiful and useful far than light. More pleafant than the rifing morning fun. Th' unclouded morning shines not half so fair; Nor dew upon the grafs fo ufeful feems, Nor pleasant show'rs upon the meadow's mown Nor the clear shining after mighty rain. All these are emblems of good government, But all fall short in beauty to compare With that most glorious kingdom of our Lord;



X.] THE MILLENIUM.

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:stablish'd in the latter days, ing to the famous prophecies Jod's holy feers fince time began. ngdom shall extend through all the world, eak in pieces all opposing pow'r, ever be o'ercome by enemies, ever have fucceffor nor compeer. and for ever, and shall still pre ail its num'rous foes shall bow and yield. ngdom shall endure; and still must rule is great defigns are all fu fi..'d. ith shall fully be inhabited, at as yet has never been the case. d for that purpose form'd it first, ertain y he form'd it not in vain) beho d it fi 'd with flocks of men, ey shall know that he is God the Lord. milions that on earth shall dwell at once. py under government divine, ir exceed the numbers that have liv'd 195 Fod at first created man, on earth, together, even though we shou d = a person ev'ry second born the periods of fix thousand years. ist our Savior may with p easure say, 200 the bleffed thousand years sha'l end, nave many million subjects more ever fin, and death, and Satan ru'd; low at once my willing subjects are ver groan'd under their tyranny. 2-5

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When this most happy period shall arrive, No longer shar the ways of God feem dark, The p an of Providence no more obscure. But all shall brighten into open day, No more sha infide ity exc aim, 214 That God hath made the human race in vain, Or but to break his laws, and him provoke; And that from the beginning they have shew'd Themse ves unworthy of their Maker's care, And a ways have dishonor'd him by fin. 215 For in the days of which the prophets speak, Mankind sha be an honor to their God, A crown and diadem of highest worth, Esteem'd by their Creator as a prize Of greatest dignity, and high renown. 220 Then human nature, not as now deprav'd, Sha not appear made up of earth and fin, A mixture vi e of fory, weakness, crimes; But as a vesse pure and fit for use; Worthy of him who made it, and restor'd 225 The same when ruin'd to its first estate. Goodness and virtue shad in g bry shine, And human nature shall appear adorn'd With ev'ry grace that can become its state. Pride, passion, rage and strife, shar be destroy'd, And a contrary virtues shall fucceed. Tat ing, ta e-bearing, fland'ring, lying words, And murd'ring characters with evi tongues, No more sha credit find, nor practis'd be, As now, to the great hurting of mankind.



Book IX.] THE MILLENIUM.

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Now hearts and tongues speak different, but then Their language shall be all the same, nor guile, Nor false deceit, shall dwell upon their tongues, Truth, peace, good-will, love, and fincerity, Shall be the language of their hearts and lips. No more shall some of others make a prey; And shall conduct themselves by that great law, As ye would wish that men should do to you, The fame in ev'ry instance do to them. Thus each shall love his neighbor as himself, 245 And find the same return'd to him again; This shall increase the happiness of all And make the earth in measure like to Heav'n. But if the conduct of the human race Shall tow'rds each other be so different 250 From what we now observe, then certainly Their whole behavior towards God shall be Entirely diff'rent from what now takes place. Then shall the first and great command be kept, For men shall love the Lord with all their hearts; Him shall they fear and worthily adore, 256 And render him their noblest services. What gratitude shall glow in all their breasts! And with what pleasure shall they praise his name! O with what rev'rence shall their hosts appear 260 Before the Lord, the king of all the earth?

Who can describe the great solemnity,
When all the nations shall agree to go
To pay their homage to the Lord, the King,
Assembling for that purpose ev'ry year,

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At the great city of Jerusalem? This is Jehovah's positive decree, And it shall come to pass in that great day, That cv'ry one of all the nations left Which came against Jerusalem to war, 270 Shall even go up yearly there to pay Their humble worship to Jehovah's name, The Lord of Hosts, the King of all the earth; And the great feast of Tabernacles keep. And whofoever will not thither come 275 Of all the families upon the globe, Upon their land no showers shall descend. Behold them come from ev'ry peoples land, All nations shall affemble at the time, All kindreds of the earth, from far and near, Such an affembly yet no eyes have feen. Behold an hundred millions now furround That famous city by Jehovah nam'd, Jehovah Shammah, or, The Lord is there, They come from ev'ry land and ev'ry clime; But though in color various, all agree In one design, Jehovah to adore. O what a most exalted fong they fing, And praise his name upon the highest key! The music ravishes our wond'ring ears. 299 Far as the eye can fee, behold the throng! All join to glorify the fov'reign King, And give him highest praise who merits all. O joyful day, when all the tribes of earth

Shall thus in pureft love affemble there,

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Book IX.]

THE MILLENIUM.

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Without the least design but what is good. No malice, wickedness, shall there be found; No thieves, pickpockets, no deceitful men, Shall with the happy throng affemble there; All shall be faithful servants of their King, 300 Who meet to celebrate the glorious feaft, In honour to Jehovah, Lord of all, And with defign to cultivate the love And universal friendship of mankind. How worthy of the Lord are fuch defigns! 305 How glorious, grand, friendly, benevolent ! How calculated for the praise of God! And the amazing int'rest of the world! This may be call'd, as its proper name, The Feaft of Tabernacles, for the crowds 310 That will affemble there will be fo large, That all the houses cannot them contain. There in a friendly manner they shall meet And worship all together, and shall learn To know and do the will of Jacob's God. 315 And feast in friendship, then with joy return, Each to their diff'rent regions, to declare The wonders which they faw and heard; with joy The lift'ning people shall the story hear, And long to fee and know the same themselves. 320 In those blest days, instead of planning schemes Of war and conquest, nations shall invite Each other to affemble at the place Where reigns the bleffed Jesus on the hill Which he shall choose, his holy mountain top. 325.

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For thus the facred prophecies declare,
And it shall come to pass in the last days,
'The mountain of Jehocueh's house shall be
Establish'd in the losty mountain's top,
And be exalted far above the hills,
And all the nations thereunto shall slow.
Then many peoples shall with joy agree,
And thus express their earnest heart's desire,
Come ye and let us join with pleasure, go
Up to the holy mountain of the Lord,
And to the facred house of Jacob's God,
And he will teach us all his blessed ways,
And we will walk in his delightful paths.

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For out of Zion shall the law go forth : Jehovah's word shall from Jerusalem 340 Proceed and fpread, enlight ning all the earth. For he shall judge the nations of the world. And many peoples strong he shall rebuke, And they shall hear his voice, and him obey. As when the raging waves heard, "Peace, be flill," They ceas'd, and lo, at once there was a calm. So shall the mighty peoples hear his voice, And cease their violence, leave off to rage, And beat their fwords to ploughfhares, and their fpears To fcythes, or other useful instruments. No more shall war be follow'd as a trade. Nor warlike instruments again be form'd. The barb'rous terms shall be forgotten all. Nations no more against each other rise, Nor fwords lift up, nor learn the art of war,



IX.] THE MILLENIUM.

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well in peace, and cultivate the ground, lit each man with joy beneath his vine, with his family in fafety lie le reclin'd under the fig-tree's shade: ione shall seek each other to disturb, **3**60 ut the peaceful citizens in fear. hath Jehovah spoken, and his hand never fail his promife to fulfil. shall the fasts be turn'd to days of joy, acient troubles shall be all forgot. 365 refore love the truth and feek for peace! efus is the Prince of Peace and truth. faith Jehovah, It shall come to pass many peoples shall with earnestness: ble to adore their God and King; 370 habitants of many cities join delightful work of pray'r and praise. wellers in one town their homes shall leave, o the neighbiring town or city go, re to raile confusion or uproar, 375 invite their neighbours, brethren, friends, let us speedily with joy repair y before Jehovah's hallow'd fane,. k the bleffing of the Lord of Hofts; will also go: each one shall fay. **ვ**₿ა any peoples, nations great and strong, ome to feek Jehovah Tfabbaeth, y before The Lord, and bless his name. crowds shall to Jerusalem repair! city shall be chief of all on earth. 385.

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There shall the multitudes assemble, there The praises of Jehovah shall they shew, And all his glories shall proclaim abroad. What happen'd at the day of Pentecost Was but a little specimen of this, 390. Yet all the Gospel light the world has had Is what proceeded from that city first. But O, what greater glories shall adorn, That chasen city in the coming dayls, When thither all the tribes of men shall come To learn the will of God, and praise his name ! From thence the grandest road, the king's high-way" Shali lead directly to the holy Mount, Whereon the facred Temple stands adorn'd; A noble palace, and the refidence 40: Of Jesus and his brethren, all the saints. The mountain's top, is hely all round? For holiness becomes the house of God) And such a house as this man never saw. The temple built by Solomon of old, I'o more can bear comparison with this, Than meanest cottages with princely courts. The glory of the last house, built for God, hall far exceed the glory of the first. Here Cirist shall dwell and reign a thousand years 32 Here shall his glorious voice be heard and known, And here his wonders shall to men be feen. And in this mountain shall Jenovah make. To all the peoples of the earth a feaft, La beav'n'y feast, of truth and words divine,



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With pow'r attended, and with mighty love, As with the choicest wine the feast is crown'd. such sweet refreshments will give greater joy Than choicest dainties, or the richest wine. I how with pleasure will the nations sit from morn till noon, from noon till dewy eve, To hear the Savior his instructions give! I what an heav'nly feast his lips afford! But as it was when Jesus dwelt on earth, When he had fed the multitudes three days. With heav'nly bread, the manna of his tongue, Te would not let them go till he had fedheir bodies with fuch food as might fustainheir nature, and from fainting them prevent. La to their homes they should return: thus he 420 Who did not think it was beneath him then To feed the multitudes with fifth and bread, Jiraculously increased by his pow'r, Vill also make a plenteous feast to those Who shall repair unto his holy hill, 435 'o hear his words, and learn his righteous ways, and bow before him and his name adore. and he that with such pleasure once beheld. bout five thousand men in order fix In the green grass, in ranks of fifties plac'd, Vaiting their food from his most bounteous hands,. low will he joy all nations to behold .ffembled at his feet to hear his words! en thousand times ten thousand shall attend ; umbers immente, compar'd to which the host 445:

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Of Xerxes, when he march'd against the Greeks, Was but a little feeble company. Yet all this num'rous hoft shall hear his voice With ease, for ev'n the dead themselves shall hear. And shall forfake their graves at his command. 450' For what to him shall be impossible? This bleffed company shall seated be Around the holy mountain of their God, And instantly, at his command divine. The choicest bread, and food of richest kinds, 455 Shall be distributed to all the guests, For all his faints and angels shall attend As ministers on this occasion grand; Then shall the choicest wine to each be giv'n. Such was the water when it faw its God, And blush'd upon the famous wedding day, Where Jesus first began his pow'r to shew. And his disciples then his glory faw, And from that time believed on his name. The water from the river chang'd to wine. Shall chear the hearts of all the num'rous hofts, And those who choose may drink the water pure. Then shall the fruits of those eternal trees That grow upon the river's banks, be giv'n. To ev'ry one, as they themselves desire. And then the bleffing of the Lord pronounc'd. Shall from his holy hill dismiss the throng. Who shall disperse, and to their homes returns. Praising the Lord for all his goodness shewn. Thus shall their minds be purg'd from sin and doub



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	untain shall the Lord destroy v'ring o'er all peoples cast,	476
	s o'er all the nations spread.	
	gnorance, and flavish fear,	
	as'd away by light and truth.	480
	e ranfom'd of Jehovah come	400
	nountain with exceeding joy!	
_	d joyful shoutings as they go,	
	eets and villages shall ring;	
	gladness shall they all obtain,	485
When forrow,	grief, and fighing are no more	·•
The happy scenes which then shall common be,		
Would scarce gain credit should they be describ'd:		
	ed writings have foretold	
_	onders of that future age,	490
	tempt to follow on	
	guide as truth eternal leads.	
	be the changes in the earth,	-
	and climates, and produce,	
•	positions of mankind!	495
	l all be fruitful, and with eafe	
	sctions to the lab'rer's hand;	
	arts shall be fruitful plains	
	lderness a fertile field:	
	all flow, and rivers glide along	
Where nothing now appears but burning fand.		
_	be the folitary place!	
Defarts rejoice and bloffom as the role;		
Blossom abundantly, like gardens sair,		
Well water'd as	s the garden of the Lord.	505

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The dwellers in the barren land rejoice, With joy and finging, how they shout aloud! For Carmel's mount, and Sharon's vale no more Are us'd proverbially for excellence; For all their glory and their beauties shine In far superior dignity in lands Once barren, frightful desarts! dreary wastes! Instead of thorns, behold the fir-trees spring! Instead of briars, see the myrtles grow! These to Jehovah are a name and praise, An everlafting fign of truth fulfill'd, The plowman shall the reaper overtake, So vast the crop, so heavy is the grain! The threshing time shall to the vintage reach. And vintage to the fowing time extend. All climates shall be healthful, blasting winds And fickly damps, and burning heat, no more Shall breed diforders, and destroy the lives Of those who in or near the burning zone Have their abodes; nor shall the hurricane Destroy the food and labors of the year. Those violent concussions of the earth, Which have fo fatal prov'd in ages past, And cities in a moment have ingulph'd In earth's dark womb, they fell no more to rife : These dreadful evils shall no more affright, The earth shall rest in quiet all the days That Jesu's bleffed reign thereon shall last. The pestilence that now its thousands kills Shall then be wholly driven from the world ;



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nd famine that with deadly rage destroys oth foul and body as it were at once, o more shall reach the dwellings of mankind; he fields shall yield their meat, the trees their fruit, a fuch abundance, that no pinching want 540 an ever more be known upon the globe. he famous bread tree fruit, plant of renown, aall be so common then, that all may eat hat bread which God himself hath so prepar'd, hat little labor needs to make it fit 545 or our immediate use. This plant alone amine for ever may prevent, because he trees once planted need but little care, nd fuch abundance do their branches yield, hat one small orchard planted, will produce 550 lore fruit than any family will need. nd God hath many stores of various kinds, om whence he can supply the world with food, Ahough it should contain a thousand times s many more as ever liv'd in all. 555 But, oh, how shall the human race be chang'd, Then Christ shall rule the shorld! how different lankind shall be from what they ever were! Then God shall take the stony hearts, away nd give them hearts of flesh; and write his law 560 pon their inward parts; and deep engrave is just commands upon their yielding minds. nd God will be their God, and they shall be is people worthy of that facred name. or he will wash, and purify their fouls 565

From their iniquities, and make them clean. On them he will bestow one heart, one way. To their advantage, and their children's too. They shall not from his precepts turn aside. Nor will he hide his glorious face from them. 571 He will rejoice to do them ev'ry good, And he will take their fins and guilt away, And make them clean and pure, and fanctify, And fit them for his service and his use, His Spirit shall be pour'd upon their feed, 57 His bleffing on their offspring, and themselves. Jehovah will rejoice to fee them pure, And they shall joy and triumph in his love. His love and kindness shall be so display'd, That they with greatest wonder shall adore. Their hearts, all fin'd with love and gratitude, Shall cause their nob'est pow'rs to praise his name. Their love to God shall form their tempers right, And fill them with benevo'ence to men, From whence all acts of kindness shall proceed. 58;

O what exalted friendship shall abound,
And make the race of men like ange's pure!
Deceit and gui e, and flattery and fraud,
Ambition, hellish rage, those passions sou',
Shall all be banish'd from the peaceful scene.
A thousand promises the Lord hath made,
That he these mighty wonders will perform.
His ho'y word abounds in such as these,
My people they shall be; and I their God.
And this is cv'ry thirg express'd at once;



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an our largest wishes ask for more. I shall be the God of all mankind. lod of all the families of the earth, ev'ry bleffing needful he'll bestow. y shall be his people, he will make 66a fuch whereof he shall not be asham'd. other glorious bleffing shall attend happy race of men in that bright day; aints of ancient times shall reign on earth, Christ, their Lord; and doubtless shall at times erfe with men, and them instruction give. they shall be appointed to preside. :1, the wife and good, shall have a lot, aich he shall with honor stand, and shine, e bright lustre of the sirmament: 610 blest apostles on their thrones shall st, udge the chosen tribes of Isr'el's race. ervant who improv'd his pound fo well, n to gain, ten cities shall receive, have authority o'er them to rule : 615 at gains five, shall have five cities giv'n ne same glorious purpose as the first. who have faithful in a little been. and authority shall have o'er much. m that overcometh, Christ will give 62**e** r over nations, as himself receiv'd; give a right to fuch to fit with him, his throne, as when he overcame, Father plac'd him on his glorious throne, e all principalities and pow'rs. 625

X

Now, if we fuffer with our Savior dear, He will advance us in his glory high. What are the fuff'rings of this mortal life, Compar'd to glory which shall be reveal'd? For if we fuffer, we shall reign with him. 630 Behold the fouls of fuch who loft their lives, To bear a witness for the Savior's name, And who had worshipp'd God, and not the beast, Nor yet his imago, nor receiv'd his mark; These live and reign with Christ a thousand years. These are the faithful souls in ev'ry age, 636 Who bear a living witness for the truth. These shall be privileg'd above the rest, For none shall live again but such as these, Until the thousand years shall be fulfill'd. 640 How bleffed and how holy must they be Who in this glorious refurrection share? On them the fecond death shall have no pow'r: But they to Jesus shall be priests and kings, And with him reign a thousand years on earth 645 This honor all the faints of God shall have. Thus to rule over, and to bless the world. The faints of God the kingdom shall posses, The greatness of the kingdom under Heav'n, Shall be their portion and inheritance; Which they for ages shall in peace enjoy. Thus Saviors shall upon Mount Zion sit, To judge, fubdue, and govern all the world. Thus shall the kingdoms of this world become The kingdoms of our God, and of his Christ,



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And he shall to the age of ages reign. Then shall that pray'r in measure be fulfill'd, Thy kingdom come, O Lord, thy will be done Upon this earth, as it is done in Heav'n.

How fure is prophecy! the time makes hafte;
These things must be accomplished in their time,
However scoffers may our faith deride
With their old taunt, Where is his promise now?
For an appointed time the vision stays;
But though it seems to tarry, wait, ere long
665.
It certainly will speak and will not lie.
Behold it comes, and will not long delay!

Remember me, O Lord, and let me know That favor which thou bearest to thy faints. And let mine eyes this great falvation fee, 670 And gladly with thy favor'd ones rejoice, And glory with thy own inheritance. Jefus, when thou shalt to thy kingdom come, Then, my dear Savior, then remember me. Let this my earnest pray'r on record sland, 675. Nor be forgotten in that awful day. When thou shalt from the highest Heavins descend, To take possession of this lower world. O raise me from the dust to see thy face ! Before thee may I stand with boldness then; 683 4 In glory with my Lord may I appear, Thou art my life, for thee, in thee I live. O make me like thee in this present world. That day shall be most glorious, and that age

Wherein the bleffed Jesus shall be King,

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Will far exceed in splendor, grandeur, grace, All the descriptions of my feeble pen. But yet, before I leave the charming theme, I would attempt, in one collective view, Our Savior's bleffed kingdom to describe.

Why do the heatifen rage, and madly join, The Lord, and his Anointed to oppose? Why do they feek to cast their cerds away? Jehovah, in the Heav'ns, shall laugh to scorn Their vain attempts, their feeble rage decide. Thus will he speak in thunder to their cars, In faite of all your proud rebellious rage, Behold the King, my King, whom I have fet Upon my holy mountain, Zion's hill.

I will declare Jehovah's great decree. Thus hath he faid, Thou art my only Son, This day have I begotten thee, my Love, My fole delight, the image of myfelf. Ask me, and I will give thee heathen lands, And earth's remotest bounds thou shalt possess; 705 The world is thine inheritance by right. Thou shalt with ease all opposition quell, The kingdoms of the universe subdue.

Now therefore, O ye Kings of earth be wife; Ye judges, hear instruction, and regard; Serve God with fear, with holy awerejoice: Kiss ye the Son, submit to his commands, Or else you die and perish at his word. His frown can kill, his smiles are Heav'n itself. How bleft are all that put their trust in him!



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Jehovah, Lord, how excellent thy name In all the earth! thy glory thou hast rais'd Above the highest Heav'ns in dignity. Out of the mouths of fucklings, weakest babes, Thou haft ordain'd both wisdom, pow'r and might, That thou might still thy proudest enemies, And lay in the dust the haughtiness of man. When I survey the Heav'ns, with all their host, The moon and stars, which thou of old ordain'd; How is my raptur'd foul, with wonder fill'd, That thou should'st ever deign to notice man, The helpless fon of man, the child of dust! How dost thou stoop, if heav'n thou would'st survey! But infinitely more to visit those Who dwell in dust and tenements of earth! 730 Yet hast thou human nature dignify'd. By fetting it superior to the brutes; And gave to man at first unbounded rule O'er all thy handy works on earth below, All cattle, beafts, fowls, fish, and creeping things.

But how much more hast thou exalted man, 736.

And human nature highly glorify'd,

By sending thine own Son to take our form,

And join our meaner nature to his own!

But when he shall a second time appear, 749.

Cloth'd in our nature, and with glory crown'd,

The universal kingdom shall be his,

And all shall bow, and his dominion own.

That age to come to him alone belongs,

Not in subjection to the angels put. 745.

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The world with all its peoples, nations, tongues. He claims, who bought them with his precious blood; And they to him their firm allegiance owe. They who inhabit earth's remotest bounds, Shall with fix'd purpose to the Lord return; 750 And all the kindreds of the nations come. And worship at thy feet, and thee adore. The kingdom to Jehovah appertains, l'ow'r, glory, and dominion, are his due: Among the nations he is governor. 755 The living and the dead must all submit. They now ferve him truly, shall return. With him to earth, when he shall come to reign ; And shall declare to peoples yet unborn His truth, love, righteoufness, and wond'rous works. My willing heart indites a matter good: Touching the glorious King; my tongue shall speak As fluently as ready penmen write; Lecause my subject, copious, grand, sublime, Hath fo my foul with all its pow'rs infpir'd. Thou fairest of ten thousand fair ones, none Of all our race may be with thee compar'd. Bleffed for ever is thy glorious name, For God hath infinitely bleffed thee. Gird now thy fword victorious on thy thigh, 770: With majesty and glory deck thyfelf. O Lord most mighty, and magnificent! Ride forth to conquer, and thyfelf array In rightcoufness, and truth, and majesty,

Yet full of meekness, and of love divine.

prity shall furely thee attend, aufe is good, and God is on thy fide. trong right hand, well arm'd, shall wonders dos sle things, O Lord, thou wilt perform. arrows therp shall nierce the stubborn hearts thine enemies, and bring them down y bleft feet to fall, and own Thee King. hrone, O God, shalt to the ages stand, thy fceptre, and they kingdom built righteousness and truth, shall long endure. 785 steoufness thy foul hath fuch delight, wickedness so hateful is to thee, God, thy God, with oil of facred joy thee anointed, and proclaim'd Thee Chief ll thy brethren; Thou in all things haft 790 ninence, for fov'reign pow'r is thine. on hast pow'r to give eternal life thy followers who. Thee obey:) fuddue thy firong, thy num'rous foes: inally all ruin'd things restere. 795 ame is, like the costly ointment madeid's command, and all thy garments fmell ha, myrrh, and aloes, and perfumes, etest scent, whereby they made Thee glad. en blest Mary broke the box of Nard, our'd it on thy head, the house was fill'd that sweet savor, which obtain'd from Thee commendation, and eternal fame: h some were fill'd with rage, shou did'st apask declar'd, that in whatever place

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The gospel shall be preach'd, this shall be told. I in my feeble measure have sulfill'd What thou didst prophecy, and now I set That pleasing circumstance in this my work; And O, my Lord, accept my love to thee! & And this attempt of mine, O Lord, preserve. From dull oblivion; let it still survive Until thou in thy glory shalt appear.

Kings daughters shall appear to grace thy train,
The nations of the world shall own thee Lord; 81
Thy bride, thy chosen people shall be seen,
Adorn'd with rich attire, and crown'd with gold.
All people shall their idol Gods forsake,
And their vain customs and traditions leave,
And serve and worship Thee, their Lord, alone: 82
Then beauteous in thy sight they shall appear.
The kingdoms of the earth to Thee shall bow,
Strange nations shall intreat and seek thy face:

But oh, how glorious shall thy Church look torm
Like morning light, and fairer than the moon; 82;
Clear as the sun, as Tirzah beautiful;
Comely as once appear'd Jerusalem
And as a warlike army terrible.
No longer weak, despis'd, sunk down, oppressd.
For though among the pots the long has lain, 830;
Yet as a beauteous, golden winged dove,
She shall appear in beauty all divine.
Glorious within, no painted hypocrite;
Nor meanly clad, wrought gold her clothing forms;
In splendor and in glory shall be brought, 833.



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ne king, with needle-work array'd. the virgins, her companions, join adore, who is the Lord of all. ladness and rejoicing shall they come, ith profoundest rev'rence enter there Jesus, Lord of glory, holds his court, im'rous shall thy happy offspring grow ! thou may'ft princes make in all the earth. me, Redeemer, shall remember'd be hout all generations evermore. 845 the peoples shall adore thy name. out thy praise to earth's remotest bounds, h all the ages of thy future reign. prious King, how most divinely fair ! y bride, the object of his love! 850 'nly kingdom, full of righteouspess ! the world when thus by Jesus rul'd'! ippy nations who shall feel his rays! happy they who with their Lord shall share! il exults even at this distant view; 855 what joy must the beholders feel! lorious words are spoken by the Lord, ting that triumphant state of things ! by his leave I further will relate. p your hands, ye peoples, shout for joy, 86e th the voice of triumph fing to God! , God most high, is terrible, er all the wide creation reigns. n of God-once to our earth came down, in, our fairation to procure; **2**65

And when the glorious work he had perform'd,
Back to the Heav'ns he went, with shouts of joy:
God with a shout ascended to his throne,
Jehovah, with the heav'nly trumpets sound.
Sing praises unto God, sing praises loud,
Sing praises to our King, sing praises high:
For God most High is King of all the earth,
With understanding his high praises sing.

The Lord our Savior shall from Heav'n return,
And over all the heathen nations reign,
Shall sit upon the throne of holiness.
The princes of the peoples shall agree
Then to assemble, and their homage pay;
And own the God of Abrah'm for their God.
For not one only shall his people be,
But all the nations shall to God belong;
And Jesus, King of nations, as of Saints,
Shall greatly be exalted, head of all:
The Monarch of the Globe, Lord of the world.

In that blest age the happy race may say.

Great is Jehovah, greatly to be prais'd,

Both in the glorious city of his choice,

And the mountain of his holiness.

How beautiful for situation stands

The facred mountain, at a distance north

From where the glorious house of old was plac'd.

This holy mountain, where the Lord resides,

Is now the joy and wonder of the earth;

No warlike pow'rs will dare attack the place.

Where the immortal King of glory reigns.



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uch a daring mad attempt be made, y distant fight would terrify, It the courage of the mightiest kings, their fouls with vast astonishment, earts with trouble, fear, and mighty pain. 900 abode with joy we will repair, wior's will to learn, and him adora. leafure we the facred dome furvey. we now forget the favor'd place. y which the Lord Jehovah nam'd. 905 :h fo many wonders we have heard; ve we heard alone, our eyes have feen. Il establish it forevermore. w the capital of all the world. me, O God, is through all nations known, sife is heard to earth's remotest bounds; 911 own right hand is full of righteousness. on's ancient hill in God rejoice; lah's daughters in their King be glad, the judgments of the Lord are just. et us now this city well furvey ound this most delightful, wond'rous place : its tow'rs, and mark its bulwarks well, er all her princely palaces; reat their number, and how beautiful! on the globe can vie with this, er, beauty, fize, magnificence, olinefs of its inhabitants. our distant lands will tell its fame : the present age will we confine

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Our true report, but ages yet unborn
Shall hear the declarations of our lips.
For 'tis not now with men as formerly,
Who for a moment flourish'd, then cut down,
Their names were lost in dust, their words forgot,
This God will be our God, from age to age;
Long shall we live his glories to behold.
And if we follow him as our sure guide,
He safely will conduct us over death:
We from this earthly happiness shall go,
To an immortal life of higher joys,
And be translated as Elijah was,
And Enoch long before and never die.

Thus may the happy millenarians talk,
Nor talk in vain, for God has promis'd much, 945.
And all that he has spoken shall be done
With what desight their hours shall pass away
In such blest conversations in those days!
No empty tristes then shall kill the time,
Nor lies, nor slanders, occupy their tongues.
The praises and the wond'rous works of God,
Shall infinitely better them employ.

O'tis ten thousand pities that our race
Should ever have their faculties abus'd,
And so perverted such a noble gift
As speech almost peculiar to mankind,
To serve the worst of purposes, instead
Of glorifying him who gave us tongues
To praise his name, and men to edify!
Before I farther pass into those scenes



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Of ravishing delight, which shall take place, Under our dear Redeemer's happy reign, Here let us pray for their accomplishment.

O God, to us be merciful, we pray,
And cause thy loving face on us to shine;
And let thy way upon the earth be known,
Be thy salvation to the world reveal'd.
O let the peoples praise the living God,
Let all the peoples praise thy holy name.
O let the nations all in Thee be glad,
And sing for joy, for thou with righteousness
Shall judge and govern earth and all its tribes.

O let the peoples praise thy name, O Lord, Let all the nations shout, and sing for joy, Then shall the blessed earth her increase yield, And our own God shall bless us with his love. O Lord Jehovah, all thy people blefs, And let all nations fear and ferve their God. Arise, O God, and judge the earth, for thou All nations shall inherit as thy right. Hasten, O Lord, the long expected day, When Jefus shall assume his kingly pow'r, And reign on earth, as Scripture hath foretold. He shall thy people judge with righteousness, With truth and justice shall thy poor defend. The mountains peace shall to the peoples bring, The little hills with righteousness shall shine. The poor especially shall be his care, The children of the needy he shall fave; But all oppressors will in pieces break.

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The nations of the world shall fear thy name, While fun and moon, and days and nights endure; Throughout all generations of mankind He shall descend to earth like friendly rain, Not to destroy, but bless, preserve, restore. 990 Like fructifying show'rs so shall he come: The great restorer of the human race. How shall the righteous flourish in his days! Peace shall abound, and overspread the earth, And long endure; and wars no more be known. 'All nature shall be chang'd, and happiness Shall be as common then as mis'ry now. From sea to sea shall his domain extend, And from the rifing to the fetting fun 999 Throughout all realms, to earth's remotest bounds. The dwellers in the wilderness shall bow Before his feet, his foes shall lick the dust, The kings of Tarshish, and the distant isles, Their choicest gifts shall bring with one accord; The kings of Sheba and of Seba join, 1005 To yield their richest treasures to his will. Nor these alone, but all the kings on earth ξ. Shall fall before him, and his name adore; And if the kings shall yield, no doubt remains But all the nations shall his servants be. 1010 The common people, when the Savior preach'd, With gladness heard him, while the great despis'd; And certainly when he shall come to reign, And all the heads and leaders shall submit, The common people will obedient be. 1015



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His government shall be what kingdoms should, Friendly, safe, peaceful, happy for the poor, Just, righteous, meek, beneficent, and kind, Where poor and needy gain their rights at once, Without expence, vexation, or delay; Where no respect of persons can be found, Nor bribes accepted, nor injustice done. But judgment, mercy, truth, and equity. All reign together; fuch all governments Should be, and fuch will be our bleffed Lord's. 1025 The needy and the poor shalf be his care. And fuch as have no helpers, wealth, nor friends, When they shall cry, he will deliver them. The friendless, poor, and needy, he shall spare, The fouls of all the needy he will fave. 1030 From fraud, deceit, and vi'lence, them redeem, And precious in his fight shall be their blood.

O what a kingdom shall our Savior's be!

Long shall he reign, shall live forever more.

To him the gold of Sheba shall be giv'n; 1035

For him shall constant, earnest pray'r be made,

And daily shall his worthy name be prais'd.

His name to endless ages shall endure,

Long as the sun it shall continu'd be.

In him shall all the tribes of men be blest, 1040

And all shall call him blessed in return.

O bleffed be Jehovah, God Most High,
The God of Israel, who alone performs [awe.
Those wond'rous things, which fill the world with
And bleffed be our Savior's glorious name; 1945

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Let the whole earth be with his glory fill'd:
O let his kingdom speedily approach,
Spread far and wide, and over all extend,
And long continue to the end of time.
Let all the friends of Jesus say, Amen.
This pray'r is of the greatest consequence;
Let it be seal'd with highest servency,
And be with loud amen, amen, consirm'd.
What songs of joy, and shouts of loudest praise,
Shall in that day be to Jehovah sung!

1055
Of which the following are a specimen.

Jehovah reigneth, cloth'd with majesty, Girded with strength, with truth and glory clad-His kingdom is establish'd in the world, So that it never can be overthrown. . Of old thy throne was fettled long ago, Because thou, Lord, from everlasting art. But what an opposition has been made, By swelling floods, loud billows, roaring waves, Against thy government upon the earth. All pow'rs and peoples rose against thy right, But thou art mightier far than all thy foes. The proudest waves with their tumultuous noise, Can never shake thy kingdom or thy throne. Thy testimonies sure shall firm abide, And holiness becomes thy dwelling place, And all who would approach to worship thee. O come, and let us too Jehovah fing,

And make a joyful noise to God, our strength.

Let us with thanks into his presence haste,

make a joyful noise to him with plalms. vah is our God, our King most High, made the sea, dry land, hills, mountains, vales: claims a right to rule the world he made. e, let us worship, and with rev'rence bow, kneel before the Lord, our Maker's face. 1081 s our God, and doth our worship claim: s our Father, Shepherd, Savior, Friend; are his people, sheep, his constant charge. t us hear his voice, and him obey! let our hearts he harden'd from his fear; we should be depriv'd of this his rest. fing unto Jehovah God a fong, and melodious; all the earth shall sing. to Jehovah, blefs his holy name, **FOOG** day to day his great falvation shew. ire his glory in the heathen lands; rond'rous works to all mankind proclaim. : is Jehovah, greatly to be prais'd, e all gods Jehovah should be fear'd. heathen's idol gods how worthless they ! God, Jehovah made the earth and Heav'ns. r, strength, majesty before him dwell, inctuary doth with beauty shine. to the Lord, O nations, kindreds, tongues, to Jehovah glory, might, renown; IIOI him that glory which is justly due s great name, most worthy of regard. ng an off'ring, come into his courts, n his glorious fanctuary praise;

Y 2:

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Let all the earth before him stand in awe.

Proclaim among the heathen, Jesus reigns;

His throne is now established on the earth:

His kingdom now erected shall remain,

And shall not be removed while time endures. 1110

Most righteously he shall the people judge.

O let the Heav'ns rejoice, the earth be glad;
And let the noify sea with gladness roar,
And all the num'rous things therein rejoice.
Let all the fields be joyful, and the trees
Join in the joy and harmony of song;
Before Jehovah, judge of all the earth,
Who comes in righteousness to judge the world,
And all mankind with truth and equity.

Ithovah reigneth, let the earth rejoice, 1-1 20-Let the whole multitudes of isles be glad; Though clouds and darkness do his ways surrounds. His throne establish'd is in righteousness. When he descended from the Heav'ns above, To take possession of his glorious throne, 1225; A fire before him went, his fees confum'd, His lightnings flew, enlightening all the world; The earth beheld, and trembled at the fight; The mountains clave afunder, and the hills Liffolv'd like wax before the melting fire; 1130. And spoke the presence of the mighty Lord, The Lord of all the earth, in person come, To fave the ruin'd world from fin and death. The Heav'ns above his righteousness declar'd; And all the people have his glory feen;



Book IX.] THE MILLENIUM.

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But worshippers of idols were amaz'd:
Confounded forely were those stupid fools,
That adoration paid to stocks and stones.
Now all the nations idols, have renounc'd,
And all their worship have to him transferr'd. 1140
Angels in Heav'n, and princes here below,
Agree the Lord's Anointed to adore.

Zion, in great distress, was glad to see.

The judgments of the Lord on idols fall;

And Judah's daughters did in him rejoice,

1145.

Who came to judge their foes, and them redeem.

Thou, Lord, art high, and rulest all the earth,

And art exalted far above all gods.

Now one Jehovah reigns, his name is One,
In opposition to all images.

All ye that love the Lord all evil hate,
For he is come on purpose to destroy.
Sin, darkness, all iniquity, and crimes
Of ev'ry fort, these must be borne no more.
He will preserve the souls of all his faints,
And from the wicked's hands deliver them.
Eternal light is for the righteous sown,
And gladness for the men upright in heart.
Rejoice in God, ye righteous, and give thanks:
At the rememb'rance of his holiness.

O fing unto the Lord a new made fong, For things most marvellous he hath perform'd; His own right hand, his holy mighty arm, Hath fully gotten him the victory. The Lord hath made his great salvation known,

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His righteousness hath openly reveal'd,
In fight of all the heathen nations round.
He hath remember'd mercy, truth, and love,
Towards the tribes of Israel his friend;
Nor them alone, for earth's most distant lands 1175
Have seen the great salvation of our God.

O make a joyful noise unto the Lord, Let all the earth, now happy, bless his name, Make a loud noise, rejoice, and sing his praise-Sing loud unto Jehovah with the harp, 11:75 And join the noise of harps with pleasant plains 7 Let voices mix with choicest instruments; Let folemn trumpets blow, and cornets make A joyful noise before the Lord, the King. Let the great ocean with its fulness roar With joy and gladness, and the universe, The world, and all that dwell therein, rejoice, Let all the floods of waters clap their hands, ١. Ħ The hills and mountains all together join, -In grandest chorus of eternal joy, 1 1**8**9 Before the great Jehovah, Jesus, Lord. ٠., Behold he comes, he comes to judge the earth, With righteousness he comes to judge the worlds And all our race with equity and truth. Jehovah reigneth, let the people fear; Upon the holy mountain now he fits, Surrounded with the host of all his faints. O let the earth be mov'd with rev'rend awe ! How great Jehovah is in Zion's hill! How much exalted is the Lord our King !



Book IX.

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THE MILLENIUM.

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How glorious his high throne of holiness! And let all people praise thy holy name! Thy glorious name is terrible and great.

The righteous judgment of the Lord, our King, Is by his strength and pow'r supported well. O Lord, Theu dost establish equity, And righteousness and judgment dost perform. Exalt Jehovah, God, and worship him. For he is holy; bow before his feet. Nothing but holiness and purity 1205 Can be acceptable to God, our King. Exalt the Lord, and magnify his name, And pay your homage at his holy hill; Jehovah is the God of holiness. Make to the Lord a joyful noise ye lands, 1210 Jehovah serve with gladness, and approach His facred presence with most joyful fongs. Know that Jehovah he alone is God, He is our Father, Maker, Shepherd, Lord, We are his people, workmanship, and sheep. 1215 Enter into his gates with thankfulnefs, Into his holy courts with fongs of praise. Be thankful unto him, and bless his name. For O how good is our Jehovah God! His mercy doth from age to age endure! 1220 His truth and goodness shall for ever last.

Such are the fongs of the millenial age; And O how lovely must those scenes appear Which justify such lofty stile as this? Nor can the boldest words, or highest thoughts,

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All men shall know the Lord, both small and great, And all shall serve him with one free consent. No jarring discords shall on earth prevail, No difference of faith and worship then. Believers shall be all in harmony, 1 290 And all the world shall the Messiah know. The earth shall with inhabitants be fill'd. And highly cultivated and improv'd, And ev'ry useful art and science brought To full perfection. Happiness and peace, Health, plenty, joy, delight, and chearfulness, Shall overspread the globe, and ban sh care, Sickness, vexation, strife, and discontent; Then pleasure shall be gay and innocent: All these shall tend to lengthen out life's thread; Which shall by God's appointment be restor'd 1301 To the longevity of ancient times. And further, men be privileg'd to pass Unto the life immortal, by a way Not now to them indulg'd; by chan ge, not death, All the advantages of former years, 1 305 Shall meet together in that happy age. Then all the good men who have ever liv'd. Shall be on earth at once, with Christ, their head. And far more numerous shall be the births 1310 Within that period, than shall be before, If all were counted from the birth of time. Then all the useful knowledge ever known Shall be combin'd, but all the evil loft, Sunk in oblivion, overwhelm'd with good



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Thus shall that age roll chearfully away,
While Jesus reigns on earth, and all mankind
Yield willing service to his holy laws,
And live in happiness complete and full.

O glorious day, when shall it once arrive? 1320
Fain would our longing eyes behold the sight,
A world of rationals: a government
Just, universal, free from all desects;
A monarch wise, good, pow'rful, righteous, kind,
Without a fault, and who shall never change, 1325
Nor die, nor by his foes be overcome:
And happy subjects, num'rous as the drops
Of pearly dew, from morning's fruitful womb,
All faithful to their Sov'reign, free from vice:
And age that will dishonor God no more, 1330
And that will prove his promises all true
His laws all just, and all his dealings right,
Will justify his works, his words, his ways,
And shew both what God is, and man should be.

END OF THE NINTH BOOK

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BOOK X.

THE END OF THE MILLENIUM.

The Loofing of Satur, his Deception of the Nations, their hostile Attempt, and died dful Overthrow, the second or general Resurrection, the Day of Judgment, the Section passed on the Wicked, the Conflagration, and the Punishment of Transgrassors in the Lake of Fire.

AS I must now attend to gloomy themes,
The darkest scenes that ever have been known,
Since God created man upon the earth,
Or ever shall take place till that great day:
I choose a season when my mind is tun'd
To grief and mourning, and lamenting woes.
Help me O secret Spirit, who did the call

Help me, O facred Spirit, who didft call
The prophet Jeremiah, when a child,
And taught his melting heart those plaintive airs,
His pen to write those mourning odes of woe,
For which his genius was so well design'd,
And which the times wherein he liv'd requir'd.
He was a son of forrow, so am 1!
He mourn'd a nation ruin'd, I, a world;
He saw, and he lamented Juddh's sate.
Deceiv'd, betray'd to ruin with their king.
I mourn ten hundred thousand millions burn'd
With fire from Heav'n, because they did rebel,
In consequence of being once deceiv'd
By that deceiver, cunning, pow'rful, sly,



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t or last the most hath overthrown, ly, soul be himself subdu'd. rful feenes I now attempt to fing. rust that glorious period have an end? Millenium itself must close! 25. est night succeeds the brightest day ! nost glorious thought supports our minds, e attempt, if possible, to paint, al, mounful, fad diftrefling fcene, ghtest day shall finally succeed 30 ancholy night; darkness no more it eclipse, but day shall ever shine, thter grow, while God himself exists. e at prefent, all ye pleasing thoughts, urnful muse alone becomes my theme! 35 the fad difaster, greater far hen the tempter did of old beguile mon mother Eve; her virtue gone, monster she by him conceiv'd, aght forth fin, which fill'd our world with woe, kness, forrow, want, despair, and death, yrants reign'd on earth fix thousand years. idful flood which fwept a world away een thousand millions at a stroke, their bold rebellions had no bounds. 45. n'd to cast the yoke of God away, 'd allegiance to their fov'reign Lord, r a time endur'd, and gave reprieve; fo disobedient still remain'd. d at last the dreadful word pronounc'd, 59

Man whom I made, from earth I will destroy: And foon he executed his defign, And all the race of man, by water drown'd, Save Noah and his family alone: But that amazing judgment can't compare 55 With this which now my pen would fain unfold. But O, the ta'e so sad, so dreadful, strange, So far beyond what language can express! it everyow'rs my faculties of mind; And fain I would avoid the doleful theme: 60 But having undertaken, must go through, h my Creator, who hath long fust in'd My tabernacle frail, will give me leave his work to finish, ere he calls me hence. Unless the fore afflictions I endure 65 Oblige me to relinquish all my works, For which, indeed, I often find myfelf Unfit, and fometimes ready to despair; And wonder truly how I durft attempt to vast a theme, so difficult a task. 70

But let me waste my reader's time no more. Now let me rush at once into the gloom, That for a little season must eclipse The glorious day our Redeemer's reign.

When once the thousand years are at a close. 75 The Devil from his prison must be loos'd, And be permitted once again to rove. The earth around, and once more try his art. Of fell deception, and shall have success. A thousand painful years of bitter woe.

Book X.] THE END OF THE MILLENIUM. 28

Have not subdu'd his proud rebellious heart, Nor in the least his nature fierce have chang'd. But let no mortal man presume to say,. That fuch a change to him can never come. For though no creature can his pow'r controul, 85. Far less presume his courage to subdue, Yet he that made him can the serpent flay, Can make his fword approach, and pierce his heart, Though hard as northern steet, like millstone firm. And though his scales of pride, so close shut up. oo. Forbid all entrance, but Jehovah's fword. Yet he can pierce, and put his heart to pain : The serpent's head can bruife, his pow'r destroy, And bring him willingly at last to bow At his Creator's feet, and him adore. 95 And whenfoever this great work is wrought, Twill be by far the most triumphant scene That ever did, or will take place till then. And this makes me conclude it shall be done; For nothing is impossible with God. ICQ. But long before this mighty change takes place, He muit be doom'd to dwell in penal fire, A long and dreadful night of pain, and feel [through. Those tortures which must pierce him through and But here I now must trace his crafty guile, 105

But here I now must trace his crafty guile, 10g By which he shall deceive the race of men, And gather them, in battle to contend With him who doth possess Almighty pow'r. Who could suppose that such would ever join The foe of God and man, who once have know And felt the happiness which all shall feel Under the blest Messiah's glorious reign? But never let our reason, proud and weak, Prompt us to disbelieve what God hath spoke. For did not angels fall from pureft blifs? Had they not known their Maker's pow'r and love? Had they not ev'ry thing that heart could wish? But still they fell through pride, and rose in arms Against that pow'r which could not be destroy'd, That this was madness, all who think at all Will readily admit, and might conclude That long ago these beings were convinc'd; I hat nothing can prevail against the Lord. But why continue then an useless war? Such is their rage and malice, and revenge. 125 Which makes them feek the ruin of mankind; Nor feem to care how much their woes increase, If they can numbers with themselves involve. And they have gain'd fuch numbers heretofore, As will encourage them to try again. 130 But O, the cunning arts which they shall use Such numbers to feduce to join in war Against the Lord I alas! what tongue can tell? And that old serpent, who at first prevail'd Against our mother Eve in Paradise, 135; And by the fly persuasion of his tongue Persuaded her to break the law of God, And eat the fruit of the forbidden tree; Thus vent'ring death her appetite to pleafe : He shall attempt, and mightily prevail, 149



Book X.] THE END OF THE MILLENIUM. 283

The nations to deceive, delude, destroy.

His old deceiving arts he can't forget,

Till he has suffer'd justly for his crimes.

His rage and malice, more and more increas'd,

Will prompt him to exert his utmost skill,

To desolate the globe, and ruin man.

Now round the earth he roams, with full intent To forge and utter all his hellish lies, Thereby to draw mankind into the fnare, And bring them to rebel against the Lord. 150 And too fuccessful shall the tempter be ! The nations in the quarters of the earth. Shall be deceiv'd, and follow, him, their foe, In numbers like the fands upon the shore. The holy city and the heav'nly camp 155 They shall surround, and think to overcome; And, fraught with pride, as once the Angels fell, So shall they fall, and perish in despair, How vain shall be this daring bold attempt Against the city, and the camp of saints! 160 The contest shall decided be at once. Fire shall descend from Heav'n, and them consume !-The possibility of which is plain, From that destruction which on Sodom fell; Brimstone and fire from Heav'n destroy'd them all. So shall this host of rebels be devour'd 166 By fire from Heav'n; and Satan who deceiv'd, And gather'd them to fight against the Lord, He shall himself be seiz'd, and justly cast 1.7.9: Into the lake of fire, the house of pain.

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Where with the beast and pseudo prophet join'd In punishment as they were join'd in fin, Ages of ages they shall suffer there. There they were cast a thousand years before, While he was only in the pit confin'd, 17 And afterwards releas'd a little time. But now the measure of his fins are full, And he is doom'd to bear extremest woe. Without the possibility of ease from pain One fingle moment, or the fmallest gleam, 18 Or hope of ever gaining vict'ry more; Or feeing end of his calamity, Save by entire submission to the Lord: And this for many days he will disdain, 18 As hitherto he has for ever done, Choosing to fuffer lasting misery. Rather than to the Son of God submit. His language is, "What though the field be loft; " All is not lost; th' unconquerable will, "And study of revenge, immortal hate, 19 " And courage never to submit or yield. "And what is elfe not to be overcome? "That glory never shall his wrath or might-"Extort from me, to bow and fue for grace "Wich fuppliant knee, and deify his pow'r. "To reign is worth ambition though in hell; "Better to reign in hell than ferve in Heav'n... "Which way I fly is hell; myself am hell; . "And in the lowest deep a lower deep, still threat'ning to devour me, opens wide,

nich the hell I suffer seems an Heav'n, n at last relent; is there no place or repentence, none for pardon left? left but by fubmission; and that word in forbids me, and my dread of shame ig the spirits beneath, whom I seduced other promifes and other vaunts to fubmit, boafting I could fubdue mnipotent. Ah me, they little know learly I abide that boast so vain, 210 r what torments inwardly I grean, they adore me on the throne of hell. diadem and feeptre high advanc'd wer still I fall, only supreme ery, fuch joy ambition finds. 215 ly I could repent, and could obtain ts of grace my former state; how foon i height recal high thoughts, how foon unfay feign'd submission swore? Ease would recant made in pain, as violent and void. ever can true reconcilement grow wounds of deadly hate have pierc'd fo deep, 1 would but lead me to a worse relapse, eavier fall: so should I purchase dear intermission bought with double smart. ewell hope, and with hope, farewell fear; ell remorfe; all good to me is lost: e thou my good : by thee at least d empire with Heav'n's King I hold; ver more than half, perhaps shall reign ..

^{*} Milton's Paradile Loft.

Book X.] THE END OF THE MILLENIUM. 287

In all things he shall have pre-eminence. For in himself all fulness richly dwells; According to the Father's facred will. He having through his blood, shed on the cross, Made universal peace for ev'ry one; 265 By him shall all things reconciled be, All reconcil'd to God and to himself: All things in earth, and things in Heav'n the fame. All things terrestrial, and celestial too, Shall be included in the gen'ral peace, 27€ This must include all angels and all men. This is the will of God, and it shall stand. Vain are the vaunts of Satan, which oppose This fix'd determination of the Lord, The prince of darkness shall at last fall down, Before the face of him whom we adore. And howfoever mortifying now The thoughts of his fubmission, time will come When all his resolutions will be chang'd. Nor will he only feign, but heartily 280 Submit to Jesus, own him Lord and King. But long and great severities he'll bear Before his proud and haughty temper yields, But which at last shall fully humbled be; For God has will'd it, and it cannot fail. 284 Satan has never felt the lake of fire, Nor knows as yet the pain he shall endure; That pain shall bring his strength and courage down. And shall destroy forevermore his hopes 4:0 Of gaining vid'ry or advantages

Over the bleffed Savior, and his cause.

Here then we'll leave him in the si'ry lake,

Under the mighty pow'rful hand of God,

Who knows full well with rebels how to deal:

And turn a while to mourn the num'rous hosts 295

Of men, who in this last rebellion join'd.

Wail, O my heart, to think that those who dwe Under our Saviour's peaceful government, Should ever be induc'd to rife in war Against the glorious Lord, their rightful King, 300 What could possess them to desire a change While they enjoy'd whatever they could wish ! Strange that a fulness of delight and joy Should discontent engender, and create Difgust, and murm'ring, loathing and a brood 305 Of fatal evils, which destroy all peace! But fuch has often been the state of things, And will be till that great and glorious day, When the Creator shall be all in all: And all intelligences shall be drawn 310 Into a state of union with their God, That shall prevent their ever falling more. Angels themselves, though happy, fell through pride And though they felt no want, yet discontent Could find its way to regions of delight. So our first parents fell, who did enjoy As much and more than heart itself could wife And oh, alas! our nature still is prone To murmur and complain, though Heav'n itself Pours on us bleflings with most liberal hand !



: X.] THE END OF THE MILLENIUM. 289

e nations that have most, do most complain; fuch as have no real grievances never fail to feign them, and repine, nough they were most bitterly oppress'd, often have I feen those families 325 : might have liv'd in greatest happiness all the means of pienty in their hands, might have been choice bleffings to the world, ng themselves most miserable indeed! in the midst of truest hearted friends 330 ming all mankind their enemies : turning all their bleffings into bane. that which for their comfort should have been, s them to make unhappy and unbleft. some, the more you try to please them, still nore uneasy grow, and find more fault; 336 hate you in proportion to your love. think that all the good you do is ill; hat you ill intend where best you aim'd. is the devil's influence over man, 340 when into the abys he is cast, curfed temper will prevail no more, . that he from thence is loos'd again, is once more permitted men to tempt; shall this evil disposition rise 345 ir-more dreadful heights than heretofore. in proportion as the blifs enjoy'd be superior far to what is past. t oh the fad and most affecting doom, shall o'ertake those discontented hosts !

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Oh what fi'ry rain on them shall fall ! What horror, and what torture and despair Shall rack their fouls, and put their hearts to pain! Fire shall their lives destroy, their fiesh consume, And put an end to their rebellious plan. -355 And though their ruin is a dismal scene, Enough to make the heart of man to chill, And fill his bones with terror, freeze his blood, And make his very hairs to stand erect; Yet when we call to mind, this is the last Attempt that ever shall be made against the Lord; And Jefus now hath quell'd his num'rous foes, Who never shall combine against him more. Nor for one moment hence diffurb his reign. Our forrow for their fate is mix'd with joy. 365 Great is the triumph of our fov'reign King, And all his subjects hail him as their Lord. His foes are all defeated, and their hopes Of reigning are for ever blafted quite.

This scene of bold rebellion, and its end,

Is far the darkest and obscurest part

Of all the providential ways of God,

And therefore short the facred writer tells

The dreadful story, here his words are sew:

Though wast the plot, and the destruction dire,

And far more dreadful than can be described.

Far greater numbers are involved therein.

Than ever sell at once by war or plague,

Or fire or samine, or the total slood

That overwhelmed the globe in Noah's time.

Book X.] THE END OF THE MILLENIUM. 29

Perhaps I should not go too far to fay, That more shall perish then by fire from Heav'n, Than ever tasted death before, or shall Till then, in any of its thousand forms. All that remain then uninfected, shall 385 Be wholly fav'd, their trials past and gone. They shall be own'd as children of the Lord, Worthy to be enroll'd among the bleft; And chang'd, shall pass to an immortal state. The rest destroy'd from earth: these fit for heav'n. The present uses of the earth are past. And what remains? the judgment must take place. The globe itself becomes a theatre, Whereon the judgment seat erected stands, And all the dead are fummon'd to the bar. 395 The fecond refurrection now takes place, And all that sleep in death at once awake, Call'd by his voice, who makes the dead to hear, Forth from their graves they come to render up Their great accounts to Christ, the sov'reign Judge; Whose just award they must abide, and bear Whatever doom on them he shall pronounce.

Now comes the day of universal doom
On which so many volumes have been wrote,
Of which the prophets spake, and poets sang 405
In far sublimer strains than I can boast.
But yet I fain would bring my little mite?
Though small my off'ring, yet accept it Lord;
And let this labor of my hand remain
Under the patronage of thee, my King,

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Till that grand day which I describe arrives. The great white throne on which the judge shall fit, Claims our attention, fuch its majesty, Its splendor, brightness, like the chrystal clear, As would fufficiently aftonish those 415 Who dare despise the terrors of this day; And who would feign persuade their guilty hearts That fuch an awful scene will never come. Some fondly dream the judgment day is past; But such will doubtless find their great mistake ; Since reason shows that crimes committed here Will be on earth try'd, judg'd, condemn'd, destroy'd, And all that ever dwelt on earth shall view The great affize, and shall the judge behold, Shall hear the fentence from his glorious mouth. Shall fee the punishments and the rewards, And shall themselves receive as they have done.

This awful scene can never be sulfill'd

Till all the human race have liv'd and dy'd:

Or have been chang'd, and all the dead are rais'd.

None shall be absent on that awful day;

All shall behold it, each himself shall hear

The Judge's voice, and see him on his throne.

This cannot be a partial private thing,

Hid from the observation of mankind,

Conducted in the world of spirits, far

Remote from earth, and to the human race

Unknown, as many in these days pretend.

But O, my God, preserve my seeble mind

In constant stedsaltness amidst these storms!

Book X.] THE END OF THE MILLENIUM. 293.

O let me never from thy word depart, To hear the inconsistent dreams of men I Behold the throne is plac'd, there fits the Judge, In glory and in majesty array'd: His garments white as fnow, his hair like wool; 445 His throne like flame, his wheels like burning fire; Before him issues forth a fi'ry stream, Millions of angels minister to him, An hundred millions stand around his throne. How folemn, grand, and awful is the scene! This is the Son of Man who was accus'd, 451 Judg'd, and condemn'd at guilty Pilate's bar, Whom, Herod and his guilty men of war array'd. In gorgeous robes, and treated him with fcorn. Now they in turn must stand before his bar. This is the man who hung upon a cross, Was mock'd, and ridicul'd in all his pangs; Behold him now! and fee the wond'rous change! Now in his proper glory he appears, And in his Father's radiant beauty shines; While all the holy angels him attend, And thus increase the terrors of the day.

All things prepar'd, behold the judgment fee! The human race are call'd by trumpet's found.

Behold from north, and fouth, and east, and west,
They slow in multitudes to hear their doom.

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Near to the Judge's throne, his saints are plac'd
On rows of shining seats; now men behold
What honor Jesus gives to all his friends,
Who lov'd and suffer'd for his name on earth.

Those sit as Judges with their glorious head.
On them no condemnation can lay hold:
Their sins are blotted out, and all forgot;
Are cast behind his back, who wash'd their souls
In his own blood, and cleans'd their soulest stains.

But now behold the earth and fea refign Their dead, which long as pris'ners they have held; Both death and hell give up their num'rous dead, Now to be judg'd according to their works. Behold the mighty books are open'd wide, The book of God's remembrance; now 'tis feen That all the deeds, and words, and thoughts of heart, Are known to Jefus, Judge of all the earth. The book of conscience shall be open'd there: That doom's-day book, where now th' informer sty-Is noting down the conduct of mankind; Against that awful day, then to reveal-The thousand deeds of darkness here conceal'd. Alas! what guilty heart can then endure, To hear those accusations just and strong, Which conscience on the trial will produce? Then fhall the Law of God, that holy book, Be open'd and reveal'd before the world, And all transgressions in their full extent-And fust defert, appear to ev'ry mind: Shall not the Judge of all the earth do right? Most certainly his judgment shall be just. Man's memory shall then so persect be, That all his evil deeds shall stand in view, And ev'ry criminal before the bar,



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Shall with one perfect glance his fins survey.

O what astonishment shall seize their hearts!

What guilty fear and dread shall fill their souls,

When the great Judge their doings shall reprove,

And set their fins in order in their sight,

Enoch the fev'nth from Adam prophefy'd, Behold the Lord, the Judge of all, shall come; With him shall come ten thousands of his faints: To execute his judgment upon all; And all ungodly ones shall he convince, 510 Of their unrighteous and ungodly deeds, Which they ungodly did against his laws; And will-convice them of their speeches hard, Which they have murmur'd out against his name. How can their hearts endure, or hands be strong, 515 In that great day when God shall deal with them ! How will they answer for their lawless deeds, When God shall lay his judgment to the line. And to the plummet, truth and righteousness? Then refuges of falsehood and of lies, 520. Shall all be swept away, and quite destroy'd. I heir covenant with death shall be no more, And their agreement which they made with hell; hall be abolish'd. all their hopes are gone. Dhear the words of terror which shall reach Their inmost fouls, and fill their-hearts with pain.

To ev'ry wicked one the Judge will fay, What doest thou my statutes to declare, Or take my covenant into thy mouth?

Because instruction thou hast hated long.

530

And cast my words and laws behind thy back. When thou beheld a thief, thou dist consent To all his evil deeds, and didft partake With foul adulterers their loathsome crimes. Thy mouth to evil thou didft wholly give. 53 Deceit and lies were framed by thy tongue. Against thy brother thou didst fit and speak. And thy own mother's fon hast slander'd oft, These things thou didst, and while I silence kept. Thou thought'st me altogether like thyself. But now I will reprove thee for thy fins, And them in order fet before thine eyes. Who from my hands can now deliver you? Or who will intercede for finners bold? Because I call'd long, and ye refus'd, -54 I stretched out my hand, and none beheld :-But ye have fet my counfels all at nought, And my reproofs most solemn ye despis'd : New will I laugh at your calamity, And treat with just contempt your present fear. 54 Your fear, as defolation, now makes hafte, And as a whirlwind your destruction comes; Diffress and anguish now your souls shall feel. Remember how I call'd, and you refus'd, Now you shall call on me in your distress, ... 551 But I will do to you as you have done, And will not answer nor regard your cries ; And though you may begin to feek my aid, You shall not find me, for I will return. Back to my place, and leave you here to wait.

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For that you hated knowledge, hated light, 561
And did not choose Jehovah's facred fear;
My counsels of eternal life refus'd;
And my reproofs, intended for your good,
Treated with rude contempt, and long despis'd: 565
Therefore of your own fruit you must partake.
And with your own devices now be fill'd.
Your turning from the ways of my commands
Will prove your ruin, O ye foolish ones!
How did you glory in prosperity, 570
Which brings you down to dire destruction now!

Alas! thefe cutting words who can endure? But such will be their fate who now reject The glorious Gospel of the blessed God, And trample under foot his darling Son; 575 They shall be then rejected from his fight, Aud punish'd from the glory of his pow'r. But now another open'd book appears, Which is the book of life, wherein are wrote The names of fuch among the new-rais'd dead 580 As have submitted truly to the Lord; These are divided from the num'rous throng Of those who stubborn rebels still remain. I hefe, though thy were not worthy to have part In the first resurrection of the just, And were not kings and priests to God and Christ, And did not reign with him a thousand years, And do not with the Judge in judgment fit; Yet having been to due submission brought, By various methods which the Lord bath us'd, 590

Them to reclaim; they shall be fav'd at last, And not be doom'd to suffer in the lake Of fire and brimstone, and the second death In all its pains and horrors to sustain.

The boundless mercy of our God in Christ g Shall be extended to this num'rous throng, Compos'd of nations, kindreds, peoples, tongues, Perhaps the bulk of all the heathen world, Who dy'd in darkness, nor had greatly sinn'd Against the little, feeble light they faw; бı And probably the fmall among the dead, Who dy'd in childhood, and in tender youth, (Except those noted by their early vice) Shall be admitted then among the fav'd. For fo amazing is God's boundless love And tenderness towards the human race, That none shall drink this dreadful cup of woe, And feel the torments of the lake of fire. Whem any gentler methods could reclaim. But still the holiness of God is such, That nothing false, unholy, or unclean, Imperfect or impure, can dwell with him : He therefore tries a vast variety Of ways and means, all fuited to the case Of all his fallen creatures, whom he wills To raise some depths of sin, and to restore. So when you read of torments, fire, and pain, Brimstone and fire, the lot of wicked men, Who shall with devils suffer punishment. ' Confider this most dreadful fi'ry doom

ook X.] THE END OF THE MILLENSON.

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just, and only shall inflicted be hen lighter punishments have prov'd in vain, ald rebels to subdue, reclaim, restore. od never acts without a grand design all his works, and in his judgments too. Those who are found in this great trying day aroll'd among the living in the book, tall be deliver'd from the fecond death, and from thenceforward join'd with all the faints. li others shall the dreadful sentence hear, Which, O what heart of stone can e'er endure?) epart from me, ye cursed, into fire, Thich to the age unquenchably shall burn; or Satan and his angels first prepar'd, ppointed and ordain'd, but now for you, 635 s you have join'd them in rebellion bold, o must you share with them in punishment: he living worm, the fire unquenchable, fust to the ages be your dreadful doom. Oh, how intol'rable is fuch a lot! 640 et not my foul be join'd with wicked men! let this sentence stand before mine eyes, and in mine ears its awful periods ring Vhenever I am tempted to transgress. low often have I thought my troubles great? 'oo much for mortal flesh and blood to bear : low has my spirit fainted when oppress'd Fith many forrows, and afflictions dire! Vhich only God's almighty pow'r can eafe, .nd which without his kind affiftance giv'n, 605

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I scarce could bear one moment, or support,
And keep my soul from sinking in despair!
But while this dreadful scene is kept in view,
Our greatest troubles vanish from our sight.
Alas! what is the loss of health, and strength? 655
The want of wealth, and life's conveniences?
What is the loss of character, and fame?
And what the bitter woundings of the tongue,
That sharpest sword, though heated with hell sire,
And all the woes that so embitter life.
Compar'd with but one moment of their pain,
Who shall endure the torments of the lake
Of fire and brimstone, or the second death!

Yea what are all the pains and tortures borne

By martyrs, criminals, or wretched flaves, 665

Fires, racks, whips, chains, and deaths of ev'ry fort,
That ever men have felt, or did inflict,

Compar'd to what those wretches must endure

Who to the burning lake shall be condemn'd?

Well then our blessed Saviour did forewarn 670

His servants, not to sear what men could do,
Who but at most the body can destroy.

But he forewarns us him alone to fear,
Whose pow'r extends beyond the present life

And soul and body into hell can cast. 675

Oh, how should fin by men avoided be,
Which doth expose them to such dreadful woes!
Since thus the terrors of the Lord we know,
Let us attempt our brethren to persuade
To shun the ways of sin, that lead to death: 680



Book X.] THE END OF THE MILLENIUM. 301

And let us carefully the fame avoid.

O Lord our God, to whom shall we address Our fervent pray'rs, but unto thee alone, Who for our fins most justly art displeas'd? O thou most holy, and most mighty God, 685 O Savior holy, and most merciful, In to the second death's most bitter pains Deliver not thy fervants, dearest Lord ! Thou knowest, Lord, the secrets of our hearts, Shut not thine ears of mercy to our pray'rs; But spare us, Lord most holy, God of might; O Savior holy, merciful and kind, Most worthy Judge eternal, do not leave Our fouls through any fnares to fall from thee ! Nor let us ever feel those horrid woes, 695 Of which the bare description chills our blood, And makes the hair upon our flesh stand up.

My Savior, never let me hear thy voice
Command me to depart from thee, my Lord;
Thy frown, O righteous Judge, I cannot bear!
Thou art my life, from thee where can I go?
I trust in thee, O cast me not away.
Keep me from sinning, then I fear not hell:
And while I contemplate the sinner's doom,
May I remember sin hath caus'd the whole.
705
And may these lines of terror wholesome prove
To wake the souls of men, who sleep secure,
Forgetful of the dreadful judgment day,
And of that awful sentence which shall pass
On the rebellious; and the stery lake,

Where their just punishment they shall receive. Of which I will attempt in brief to write.

The awful fentence being now pronounc'd Upon the wicked and ungodly race,
The fentence just, from whence lies no appeal: 715
The dreadful execution foon begins.
But who among the feeble fons of men
Can bear the prospect, or the scene describe?
Can my faint heart attempt it! can my tongue
Or pen attempt its terrors to display?
The glorious Judge arises from his feat,
And re-ascends to Heav'n with all his train,

And leaves the criminals to feel their doom.

The fiery torrent now begins to fall
Upon their guilty heads with awful force,
And not the least protection can they find.

Where can they fly to hide? Their hopes are gone,
And terminated all in keen despair.

Alas! how terrible shall be that day

When all the atmosphere shall be on fire!

Alas! how terrible shall be that day
When all the atmosphere shall be on fire!
The elements shall melt with fervent heat,
I he earth with all therein shall be dissolv'd.
When the great ocean shall be all on slame,
And, in the language of the facred text,
The streams of water shall be turn'd to pitch,
And all the dust to sulphur shall be chang'd.

Through all the tracts of land upon the globe,
And all the deeps which waters did contain,
There's nothing shall be seen, nor ought discern'd,
But one prodigious si'ry ruin vast.
740

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303

Behold the burning cataracts of fire Gush from the mountains tops, and overspread In fiery torrents all the fertile plains: Down fink the mountains in the horrid gulph, And in one common ruin mix and melt. 745 The fev'ral burning mountains of the earth Are awful specimens of that great day, And stand as warnings to a careless world. How dreadful Ætna and Vesuvius seem In their eruptions, when the liquid fire 750 Bursts from the crater, and in torrents slows, And overwhelms, and buries cities deep! And burning rocks, hurl'd from the flaming pit, With noise and force tremendous fly aloft, To distances almost incredible; And then returning, fall with thund'ring found. A frightful spectacle to all who dwell Near to the dreadful place: their hearts are faint, They trembling fly, and leave their houses fair To fall a prey to the devouring flames, 760 But O, when all the mountains of the earth Shall far outflame Vefuvius, and shall roar Louder than raging Ætna in its throes, Before its flaming torrents are difgorg'd; Where shall the guilty fly for refuge then? 765 No part is free from the devouring fire, The stately cities fall a sacrifice. L ondon and Paris, Lisbon, and Madrid, Vienna, Amsterdam, and Petersburgh, Berlin and Stockholm, Copenhagen, Prague,

Constantinople, Bergen, Bazil, Hague,

Breflau and Bruffels, Dreffen, Edingburgh,	
Florence, Genoa, Moscow, Naples, Rome,	
Dublin and Venice, Turin, Koningsburg,	
Palermo, Prefburg, Parma, Mantua,	775
These capitals of Europe and her states,	7 7,4
Or leffer provinces, are now no more.	
Pekin and Canton, Chinese cities, share	•
With all the famous cities of the east,	
In this dire conflagration of the world.	780
But most of all Jerusalem I mourn,	•
That famous city, chief of all the earth,	
Which falls a prey in this fo gen'ral doom,	
Together with the temple of the Lord;	
But all the bleft inhabitants are gone	785
Up to Jerusalem, which is above,	
That city which can never be destroy'd,	
Built by the great Jehovah for his seat.	
There all the happy shall together dwell	
In perfect pleafure, and divine delight,	790
So that no real loss can be sustain'd	
By those who leave this lower world on fire:	
Nor will they feel the shadow of regret	:
At this dire conflagration of the world.	
Not fo the wicked who are left below,	79 0
To bear the horrors of this dreadful storm.	
Such terrors will upon their spirits seize	
As cannot be describ'd by tongues of men,	
Nor even yet conceiv'd by human hearts.	-
Let all the real terrors or the feign'd,	8ce
And all the torments, pains, or miseries,	
That ever were experienc'd by mankind,	• •

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Be put together, yet the burning globe Will be a fource of greater pains and woes To all its wretched lost inhabitants. 80 ç Join all the tempests, fires, and storms, and plagues, Thund'rings and lightnings, earthquakes, whirlwinds Eruptions of volcanoes, vapours, figns, That ever have been feen, or felt, or fear'd, Since man was first created, to that day, 810 The world on fire would more than equal all. Confider ye that laugh at punishment, And treat it with contempt if limited, How would ye bare this dreadful scene of woe One fingle day, or even for an hour? 815 Combine the pain of hunger, sharpest thirst, The keenest sense of shame and deep disgrace, The pungent tortures of a guilty mind, A wounded spirit, fill'd with black despair, A strong remembrance of transgressions past, 82¢ A feeling fense of God's resentment just, The unmix'd vials of Almighty wrath; And all the frightful terrors of the mind; And add to these the real pains of fire. Suppose a man in foul and body form'd 825 In fuch a manner as to feel the whole, Without the least abatement all at once; Think what his pain and mifery must be? This is the real state of those who fall Under the dreadful sentence of the Lord. 830 And shall be left to feel the burning lake, With all its horrors and tremenduous pains. Their bodies shall be form'd more capable B b 2

Of feeling pain than in this mortal state, And yet endure these torments manifold. 385 For many ages ere they see an end; Nor for one moment rest or ease enjoy. Their fouls shall be with sharp reflections fill'd. Enough to form in ev'ry breast a hell Of woe unutterable. Who can bear 840 These dreadful tortures for one moment's space? Much less for ages? Think before ye leap, Ye bold and daring finness, think, O think ! Present this wholesome fight before your minds, And let me ask you, Will you madly rush 48°C Into these burning flames for present toys, And vain delights, the trifles of an hour? Would fenfual pleasures for an hundred years, Repay you for one moment of this woe? Remember this is not an idle dream, A fiction of my brain, but scripture truth, The threat'nings of the God who cannot lie ;. And what each stubborn foe must furely feel. Therefore furvey your punishment severe, Before the awful execution comes. Consider all the threat'nings of the Lord, And all those hateful and forbidden crimes For which fuch punishments shall be prepar'd; Think not God's righteous judgment to escape, If still such things you practise ? oh, repent ! Nor dare to venture torments such as these. And if you can receive a friend's advice, Laugh not I pray you at the lake of fire, As though it was a thing impossible,

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God (who once a world of wicked drown'd ı water, unexpectedly to all, 866 igh long they had been warn'd;) at last to turn globe of earth and water to that lake. leave the wicked there to fuffer long. not ignorant of what has been ! 870 once the world was wholly overflow'd, all th' unrighteous perish'd by the flood: now the earth and Heav'ns are kept in store, rv'd to fire against that awful day, day of judgment, when ungodly ones 875 there be doom'd to fuffer loss and pain. iere, but imagination fure must fail aint the millionth part of all their woes; must endure the punishments ordain'd, just rewards of lives employ'd in fin; 880 God shall see it proper to release, free them by his mercy from their griefs, them restore unto himself again :: ging them wholly by his pow'rful grace, less their habitation than themselves. 885 hese most grand and noble works of God, not fail to fing with gladfome heart, r Creator will prolong my life, give his kind affistance to a worm, ble child of man, who fain would praife ioly name for all his wonders wrought, all that he hath promis'd to perform; ch here by faith my foul anticipates..

END OF THE TENTH BOOK. .

BOOK XI.

The New Creation; or, The Renovation of the Heaven and Earth after the Conflagration.

WHAT shall I render to my gracious God, For all his loving kindnesses to me? And that he ever led my feeble mind, To view his vast unbounded plan of grace, And his intention to restore at last All who have fallen from their first estate. What though on this account I lost my friends, And all my Christian brethren turn'd their backs, And cast my name as evil out to men, And would have glory'd to behold my fall, 10 To see me cover'd with the deepest shame? Yet all that I have parted with for this Is nothing to the glorious treasure gain'd. The joy and satisfaction that I feel In this great truth, that God himself is Love, 15 Is more than pays me for whate'er I lost For being faithful to the light receiv'd. For could my former friends and brethren know The folid pleasure which my foul has found In this most glorious scheme of love divine. 20 They would not wonder why I still remain As firmly now attach'd as at the first. My heart is still as warm, my tongue prepar'd As much as ever, to proclaim God's love, His universal love to all mankind.



THE NEW CREATION.

k XII.]

effed be his name, that he hath led thoughts to sketch this comprehensive plan, thus far hath supported me to trace Process and his Empire hitherto. far the grandest part remains to sing : 30 new creation, and the scenes of blis ich shall attend and follow that event , oh, my God, my raptur'd foul inspire, fing of this in strains of lofti'll found. ehold the wonders which demand our fong! 35 Lord returns, and looks upon the globe, t'ring in fire, with its inhabitants : comes in mercy to create anew at fin had ruin'd, and destruction seiz'd. when at first the chaos he beheld, ruins of the feat of Lucifer.

faw it shapeles, rude, without a form, apos'd of jarring elements; but he his own word, both light and order brought: uty, variety: and harmony, place of wild disorder occupy'd. In this last creation of the earth, which he will restore it to a state

most complete and glorious possible, more to be forsaken or destroy'd; will come forth in his almighty love, d speak the word, and nature shall obey, I suddenly, before the wond'ring eyes

50

55

all his faints, see the new world appears! : floods of liquid fire at once subfide,

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And form a folid pavement, clear as glass, More beautiful than Paradise at first.

In this new earth no sea at all exists,

For none is needed, as this globe renew'd,

Is quite for other purposes design'd

Than in its first, or any after state.

How chang'd the globe! and how the atmosphe. Is purify'd, from noxious vapours free! The earth is now created to exist. For ever in eternal permanence,

An habitation sitted for the seat. Of all its old inhabitants, restor'd. To righteousness, and spotless inno cerce;

And sitted thus for endless happiness. Of this amazing work the prophet speaks. In language lofty, rapt'rous, and divine.

Behold, fays God, new heav'ns and earth I mak
So far superior to those I form'd
In the beginning, ere I formed man,
That those shall be remembered no more,
Nor come to mind as worthy of a thought.
But let my faints and holy ones rejoice,
Be glad forevermore in what I make,
Which never shall decay, nor change its form,
Nor lose its glory, nor be ever marr'd.
The earth and heav'ns, which I create anew,
Shall evermore continue in my sight,
The seat of joy and happiness unchang'd.
The fashion of that world shall never pass,
But in its pristine glory shall abide.



look XI.] THE NEW CREATION.

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O what a heart-refreshing view is this. o fee a world in full perfection rife, Phœnix from the ashes of the first! This great discovery will reconcile Dur minds unto the barning of the world, 90 Thich otherwise appears a gloomy scene. This charming prospect made th' apostle glad. When he by faith beheld the earth diffoly'd. "he heav'ns on fire, the world itself consum'd. all the things therein contain'd burnt up: 95 ut yet in pleafing chearful words he adds, Tevertheless, according to his word, Lis gracious promise, we with joy expect Tew heav'ns and earth, created by his pow'r, There righteousness, and righteous ones shall dwell. hough finners once, yet they to righteoufness 101 hall be reftor'd, and wholly freed from fin, hall always then obey God's righteous laws. Behold, fays John, I faw new heav'n and earth, 'he former heav'n and earth were pass'd away, 105 and io, the ocean now no more appear'd! What bleffed animating thoughts are thefe! he earth itself shall be at last restor'd, After the fire its substance hath dissolv'd,) and will appear more beautiful by far ΙΙO L'han ever Eden's Paradife was feen : and as the earth itself shall thus be chang'd, To doubt all men shall in its glory share.

But lo! behold what wonders strike mine eyes!

Astonishing! surpassing miracle!

Behold the New Jerusalem descends, The New Jerusalem, which is above, That ciry glorious, built by God himfelf; Behold it cometh down from out of Heav'n, Descending to the new-created earth, 1 20 For the accomplishment of purposes Most grand and glorious, worthy of a God. This is by far the most amazing fight That ever was by eyes of man beheld. Hark, hear the voice of God aloud proclaims, Behold, God's tabernacle is with men, And he will dwell with them upon the earth, And they shall be his people, He their God. O most amazing change! the God of those Whom he had long rejected and cast off. 131 Behold, he comes to ranfom and restore I hose who have suffer'd in the lake of fire. And God shall wipe all tears away from them, And forrow, crying, pain, and death shall cease? For all the former things are pass'd away, 13 The reign of fin and mifery is past. The Lord, our Savior, seated on his throne, Proclaims, behold, I fashion all things new? These are God's sayings, faithful, true, and just: Behold, the heav'nly city stands on earth? Fill'd with the faints and faithful of all times. Who long immortal glories have possess'd, And long have dwelt in New Jerusalem. Not for their fakes this city does come down, (For they dwelt there while it remain'd in Heav's)



Book XI.] THE NEW CREATION.

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But that falvation might to all men come, To all without exception who were lost.

O how amazing is the love of God, Who first did fend his darling Son to die, To lay a fure foundation for our hope, 150 Gave him to fuffer, die, and rife again, And reascend to Heav'n, from thence return To reign on earth before his mighty ones, And at the close to raise and judge the world! In all these num'rous methods his design 155 Is still the same; to save the human race. And more and more he ranfoms ev'ry time, That his great love another method tries. But this his last and grandest effort gains The whole without exception, none are left. 160 All now shall be recover'd, all restor'd, And not one creature finally remain To mourn and wail in endless black despair. T' accomplish this most grand and glorious work, God and the Lamb in glory now descend. With all the faints who in this city dwell: The holy city, their most blest abode, Gently descending, brings them from above. Here to remain till the great closing scene; Which now my muse linstes quickly to describe.

Now let us take a foul-delighting view,
Of this amazing city, rich and large,
As far excelling all that eyes have feen
As Heav'n can be superior to the earth.
For that which God hath built, by his own pow'r,

Must far exceed the noblest works of men. Besides this city is no common work, But built by God a palace for hunseis, And far superior to the starry sky.

Behold the city, and its wonders view ! 1 20 The glory of Jehovah there appears; Her light to stones most precious is compar'd, 'Tis like a jasper itone, as chrystal clear. Its wall is great and high, and none can fcale, Or gain admission there but by the gates. Its gates in number twelve, by angels kept, Admit of none but whom the Lord approves, Who keep his laws, and his commands obey. On these twelve gates the names of Israel's tribes Stand written, as the representatives Of Abraham's feed who there admittance gain. On ev'ry side three pearly gates appear, Towards the east and north, and fouth and west. The city wall hath twelve foundations strong, And in them are the worthy precious names 105 Of all the twelve apostles of the Lamb.

This glorious city is a perfect cube,
Length, breadth, and height, are equal and exact.
Ch, fee how vastly large! and glorious bright,
And wonderful beyond description far!
One thousand and five hundred miles in length;
In breadth and height the same; it lieth square:
And might with ease contain upon its ground,
Vast numbers more than ever have been born.
The wall is thick proportion'd to its height,



Book XI.] THE NEW CREATION.

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Rais'd by the great almighty architect, ; Created by his pow'r for his own use: Keep this in mind, or you can ne'er believe That fuch a city really exists, So grand, so glorious, and magnificent, 214 But will explain it all away to mean Some fancy'd state, as many more have done. Its grandeur and magnificence are fuch As far surpass description: built by God. As the chief effort of creating pow'r, 215 Worthy to be the chief and capital Of earth and heav'n renew'd; the blest abode Of all the faints and holy angels bright: The place of grand refort, where all shall come To fee, adore, and reverence their King. 220 The facred city with fuch splendor shines, As might in glory equalize the fun. Its walls are form'd of jasper, precious stones! Ten thousand worlds like ours could not produce Materials enough to build these walls, 225 But nothing is impossible with God; This always shall my fav'rite maxim be, This answers, all which difficult would seem.

The heav'nly pavement is of pureft gold.

Which yet appears like clearest chrystal glass, 230

Its walls are garnish'd with most precious stones

Of ev'ry kind, as herein shall be nam'd.

Jasper, of which the mighty wall is built,

The first foundation forms, and garnishes.

Sapphire the second; chalcedony third; 235

The fourth an emerald; fifth fardonyx; Sardius the fixth; the feventh chrysolite: Beryl the eighth; a topaz is the ninth: The tenth a chrysoprasus; the eleventh, A judinth; and the twelfth an amethyst.

The gates, in number twelve, are folid pearls, Each gate is of a fingle pearl compos'd. Scarce all the pearls on earth in one combin'd Could form materials for one fingle gate. But God who form'd our little pearls on earth, Made by his pow'r in Heav'n those spacious gates. Each of a sev'ral pearl: Let none dispute What God can do, nor yet his word deny. The streets appear like pure transparent gold. Such is its grandeur and magnificence, 250 That nothing imitating it on earth Was ever seen, nor will be till that time When this great city shall descend from Heav'n, To be the tabernable of our God, In which he shall reside on the new earth. 253 No temple in the facred city's feen, The Lord Almighty, and the Holy Lamb, Therein reside, and there shall be ador'd; Seen and belov'd, and worshipped by all. This city cannot need the fun nor moon, 200 Because itself doth shine with purest light. God's glory doth enlighten it, his beams Of light and love with brightness fill the place. The Lamb of God, in whom the Father shines. Who is the brightness of his glory, seen,



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The image of his person, full, express,
Is also call'd the Holy City's Light.
The saved nations of the earth restor'd,
Shall walk within its shining sacred sphere.
Their kings and rulers shall their glories bring, 27 e
Their highest honors to the sov'reign Lord;
Their loudest praise within the sacred walls
They utter to the glory of his name.

The city gates shall not be shut by day. And day is always, for no night is there. 275 All nations shall their glor, thither bring, And worship their Redeemer and their God, With deepest rev'rence, and divine delight. Nothing impure can ever enter there, There no defilement ever can have place, 280 Nor what would foul abomination work, Nor that which frameth, or that loves a lie; But fuch whose names are in his book enroll'd, Who is the Lamb of God, who dy'd for all, And tasted death for all the human race, 285 And was the great propitiation made, For all our fins, and the fe of all the world: And will in his due feafon all restore, According to the purperfes of God, The myst'ry of his will to us made known: 299 That in the dispensation of the times He will in Christ again all things re-head, Both which belong to Heav'n and to the earth. He by his blood upon the Crofs made peace, And God by him all things will reconcile, 295

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Reduce to order, and again reftore, Whether their native place was earth, or Heav'n. And to fulfil a work fo great and good, The Lord removes his court from Heav'n to earth:

Although in earth renew'd no fea is found, Yet there's no want of water, for behold A glorious river from the throne proceeds. Which flows with living water, pure indeed, As clear as chrystal; wat'ring all the globe; Exceeding much fair Eden's garden, where 305 The Great Jehovali our first parents plac'd. In this most glorious city grows the tree Of heav'nly life, which bears twelve kinds of fruit. Which cv'ry month new fruit produces, fair, And pleafant to the eye, and to the mouth 310 Conveys the highest pleasure and delight. The fruit produces everlasting life, And death can never enter where it grows; For those who eat thereof can never die. Its leaves are for the healing of mankind, 315 And all the nations shall at length be heal'd, And evermore remain from torment free, From pain and fickness, forrow, grief, and death. The curse is now eternally remov'd,

Henceforth it shall be taken clean away,
And never to eternity return.
The throne of God shall be upon the earth,
Within the holy city's facred walls;
There shall the Lamb array'd in glory sit,
And there God's fervants shall his face behold, 325

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	Book XI.]' THE NEW CREATION.	319
<u>-</u>	His name upon their foreheads shall be seen.	
•	No gloomy nights nor darkness shall be there,	
_	They need no candles, nor the lamps of Heav'n	ı,
٠.	Nor yet the beams of the refulgent sun;	329
•	Because the Lord shall give them heav'nly light	5 .
	Their God shall be their glory ever more:	
	Ages of ages they with him shall reign,	
	Till all intelligences are fubdu'd,	
	And reconcil'd to God, and quite reclaim'd,	
	Behold, the final state of this our earth,	335
	This the perfection towards which it tends?	
	A state superior far to all before,	
	And which with greatest pleasure I can fing;	
	Because this day shall never end in night,	
	Nor this most joyful state succeeded be	340
	By foul rebellion, judgment, woe, or pain,	
	Disorder, misery, despair, or death.	
	This glorious state is worthy to be sung	
•	In highest strains. But ah, my muse how wea	k!
	So joyful are the scenes that stand in fight,	3-15
-	That nevermore can altar for the worfe,	
	They make us to forget the troubles past,	
	And cause us to remember them no more.	
•	Though fin and evil long o'er man have reign'	d,
	Yet grace hath more abounded towards all.	350
•	The Savior now hath conquer'd all his foes,	
•	And is prepar'd his kingdom to refign	
-	To God the Father, who the kingdom gave	
:	To Christ, that he might conquer and subduc,	
	And then restore, re-head, and reconcile	355

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All those who once did go astray through sin. This to accamplish is the grand defign For which the holy city comes to earth, And this shall be fuisii'd, until at last There shall not be one foe to Jesus left. 360 In all the wide extended universe: And this my fong towards its period brings. But ere I close the scene, I will attempt To fing the world restor'd, as perfectly As I have fung it loft, and doom'd to fire. 365 The world I fing is nature quite restor'd To its most glorious, perfect, high estate, Surpassing the Millenium far away, For that could but endure a thousand years : But the new world restor'd, shall still remain Before Jehovah, ages without end. In the Millenium fin and death might come. Which in the new creation cannot be. God will preferve his creatures evermore. From cv'rv hurtful thing of ev'ry kind. 375 Iu this concluding scene 'tis perfect day, That day has dawn'd which never more shall close. Mor ever be succeeded by a night. The highest pleasure waits upon my fong, And now the joy is perfect, pure, unmix'd, 28e -With greatest pleasure I can fing this state. This is a scene that never can grow dull, Here's ev'ry thing to please and charm the mind : A new created world, more beautiful Than Paradile with all its gayest charms.



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A world entirely full of righteousness, . Of righteous people cleans'd from all their fins, A world in which no violence is found, No crimes committed, and no dangers fear'd. The Great Creator now is known by all, Fear'd, lov'd, ador'd, obey'd, by ev'ry one. There's no exception now, all join to praife, Worship and reverence their Lord and King.

To Jefus now the whole creation bows, All creatures yield obedience to his name. And thus his kingdom's come, his will is done Ly all on earth, as well as all in Heav'n, Freely, entirely, and perpetually, The world no longer dreads its Maker's laws, Nor fuffers for its crimes, as heretofore. Oh what a lovely, charming scene is this? What raptures itrike my mind, and fill my thoughts, Oh that I could express the joy I feel! And make my gentle readers fympathize? No words can utter this extatic blifs. To see the great redemption now compleat, And all the creatures that were gone aftray Brought Back to God, for ever to abide. No more their kind Creator to offend. Nor ever more his just displeasure feel. The whole creation is deliver'd now From fin, and all its confequences dire. The bondage of corruption, pain, and death. This mighty wonder plainly was foretold, And though for many ages difbeliev'd,

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Yet now we see the facred promises

Of God, Jehovah were not made in vain.

A thousand bright and very glorious scenes Must have their place in this most grand design, In which I have the outlines briefly trac'd, For every foul that shall restered be, Shall bring fresh joy to all the ransom'd throng. And if such joy is over one that turns From fin to righteousness, what must there be, When all that ever did or shall exist Shall be reclaim'd, and humbled, and reftor'd! But in particular, if I should write Of all the wond'rous dealings of my Lord Made known towards his creatures, time would fail; And if I should attempt to sum them up, They would be found in number like the fands. But one amazing scene above the rest Deferves especially attention here, And may be reckon'd as a specimen Of the fubduing and restoring pow'r 435 Of Christ our Lord, which he doth exercise Upon his stubborn foes, who all must yield. And pay their willing homage to his name. This is the humbling of proud Lucifer, Who last of all the tyrants shall submit. 440 He shall be brought the lowest to the ground, His tow'ring pride shall fall, and he become The humbleft penitent that ever bow'd Before the footfool of our balk d Lord. This is a moving, interesting scene,



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And therefore here I'll spend a little time. This most important triumph of our King, I'll fing as though it was already pait; Although 'ris many ages yet to come. 449 Long had the Prince of Lankness been condemn'd. And long had welter'd in the burning lake, And long endur'd tuch agonizing pains As cannot be conceiv'd by human hearts. I pass those dreadful periods, draw a veil Over those scenes too horrid to disclose. 455 The rage and blasphemy, and fell despair, In which he hath continu'd ages long, I shall not mention here, but pass to speak Of his humiliation and return. When he had pafe'd fev'n periods in the fire, (As the proud King of Babylon reduc'd, Brought down to the condition of a brute) . And long had dwelt in mournful folitude, For all his subjects long had been redeem'd; At length his rage and blasphemies subside; 465 His heart, more hard than nether millstone, seems At last to melt, and soften; he begins Now to reflect, and wishes to repent. How alter'd much is his dejected tone! In melancholy language thus he mourns! 470 Ah me, how low, how mis'rably depress'd

An I, who once did fit above the stars,
And was the chief of my Creator's ways!
But pride, self-love, and vanity transform'd
The angel to a devil, as I am:

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Made me an enemy and traitor vile To my Creator good, who plac'd me high, That I might glorify his name the more, And be a brighter image of his Son, Against whom I rebell'd, and wag'd a war, 484 Refusing him to own as sov'reign Lord, According to Jehovah's high command, That all the angels should him worship pay. But my pride prompted me, and envy rose Within my breast, against the Heir of Heav'n, From whence I was ejected, and cast down-To Tartarus, with all my rebel hofts, Whom I, Alas, feduc'd to rebel. Such was my rage against the Prince of Light. I left no stone unturn'd, but sought revenge. Though at my peril, still I cared not How much I did offend his majesty, Whom I determin'd never more to own. Nor to submit to ask him to forgive. Thinking and faying, 'Twas impossible 45 I hat I could ask, or he his grace bestow, I thought I would maintain eternal war Againd Heavin's Sov'reign; and I fought and four The way to ruin and dethroy mankind. Put though I gain'd faccefs, I fcon could fee, That Cod could check, and spoil my bold designs, Though I perpetually made war with Heav'n, Ind gain'd dominion over all the world, Yet I could find no peace and rest within, But carry'd hell within my troubled breaft;

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But though I fo prevailed in my attempt, That many millions I deftroy'd from Larth, And the 4 their blood like water on the ground. I haver could my purposts effect, W . iv to roi the Redeemer's cause; 540 But : orwithit anding all that I could do. It still existed, and fo natimes prevail d. And though that maxim adopted quite, Divide and uie, and often boatted loud Of great success, yet I was mortify'd 545 To fee the Christian cause did still furvive. At last in pow'r and glery Jusus came To reign on earth, and me did apprelland, Bound me with chains, me into prison cast, Confin'd me in the dreary, dark abyfs, 550 And faut me up in close imprisonment, And there I pass'd a thousand painful years. Then was I leos'd again, but still as proud, As much a robel then as ere before, I fought to rage the more, and countervail 555 The damages that I had long fustain'd. I found myfelf at liberty to tempt, And to decolve manking; and fuch furcels Attended this most hourd enterprize, That harden'd me in my refellion more 560 Than ever I had been until that day. I flaw an army go her'd at my heels, Vehich firm'd as numbout as the ocean's fands That bound the feas, and lie upon the fnores.

But oh, how fhort my triumph ! from I faw

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My num'rous host devour'd by fire from Heav'n!
As justly was their doom; what then was mine,
Who had deceiv'd them so? I soon was seiz'd
And thrown at once into the burning lake.
'T was then that all my hopes of vict'ry fail'd, 570
I then myself abandon'a to despair,
And never since expected to prevail;
I saw that no created arm could be
A match for him whom I had long despis'd.

But though no more I hop'd to win the day, 575 Long was my heart as hard as northern fleel, Hard as the millflone, like the adamant; And still determin'd never to submit. Or bow the knee to Jefus, or to own? Him as my fov'reign Lord; this I disdain'd: 480 Although I knew that God himfelf had fworn. That ev'ry knee should bow and tongue confess That Jefus Christ was rightful Lord and King; Yet I determin'd always to stand out; And never yield to fuch difgrace and shame. 78x Thousands of years this pain did I endure, Before I once could think of owning him-To be my I ord, whom I had hated thus. And fought to render him implacable. All my companions long ago did yield; 590 And all in dependipection have ador'd Him whom Jeliovah hath anointed King. And I have long remain'd shut up alone. My obstinacy and my pride were great, But he that made me, made his fword approach,

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And pierce my heart; no lorger can I stand In my subcling here, behold I fail, And own mykli fubdu'd by jetu's pow'r: y conquer'r, and I muit refign Myfelf almo his pleafur, and his will. 600 Now as the last I in 'comy willing pray'r, And him a likely, an it imble penitent, Whose once I would have tempted me t' adore. Him I adore, and nomage to him pay; Unworthy I to be his bleffed face! 605 Seed of the woman, if a drop remains Of love or mercy towards one fo vile, Have pity now on him whom thou hast bruis'd! So poor and wretched I do feel myfelf, I cannot lift mine eyes, nor thee behold 610 Without the utmost shame and felf remorfe. I fee what fatal madness push'd me on To fuch an height of bold impiety. As scems impossible to be forgiv'n. But who can bound the love of God, or fay 615 How far his grace and mercy shall extend? Whatever he may choose to do with me, I h artily fubmit, and bow to him. If Jefus will accept me for his flave, To be his lowest waiter is my choice. 62Q. Inever can be humbled half enough To make due fatisfaction for my pride, My four contempt of God and of his Christ, Aust all t e num're us evils I have done. Litter and deep than my contrition be-



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Whether it shall be accepted or not.

And such consession shall my lips pronounce,
If ever I'm admitted to his feet,
As none of the restor'd have ever done:
Because my sins have so exceeded theirs.

And if the Savior can deliver me,
Twill be an instance of such mercy shewn,
As never hath took place since time began.

Thus now the fallen angel humbled, mourn'd, And shew'd the real signs of penitence. 635 So Babel's tyrant king, of madness cur'd, Deliver'd from his pride and cruelty; Lifted his eyes toward th' 'Almighty's throne: Th' appointed time of punishment was past, It had accomplish'd all that was design'd; 640. His understanding then return'd to him, He bleffed the Most High, and prais'd his name, And honor'd him who liveth evermore; Whose grand dominion doth extend o'er all, Whose kingdom endless ages shall endure. Before whose fight proud monarchs are but dust, Kings of the earth, as grashoppers esteem'd. All earth's inhabitants with him compar'd. Reputed are as nothing, and as less, Smaller than dust, lighter than vanity. Oca: He doth according to his for'reign will, In Heav'n's bright army, and among the hosts That dwell upon the globe, all thefe he rules, And none can flay his hand, or dare to alk, What does thou? or, why conduct's thouse? 655;

This mighty change in Lucifer, foon reach'd
The holy city, and great joy it caus'd
Among the blest in abitants who dwell
In prefence of their God, and of the Lamb.
Such a completion of their wishes brought
A large addition to their heav'nly blifs.
Nean while th' eternal Father thus address'd
His darling Son, the image of himself.

Scift they my Son, thine enemy fubdu'd ! At last behold him humbled, fill'd with shame ; 665 He that albell'd against thee, now submits, Now falls before thy face, and fain would ask, In hamble tone, the pardon, but he feels His haut quire broken with the deepett fense Cf his rebuilions, and his evil deeds. 670. This is thy nobleit conquest; now beheld. My greatile promises to thee fulfill'd. This is my cove ant which I confirm'd, That if the foul was made a facrifice. Thou fhould'it with highest pleasure see the fruit Of all thy labor and be fatisfy'd. 676. The gradious purpose of Jehovah God Shall profeer in thy hand, and thy fuccess Shall more than recompence thy bitter pains. I promis'd thee that ev'ry knee should bow, 680 And ev'ry tengue should fivear, and thee confess. Their fev'reign I cid to my eternal praise. I gave thee all things, and did promife thee, The fall flould be fubmissive to the will, That all things under thee I would re-head, 685

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Against thy government and holy laws. Even Lucifer at last submits himself. This great event was in thy word reveal'd. 719 That ev'ry knee should bow, and tongue should sweat, And all thing enemies be reconcil d: But so astonishing was this display Of love and mercy, goodness, grace, and peace, That men for ages durit not this believe; And fuch who lov'd thee still were much in doubt, Whether thy goodness could so far extend, As finally to reach, reclaim, restore, All fallen creatures, all the human race, And all the h. ft of rebel angels too N 1v, those who ventur'd to proclaim thy love 730. Thus boundless and benign, were disesteem'd, Insulted, treated with contempt and scorn. But still the council of eternal peace Which was between us both, stood fast and sures. Thy thoughts and ways as far transcended man's. As highest heavins above the earth were plac'd. Now thy decrees fulfill'd have made thee known: A G d of boundless leve, a God of truth, From henceforth thou shalt be by all ador'd; And henceforth no rebellion shall appear 741 In thy dominion to eternity.

Thus spake the Son, while all the saints rejoic'd And all the ransom'd throng their anthems sung.

Loud hallelujahs through the city rose

To God Jehovah and the holy Lamb,

Who by his blood redeem'd their souls from death.

And laid the basis of a gen'ral peace,



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Throughout the boundless empire of the Lord, A peace which never shall be broken more.

Meantime poor Lucifer remained fad, 750
Far in the diftant regions of the north,
Where he deploring lay, for none as yet
Had been diffratch'd to him with news of peace;
But Jefu's pow'r and grace had reach'd his heart,
And like a fov'reign fusion made it melt, 755
And in proportion as it had been hard
This foften'd now and doth like water flow.
He from the lake of fire had been release'd.

He from the lake of fire had been releas'd, Which now was quite diminish'd to a pool, And soon shall be destroy'd, and wholly cease, 760 As being henceforth of no farther use.

But now commission'd from the facred throne,
Gabriel surrounded with a chosen band,
Compos'd of holy angels, and of faints,
Went to convey to Lucifer the news,
That he was now permitted to approach
The City gates, and there submission make,
And homage pay at the Redeemer's feet.

Angels were ev'n astonished to find
The furious lion chang'd, now like a lamb
Sitting in meckness, and lamenting fore,
With deep contrition, all his horrid crimes
Against his Maker, and his creatures done.
This change effected by the pow'r of Christ,
Proves him the great Restorer of the lost.
The deeper one is sunk in depths of sin,
The greater is the pow'r that must restore.
The more forlorn and hopeless is the case.

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The more the pow'r of Jesus is display'd In the recovery of fuch from death. 78 Why then, fince Satan always was allow'd To be the greatest sinner, and the most Degenerate and harden'd rebel known, Why was it thought that Christ must be deprived Of fush an opportunity to shew his pow'r, And all his highest charms of love display? When our Redeemer first came down to earth, During his refidence with finful worms, He made his grace, his pow'r, and mercy known, In many bright and glorious instances. 79 But one above the rest, a striking proof That Jesus could redeem and save the lost. And that no miracle could be too hard. For the display of his almighty pow'r; Was his deliv'rance of the man posses'd And this may be consider'd as at pe Of what the heav'uly hofts this day beheld, The change apparent in proud Lucifer. This poor and miserable man, possis'd

This poor and miserable man, pess side.

Of many devils, dwelt among the tembs;

No man could bind him with the strongest chains.

With chains and setters he had often been bound.

The chains he piuck'd asunder, setters broke;

No man could tame him, nor could safely pass.

Near the doleful place of his abode.

And always night and day he siercely rov'd.

Among the mountains, and the doleful tombs,

Crying and mad, cutting himself with stones.

But Jesus took a voyage to save his soul,



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on he drave the evil spirits out, 810 Im'd this mad demoniac with his words; him, and gave him reason, fill'd his mind ue religion, love, joy, peace, truth, grace. rillingly he fat at the dear feet who had redeem'd him from such woe, 815 implicated woe, and made him bleft. im with happiness and peace of mind. ucifer was by the angels found, from what he was, as heav'n from earth. ey address'd him in such words as these. 820 scifer, thou once a fon of light, m that bleft eftate, and long didft war, the rightful Sov'reign, and didit dare e the great Omnipotent to arms. 824 pow'rful hand hath now thy pride fubdu'd, ought thee to acknowledge him thy Lord. attended to thy plaintive cry, w by us doth his permission send, ou may'st to the city gates repair, ke thy full submission to his face. 830 stage we deliver with such joy ave never known dor felt before. refore, follow us, we lead the way: abt his mercy, which is infinite. th the humbled tyrant thus reply'd : 835 me to the feet of Christ the Lord, may humbly first his pardon ask, the dast his worthy name adore: ill I make confession of my faults, he num'rous hofts of heav'n and earth, 840

And ask forgiveness of the universe,
Of God, of angels, and of all mankind,
For such another rebel never liv'd,
Such a blasphemer, haughty, cruel, proud!
And therefore such a penitent 1'll be,
As never se l'at Jesu's seet before.
For if his grace to me extends itself,
Twill be the greatest instance ever known.
And more his pow'r and glory will display
Than any other instance ever did.

Now had the guards their willing pris'ner brought Unto the city gate, where fat the Lord Upon a glorious throne, in all his robes, More splendid than the radiant source of day. Ten hundred thousand million saw this scene; 855 The grandest far that ever was beheld. For universal notice had been giv'n To all intelligences, that this day Should be the most triumphant ever known. No wonder then that all should wish to see South the striumphant of their Lord and King samplest.

The triumph of their Lord and King compleat.

Behold the Monarchs met in fuch a fort.

As once could not have been at all believ'd Had it been told us; but we fee with joy The full and free fubitiffion of the Prince, Once call'd fair Lucifer, the fon of light, Then Satan, prince of darkness, see to man; But now subdu'd and humbled, see him fall

Before the feet of Jesus, and confess Him to be I ord of all, as 'twas foretold, By blest Isaiah, and beloved Paul.



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Hear his unfeign'd confession. Thus he spoke: Infinite is thy goodness, mighty Lord, Or thou would'it never fuffer me to speak Before thy presence, after what I've done 875 Against thy glorious crown and dignity; And all the num'rous mischiess I have wrought Against my fellow creatures, whom thou hast Deliver'd long ago from all the fnares Wherein I drew them; but my crime's no less 880 For the abundance of thy faving grace, Which hath fo triumph'd over my defigns. This day I fall, with deepest shame and grief, Before thy face, and own that thou art just In all thy righteous dealings towards me. 885 I now refign myfelf into thine hands, To do as thou shalt please; vile as I am, I was at first the handy work of God, And in his glorious image brightly shone. But foon I fell through vanity and pride, 890 And all my legions by deceit feduc'd. Mankind I ruin'd, and thy works destroy'd. Yea, fought against thee with my greatest pow'r. But now I yield to thee, the palm is thine. Humbly I lie in dust before thy feet, 895 And if thou flayest me, I'll thee adore. I have deserv'd whatever I've receiv'd: And if thou canst receive me as thy slave, I'll think myself most happy, for I wish To be the lowest, humblest, least of all. My pride is cur'd, nor would my heart aspire

To be again in dignity and pow'r. O let me be a footstool unto thee. I have by far the greatest finner been, And fain would be the greatest penitont. 905 And if thou canft forgive my num'rous crimes. I'm fure I never can forgive myfelf. It shall be my employment still to weep; And humb'v ask forgiveness of my God. Of thee, my Lord, of all the heav'nly hofts, 914 Of all that I feduc'd, and led aftray, And of the human race whom I deceiv'd. And can all these forgive me? Can they look With eyes of love, or piecy upon me? Can they forget my vile and barb'rous deeds? The foul diforders which I introduc'd Into the universe, though now remov'd. Yet can they ever be forgotten quite? Can men forgive me? Can the angels join In fuch an act of kindness towards me? 920 But O, shove them all can't thou forgive? O can'it the u own me for a jubjuct true, Who have fo vile and fo rebellious been ! And can thy Father ever me balloid With looks of piety and berevolence ! 935 But as I am I now myfile refign, To thee I bow that knee io flu born once, Thee now I own my Conquer's and my Lord. Then was the gotden feeptre reached forth, And Lucifer, just rifing from the dest 930 Drew near with thame and blothing, bath'd in tears, And meekly touch'd the fame, and then obtain'd



Book XI.] THE NEW CREATION. 339 Permission to receive the sacred oath Of fealty eternal, which he swore To God and to his Christ allegiance, due 935 From ev'ry creature through the universe. His taking of the same hath put an end To all rebellion, fin and mifery. No fooner this was done, but boundless joy Burst forth from all the num'rous hosts of faints; Angels and men all join'd to hail that day, 94 \$ And gave fuch glory to the facred Lamb As cannot be express'd and shouted praise, In fuch a joyful manner as before Was never known, nor ever could have place 943 While yet one rebel foe was unfubdu'd. Now was the period come for which they look'd,

The Savior's triumph was at last compleat. And thus his holy name did they adore: Thou, Lord, hast gain'd the day, the vid'ry's thine, Thy hand and holy arm have wonders wrought, 95 t I hy foes have all submitted at thy feet, Thy glorious purposes are now fulfill'd; The work which thou didit undertake to do Thou haft perform'd, and that without a fault; 955 In nothing halt thou fail'd through want of pow'r, Or want of wildom, or of boundless love. All is compleat, all things are now brought back That ever went astray, all reconcil'd To God the Father, and to thee, O Lord, 960 and to each other; wrath is now no more No more fin, forrow, pain or death are found, Grace hath abounded far above the fall,

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The ruin'd are restor'd; the lost are found; The wander'd are reclaim'd; the scatter'd parts of; All are reheaded under thee again. The whole creation is deliver'd now From all corruption's bondage, fin and death; And now enjoys the glorious liberty Which was the portion af the fons of God. 970 No more shall evil any more be known, 'Tis now for ever cur'd, and done away. The glory is to thee for ever due, And to the Father who appointed thee To this important work, long deem'd by men 975 Impossible to be performed thus. But now 'tis done, behold 'tis finish'd! Darkness is past, the day for ever shines. Glory and honor, bleffing, praise, and pow'r, Might, majesty and strength to thee are due; Which with the highest joy we give our Lord, Behold we cast our crowns before thy feet, And hail thee universal Lord of all.

Such was the triumph of that wond'rous day!

Such the important scene that I've describ'd, 985

The grandest far that angels ever saw,

That ever eyes beheld, or thought conceiv'd,

Or tongues or pens attempted to reveal.

But here my soul o'erslows, my heart is full,

Then let expressive silence muse a while.

END OF THE ELEVENTH BOOK.



Book XII.

THE CONCLUSION.

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BOOK XII.

THE CONCLUSION OF THE MEDIATORI-AL-KINGDOM.

NOW is the glorious period come at last,
When all things are suddu'd, redeem'd, restor'd,
And sin and forrow, pain and death no more.
Hold their abhor'd dominion over men.
The second death is totally destray'd.
The lake of fire has ceas'd no more shall burn;
The whole creation is completely free.
From all corruption's bondage, sin, and death;
And in the freedom of the sons of God
Forevermore shall stand in glory bright.

One grand important act doth still remain To be describ'd before I close the scene, The brightest far that ever grac'd the page. Of sacred history, or prophecy.

What tongue can speak, or mortal pen can paint. Th' amazing splendor of this glorious day, 16
When nature, all renew d, in glory shines, Presenting a fair picture to the view.
Of God Almighty, pleased to behold. The new creation sinish'd and compleat?
All things without exception are subdu'd?
And willingly are subject to the Son;
Rebellion he completely hath destroy d,
And brought again to God whate'er was lost;
And fully hath perform'd the sacred will.

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Of his almighty Father, infinite. For such his pleasure was, that what he gave To his dear Son, should so presented be Before his face, that nothing should be lost. This Jesus undertook, and hath fulfill d: 30 And now is ready to present himself To his great Father, and with joy refign The kingdom to his hands who gave him pow'r Over the whole creation, put all things Beneath his feet, and made him head o'er all. Hark! hear the trumpet found! all heav'n attends. To fee the mediator now refign That kingdom up, which he hath rul'd fo long. Wherein he hath fuch mighty wonders wrought. But now no more is needed, all agree To render praise and homage to their God. And never more shall in rebellion rife Against his just and righteous government. () with what grandeur, glory, majefty,

O with what grandeur, glory, majesty,
Doth Christ the Lord approach the Father's throng,
And lay the royal sceptre at his seet,
And yield the peaceable dominion up,
With highest honor to the Father's hands!
First, he presents his selections Church, his baids

First, he presents his glorious Church, his bride, Redeem'd from every nation, kindred, tongue; 50. His called, ehosen, faithful, ransom'd flock? The first fruits unto God and to himself: Who reign'd with him as chosen priests and kinge. And sang a song that no one else could learn. These are his joy, his glory, and his crown,



Book XII.]

THE CONCLUSION.

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These honour'd him in life, his word obey'd,
And patiently unto the end endur'd;
And were conform'd unto their living head;
And to the greatest height of virtue rose.
And did the highest dignities obtain.

These were not of their glorious Lord asham'd,
But own'd his name and words before mankind;
And he has never been asham'd of them:
But gave them sceptres, crowns, a kingdom, thrones.
These are the scaled and peculiar race,

Who like the sun shall in God's kingdom shine.

Next follow'd the amazing multitude,
Compos'd of all the nations of the earth,
And all that ever were of women born,
Now fav'd from all their fins and miferies,
Submiffive they approach, and lowly bow
Before the throne of God, with humble kness.
Behind them thrones and principalities,
And all that once rebellious spirits were,
But now subdu'd fall prostrate to the ground.
In token of unseign'd humility.

Now the eternal Father cast a look.

Of highest love on his beloved Son,

And on his num'rous subjects, all redeem'd.

From sin, rebellion, guilt, despair, and death,

While Christ the Son his Father thus address'd:

My Father and my God, behold thy Son, And all the num'rous throng by him redeem'd ! I have at length all enemies fubdu'd, And brought each rebel willingly to bow,

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And henceforth never more shall go astray
Sin, forrow, crying, misery, and death,
Shall in thine empire never more be known.
That kingdom's thine, and thou art all in all.
No lo: ger do thy happy subjects need
A Mediator, all are reconci'd
Wrath is no more, and there is no more curse
Thy creatures all are wholly freed from sin,
And able now to see thy face with joy.
I have beheld the travail of my soul
With highest joy, and now am fatisfy'd.
Thy promises to me thou hast suell perform'd.
Thou who dost promise hast as well perform'd.

I have fulfill'd the covenant with Thee, All my words of grace which I declar'd 160 To all my fervants, who in me did trust. Mankind without exception, I've redeem'd. All rebels I've conquer'd, and reftor'd. And all thy works shall praise Thee evermore. Thy glory endless ages shall remain 16ç Thou shalt rejoice in all thy handy works? This is the scene which makes my joy compleat, For which the painful cross I did endure. To this most bright, this grand triumphant day, My views were all directed through the scene. All things I faw fubdu'd beneath my feet. The darkness and obscurity of sin, I faw should be succeeded by a day, That should arise upon the universe, And never close, but ever brighter grow. 375 1

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To thee, who didst deliver ev'ry thing Without exception, to my hands and pow'r, And made me head and ruler over all, That I might all subdue, redeem, restore.

This I have done, and now retign to Thee The num'rous hosts that bow at my command. I and my subjects bow before thy throne. The great important work is finish'd row. Which from ancient days Thou didft defign. And which I undertook to do, behold, 'Tis done, all, all, is finish'd and compleat: With me behold thy willing fubjects bow, And own ourselves obedient to thy sway. No more rebellion ever shall exist Throughout thy wide domain, nor evil more. But boundless love, and everlasting joy. Praise to thy name, obedience to thy laws, Shall constitute the happiness of all. The kingdom of eternal love is come. Pure, universal love on all o'erflows. 225 God, who is love, is henceforth ALL IN ALL; The life of all, their endless happiness: Their portion and their fure inheritance. Thus ends at last my mediatorial reign. Father, the kingdom, pow'r, and glory's thine, From this time henceforth, evermore, Amen.

The father heard, and answer'd, Worthy Son,
Thou bright and glorious image of nyself,
Well hast thou all the mighty work perform'd,
Which I committed to thy faithful hands.
25



thek XIL) - the concrusion

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Chou fully halt my approbation gain'd. Thou hast subdu'd thy foce, and reconcil'd It things to me, whether in earth or heav'n; With highest pleasure I behold my works Redeem'd from fin, and mifery, and death. For ever from corruption's bondage freed: Now all the morning stars together fing, And all the fons of God do shout for joy. My works all praise me, evry thing that breathes Sounds and resounds the glories of my name. There's no discordant note, nor jarring string, Sounds in my ears throughout the universe; All is the voice of fostest harmony, Buch music as delights the heart of God: This order thou hast from confusion brought, 250, By fuch a scene of suff'rings, pain, and death, And fuch a process, and fuch labours too, as have to angels been aftonishing. The wonders which thy mighty arm atchiev'd Have made thy name through all creation known, ind ev'ry rank of beings pay to Thee -256, Tomage and adoration, and thy name in the highest estimation ev'ry where. This I did promise thee as thy reward, and this by ev'ry creature has been giv'n. Il have thy name ader'd, and bow'd the knee, and own'd Thee Lord, to my eternal praise. and now Thou dost the pow'r and kingdom give p to my hands; behold, I give command. all my fubjects, still to honor Theo, 265 bet as the Mediator, but my Son.

Son thou watt in whom I did rejoice

Long ere thou Mediator didst become;
And though no more thou Mediator art,
Yet Thou shalt still remain my darling Son,
The partner of my throne, my soul's delight

Let heav'n and earth, let men and angels know That whoso loves and honors thee, my Son, Loves and regards Me, and doth please Me well. And fince rebellion is for ever flain, Throughout our empire, and shall rise no more, But peace, and love, and joy, shall always last, And glory shall to God be ever giv'n By ev'ry tongue, and harmony prevail Among all ranks of creatures, happiness Shall be their portion, never more to end, While God and his own glory shall endure, Now will I bless the labors of my hands, And once for all pronounce my creatures good. I fee my num'rous works that stood, confirm'd al In their own native innocence; and those Who though they fell, foon by repentance gain'd The pardon of their God, who promis'd them Remission of their crimes, who did repent; Behold the stubbornest have been subdu'd, And now are all restor'd; I bless them all; O'er all my vast creation I rejoice. My works are perfect now, and very good, And shall continue to while I exist. A bleffing to themselves, a joy to Mu.

Thus spake the Great Creator, and his voice, More sweet than all the music of the heaving. Was heard with rapture through the num rouse. Of men and angels, who the scene beheld.



ook XII.]

THE CONCLUSION.

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his scene the most important, glorious, grand ! 300 ch as before had never taken place, or ought that could therewith compared be. ow all intelligences join'd at once. fuch a chorus, fuch a fong of praife, s never had been heard in heav'n before : or fuch occasion never had been giv'n, had all creatures ever been prepar'd. fuch united harmony to fing. r evil was no more, nor pain remain'd, or was there miffing from the happy crowd, 310 ie fingle foul that ever God had made; mi ev'ry voice was tun'd to harmony ! ad thus express'd their joy, and highest praise: Glory and honour, praise, might, majesty, giv'n to God, and to the worthy Lamb! 315 is the glorious confummation come, e full completion of the prophecies, facred promifes of grace and truth. er shall any falling off be known; creatures henceforth to their God shall cleave. Buft of fleel adheres to adamant. 321: byah thou shalt rule forevermore, in thy government we will rejoice: ioy is now unbounded, and our praise ever flow in most delightful strains. 325: much our happiness increases now, makes our pleasures unto us appear fonly just beginning to begin. wills are fubdu'd to that one will FOOD TO ALL; and never can we know 3.39 ion, enay, pride, felf-will, or wrath.

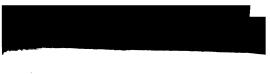
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All evil is forever blotted out Of thy fair book, the glorious universe; And fin and death no longer have a name Among the creatures of thy pow'r; but life, And purest love, and peace and joy shall reign Through all thy works to all eternity. The wildom, might, and goodness of our God. Are now become the fource of happiness In all thy creatures; and we all o'erflow 34 In boundless love and kindness towards all. Each feels the happiness of ev'ry one, And each communicates to each his own. The universe begins to found aloud, Mutual congratulation's heav'uly fong. 34 All voices now break forth in lofty praise! Eternal fongs of praise to thee are due; Glory transcending glory to thy name! Loud halleluiths to the Lord our God. And to the Lamb, thy Son, with Thee enthron'd, In glory and in highest dignity. 35 Jehovah, thou art worthy to receive Giory and honor, pow'r, and endless praise; For thou created all things, and they were For thine own picasure made, and form'd by Th To glorify thy name, and thee enjoy.

Bleffing and honor, glory, pow'r to him That fitteth on the throne, our Sov'reign King, And to the Lamb, forevermore, Amen.

Thus here I close the scene, and put an end I o this my labour, which, with humble thanks, To Jesus Christ, my Lord, I dedicate. And praise his name, who hath enabled me To finish this, so long ago begun. Which shall remain, I crust, till he appears, As a memorial of my love to him. And of the glorious things which he reveal de To me, a feeble, weak, and helpless worm.

EINIS. YEA



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